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JACKSON—In sad and ever-loving memory of Lieutenant S. H. Jackson, Royal Irish Regiment, who was killed in action March 20, 1918.

BIRTHS.

DROUGHT—March 18, 1924, at Whigsborough, Ire., the wife of Alexander C. Drought, of a daughter.

FINLAY—March 11, 1924, at Denmark House, 57 Lower Leeson st., to Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Finlay, Senior Inspr., Clonfart, a daughter.

LINDSAY—March 11, 1924, at Miss Webb's Nursing Home, Claremont st., Belfast, to Mr. and Mrs. B. Lindsay, Coleraine, a son.

LUDGATE—March 15, 1924, at 218 Kirklea st., Welling, Kent, to Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Ludgate, a daughter.

McDERMOTT—March 2, 1924, at Castle Hill, Enniscorthy, to Mr. and Mrs. Albert McDermott, twins (son and daughter).

PRICE—March 18, 1924, at Nicosia, Cyprus, the wife of H. R. Price, P.W.D., of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

HILL and GILCHRIST—March 11, 1924, at the residence of the bride's parents, by special licence, by the Rev. R. H. Gallagher, B.A., Bernard Beaumont Hill, Indian Army (retired), to Valeria Agnes, youngest daughter of Thomas J. and Mrs. Gilchrist, Woodleigh ter., Londonderry.

IRVINE and MacCORMACK—March 10, 1924, at St. Andrew's Methodist Church, Rialto, by the Rev. B. Brooke Morton; C.F., James, youngest son of the late Hill Irvine and Mrs. Irvine, Valentia House, Rialto, to Catherine, daughter of C. T. MacCormack and the late Mrs. MacCormack, 33 Reuben av., Rialto. Australian papers please copy.

O'BYRNE and McGUIRE—March 19, 1924, at St. Mary's Parish Church, Rathmines, with Nuptial Mass, by Rev. Father Joseph O'Byrne, Rector of Selerder Abbey, Cornwall, John O'Byrne, M.A., Barrister-at-Law, son of the late Patrick O'Byrne of Killabeg, Co. Wicklow, to Marjorie, elder daughter of John F. and Mrs. McGuire, Cambridge House, Rathmines.

DEATHS.

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for insertion in this column will be found on Page 6.

ANDERSON—March 19, 1924, at her residence, Celia House Sligo, Margaret Elizabeth, widow of the late Robert Anderson. Funeral private.

AUSTIN—March 19, 1924, suddenly, at his father's residence, Johnstown, Slanecrow, James Francis, eldest son of Samuel and Elizabeth J. Austin, aged 25 years. Funeral will take place to Leney to-morrow (Friday) at 12 o'clock noon.

BAGOT—March 17, 1924, at Strandtown, East Grinstead, Alice, widow of the late Colonel Hervey Bagot, C.B., R.E.

BALL GREENE—March 18, 1924, at Cornella, Greystones, Co. Wicklow, Charlotte Mary Ball Greene, widow of the late Sir John Ball Greene, C.B., and daughter of the late Edward Henry Courtenay of Newry, Co. Down. Service at Greystones Church to-morrow (Friday), 21st, at 10.30 a.m. No flowers.

BOWAN—March 19, 1924 (Feast of St. Joseph), at her parents' residence, St. Margaret's, Co. Dublin, Mrs. Mary Boylan, late of Coolatrath, The Weir, dearly-beloved daughter of Matthew McDonnell, St. Margaret's. Sacred Heart of Jesus, have mercy on her. R.I.P. Funeral, after 10 o'clock Mass, to-day (Thursday), for Glasnevin.

BUTSON—St. Patrick's Day, 1924, at Sycamore Hill, Ballinasloe, result of hunting accident, Sinclair Gould Butson, youngest son of late Major and Mrs. Butson, of St. Brendan's, Eyrecourt. Funeral from Sycamore Hill to-day (Thursday), 20th inst., at 1 o'clock.

CLIFTON—March 18, 1924, at Bandon, Nancy H. Clifton, dearly-beloved wife of James J. Clifton, Munster and Leinster Bank. Funeral this day 9 a.m. Bandon to New Ross, arriving 4 p.m.

CRAWFORD—March 19, 1924, at Clonmoylan Abbey, Portumna, Mary Smith, wife of the Very Rev. Provost Crawford. Funeral to-morrow (Friday), reaching Portumna 4 o'clock.

D'ALTON—February 27, 1924, at Toronto General Hospital, Canada, William "Bill" D'Alton, youngest dearly-loved son of the late William and Annie D'Alton, late of Beechwood av., Ranelagh, Dublin, in his 22nd year. Sadly missed by his brother, uncles and aunts, and large circle of friends. "O teach us from our hearts to say: 'Thy will be done.'"

DONAN—March 12, 1924, at 139 Dunmore rd., Glasgow, Susan, widow of the late C. H. Donan, of Kinsale, Co. Cork. "Even in death they were not divided."

DUNNE—March 19, 1924, at a Private Nursing Home, Mathew Dunne, 142 Townsend st. Deeply mourned. R.I.P. Funeral (private) to Glasnevin from St. Andrew's, Westland Row, after 9 o'clock Mass, to-morrow (Friday) morning. No flowers, by special request.

FALLON—March 18, 1924, at Loughrea, Mrs. Fallon, mother of Very Rev. Fr. Fallon, P.P., Cloutuskert. High Mass to-morrow (Friday) 11 o'clock. Interment at Athenry after.

FitzGERALD—February 26, 1924, at Johore, Malay States, Winifrid, beloved wife of Richard Desmond FitzGerald, Principal Medical Officer, and eldest daughter of Robert J. Hanlon, M.I.C.E., Knightsbridge, London.

FITZROY—March 18, 1924, at his residence, 6 Montgomery st., Carlow, Henry Fitzroy, aged 56. "Peace, perfect peace." Funeral this day (Thursday) to Kellcishen Cemetery at 2 o'clock.

FLEMING—March 19, 1924, at her residence, 11 Midside rd., Dublin, the darling wife of Walter Lewis Fleming (for many years Mademoiselle Rosette, of Switzer's).

GRANTHAM—March 17, 1924, at 28 Royal tce., West, Kingstown, Annie, widow of Captain Valentine Mason Grantham, Suffolk Regiment. Funeral private.

McASEY—March 19, 1924, at her mother's residence, 9 Longford tce., Monkstown, Mary, dearly-loved eldest daughter of the late John McAsey, R.I.P. Funeral private.

MEREDITH—March 19, 1924, at his residence, Lordello, Shankill, Frederick Walsingham Meredith, Solicitor. Funeral private.

NANGLE—March 18, 1924, at his residence, Agher, Enfield, Co. Meath, James Nangle, aged 79 years. Deeply regretted by his sorrowing wife and family. R.I.P. Solemn Office and Requiem Mass to-day (Thursday), 11 o'clock, at the Church of Our Lady of Lourdes, Knockharrib, Co. Meath. Funeral same day from 2/3rd on a 2 o'clock for Kill Cemetery.

O'NEILL—March 18, 1924, at Summerstown, Collinstown, result of hunting accident, Sanford O'Neill, Funeral leaves for Loughcrew to-day (Thursday), 20th inst., at 2 o'clock.

O'TOOLE—March 19, 1924, at his residence, Mountrath, John O'Toole. R.I.P. Funeral from St. Finian's Church, Mountrath, to Coolfancy, Co. Wexford, to-morrow (Friday), 21st (by motor), at 9 o'clock sharp.

PATTERSON—March 18th, 1924, at a Nursing Home, Samuel Patterson, 17 Ratisbonn rd. and 9 George's quay. "Redeemed with the precious blood of Christ." Funeral this day (Thursday), arriving Mount Jerome 9.45.

SPARKS—March 18, 1924, at St. Vincent's Hospital, Lennox Sparks, senior, D.T.P.S., and for many years a member of the Composing Staff of the *Irish Times*, late of 42 Heytesbury st., Dublin, to the inexpressible grief of his wife, brother, sons, daughters, and grandchildren. May he rest in peace. Funeral to-day (Thursday) to Dean's Grange from St. Kevin's R.C. Church, Harrington st., at 1 o'clock. No flowers; prayers.

THOMPSON—March 16, 1924, Robert Mayne Thompson, Captain and Adjutant, 3rd Battalion 5th Lst Regiment, Indian Army, aged 37 years, killed in action on the frontier, elder and dearly-loved son of Mrs Thompson and the late Archibald Thompson, 34 Oaklands Park, Ballsbridge.

IN MEMORIAM.

COOKE—In affectionate remembrance of my dear mother and father, Fidelia Barbara and William Francis Cooke, of Glencourt, Bray, who entered into rest 9th February, 20th March, 1921.

EAVES—Fourth Anniversary—In loving remembrance of our darling Monica (Mona), died 20th March, 1920, aged 2 years 10 months.
We did not see her suffer,
We never thought she'd die,
An angel came and took her,
We did not say good-bye.
So the only comfort left us
Is your photo on the wall.
Inserted by her loving mother and grandmother.

NEELY—In loving memory of W. V. Neely, who passed away at his residence, Monasterevan, March 20, 1919. Deeply mourned by his sorrowing wife and family.

SMITH—In ever-loving memory of James Bramwell Smith, 93 Cloniffe rd., who entered into rest March 20th, 1919. "With Christ, which is far better." Inserted by his loving wife and children.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

RI PATRICK ARTHUR HAMILTON REID, late of Holmston, Glenageary, Co. Dublin. Deceased.
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FOUND, Black and Tan Dog; if unclaimed in three days will be disposed of.—59 Waterloo road.

LOST, 19th inst., between Home Farm road and Belvedere road, Gent's Brown Pigskin Pen and Silver Pencil. Reward 59 Home Farm road, Drumcondra.

LOST, Gold Watch Cobentown races, March 14th.—J. Gatlands, Wicklow.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

AUDIT CLERK.
SENIOR AUDIT CLERK required at once; good opening for suitable man.
Apply, stating age, experience, salary, etc., and enclosing copies of references, to
W. A. DERVY,
Incorporated Accountant,
GLADSTONE STREET, WATERFORD.

AGENCIES AND SITUATIONS WANTED.

CLERK (50) desires change, Traveller or any Position of Trust; considerable experience of accounts, figures, etc.; good recommendation.—K 1145, this office. 19 E

RESIDENT Traveller, West of Ireland, desires addition of one first class Side Line; highest references; Counties Mayo, Galway, Clare; terms.—Address "Z 1200, Traveller," this office. 19 A

BUSINESS CHANCES.

A DOMESTICATED young Gentlewoman Wanted as Working Housekeeper; comfortable home.—Mrs. Tim-s Bracken, Offaly, Baggot street Bridge. 19 D

ASSISTANT Required for Cutlery, retail city trade; state age, salary, and particulars of testimonials, and salary expected.—K 1204, this office.

BOOT Trade—Smart, experienced young Lady required for Sales; also Junior Lady or Improver (outdoor); personal application.—Breen and Co., 41 Lr. Camden street, Dublin.

COMMERCIAL Motors Help Wanted, April; Protestant; state salary and references. Address "Z 1167, Help," this office.

DESIRABLE Soldiers and Beginners—Your living guaranteed. Start on our own Drapery Business; little capital required. Write Hughes and Gleeson, 11 Capel st., Dublin, C, 143 Houndsditch, London, E.C. 3. T

EXPERIENCED Protestant Mother's Help required, about 20 to 25, for two children; Protestant; state salary. Address "Z 1171, this office. 19 A

EXPERIENCED Dressmaker Required, daily; hours 9 to 6; Saturday, 9 to 1; state salary and references.—164, Irish Times Branch Office, Baggot street Bridge.

GENUINE Income Employment. Everything supplied. Enclose envelope.—Dept. (A), Peerless Co., 155 Fleetwood road, S.E. 18.

GIRL Wanted with knowledge of office work. Apply on Friday, between 10 and 12, Singer, 21 Wexford street, Dublin.

HARDWARE—Wanted, a capable Assistant for Warehouse room; must be a good stockkeeper and salesman.—W. J. Greenwood, Ltd., Limerick.

INCREASE your Income by Buying one of our Automatic Sock and Stocking Knitters. Price List from Automatic Knitting Company, 5 South King street, Dublin. 19 E

IMPROVER Wanted to Dressmaking (Handcraft); state salary required.—K 1135, this office.

LADIES' Hosiery and Glove-Smart Saleswoman required; Protestant; copies references and salary (indoor).—Address "Z 1125, Saleswoman," this office. 19 E

MEN Wanted for Ontario, Canada—Yearly work for suited men; steady employment; Saw Mill in Summer, Bush work in Winter. Party must sail from Liverpool, April 5th. Apply at once to Thomas Jardine, Belfast. Applicants can be interviewed by Representative of Firm on March 20th and 22nd. Apply A. W. Hewett, Fox Hewett's Agency Office, D'Olier st., Dublin.

NEWCASTLE Sanatorium, Co. Wicklow—Strong, active Lady Probationer Wanted at once. Apply Lady Superintendent.

PHOTOGRAPHY—Wanted, a capable Woman, to take charge of Developing and Printing Dept.; experience in developing, printing, and enlarging necessary; good salary and commission to right person. Apply J. Linzee, 8 Wellington place, Belfast.

POST Office—Lady Assistant Protestant) Wanted immediately for Sub Office, Money Orders, Savings Bank, etc.; send copies references; state salary and experience.—Address "Z 1177, Assistant," this office.

RELIABLE Protestant Mother's Help Wanted, Co. Kildare, small family; maid kept. Address "Z 1204, this office.

WANTED, a suitable Person to act as Professional and Groom-keeper to the Waterford Golf Club; the person appointed must produce evidence of his ability as a coach and as groom-keeper. For particulars apply to the Hon. Sec., Mr. J. S. Thompson, 69 Lower Newtown, Waterford. 13 D

WANTED immediately, a Junior Salesman for Drapery, Outfitting and Boots, for a Midland town; Protestant. Apply, with full particulars, to "Z 1127, Salesman," this office. 19 E

WANTED, respectable and well educated Girl, about 16, as Junior in a Commercial Office. Reply, with full particulars of age, education, and references, to K 1207, this office. 19 A

WANTED, young Lady Help, Protestant, Refugee, small family; plain cooking, all duties; good references; state salary.—R 0 121, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines.

WANTED, for city office, Lady Clerk; some experience; Protestant; salary 18/-.—K 1206, this office.

WANTED, young Man as Auctioneer Salesman; one accustomed to sales an advantage; must be able to canvass; a good address and genial manner; small cash security required. References, particulars to Imperial Agency, 75 Ann street, Belfast.

WANTED immediately, Lady Assistant, Post Office; to take charge; town; R.C. Address "Z 1197, Assistant," this office. 19 E

YOUNG Gentleman, with £125 to invest, required a city office; commencing salary, £3 weekly.—K 1185, this office.

MONEY, PARTNERSHIPS, ETC.

ADVANCES on Endowment Policies, ex-R.I.C. Vouchers, and Householders only—All applications will be dealt with privately.—K 124, this office. 24 14

EX-ARMY Officers and E.I.C. granted Loans upon security of their pension vouchers.—Northern Counties Trust and Discount Co. Ltd., Cathedral Buildings, Donegall street, Belfast. T

LOANS—The Commercial Union Loan and Discount Co. Ltd., 57 Middle Abbey street, Dublin, grant Loans. Apply to Manager. 20 4

MORTGAGES promptly arranged; reasonable interest. Irish Mortgage Company, 31 Lower Ormond quay. X

PARTNERSHIP offered in Private Company, Import, Export Agents, etc. Wholesale Hardware; capital required for development.—Box 1290, Eason's Advertising Service, Dublin.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS, OFFICIALS, SERVANTS, ETC.

POSITIONS VACANT.

A FEW thoroughly experienced and reliable House-maids required immediately for first class Hotel. Reply, giving full particulars, D 76, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown. 19 E

COOK General Wanted for country hotel, South Tipperary. Address, stating salary required, and enclosing copies of references, "Z 1129, Cook General," this office. 18 F

HOUSE Parlourmaid required as Waitress for county Dublin club; wages £46 10/-. Send full particulars, stating age, K 987, this office. 19 D

HOUSEMAID Waitress Wanted.—Hotel Allen, 24 Herbert street.

REQUIRED an experienced Waitress for first class Seaside Hotel. Address, stating age; copies of references, and salary, "Z 1179, Waitress," this office. 19 E

MAID, capable Working Manageress Wanted for Season Hotel, opening for Easter.—K 1166, this office.

WAITRESS Wanted for first class hotel, South Tipperary. Address, stating salary required, and enclosing copies references, "Z 1130, Waitress," this office. 18 F

WANTED for Easter Holidays, first class Chief Kitchenmaid, Head and Under Waiters, House Chambermaids, Pantoress, Housekeeper. Apply Causeway Hotel Guests' Causeway, Bushmills, Co. Antrim. 18 E

WANTED, smart

Motor Matters, Bicycles &c.

MOTOR CARS.

A RIEL Nine Whitewheeled 4 Seater, tax £7, price £200, free in Dublin.—Waller, Trinity Street Garage.

A.T. Woods', Westland Row.—R.E.A. Cars now being delivered. 6365

A.T. Woods', Westland Row.—R.E.A. Cars now being delivered. 6365

LINCOLN AND BENNETT, LTD., 47 and 48 LR. BAGGOT ST. BUICK ..... CHEVROLET OAKLAND ..... SUNBEAM "Where service and value meet." T

S.E.P. ROVER CARS. REVISED PRICES. 2-SEATER (with roomy Dickey), £196, or 4-SEATER, DELIVERY DUBLIN. Both on Long Wheelbase Chassis. THE ROVER Co. LIMITED, 15 LORD EDWARD STREET, DUBLIN. Y

STONELEIGH 9 h.p. CAR, £260. With Charter. EHINSTER MOTOR WORKS, Pittsgibbon Street, Dublin. 12 X

STUDEBAKER, ROVER, CHEVROLET, BELSIZE, MOTOR CARS. ANY MAKE SUPPLIED OR REPAIRED. Large Stock Spares and Accessories. BURNEY BROS., 67 GREAT BRUNSWICK STREET, DUBLIN.

STUDEBAKER CARS, LIGHT SIX CYLINDER ..... £385. Perfectly balanced engine, very low running costs. 20,000 to 12,000 miles per set of tyres. Get particulars from Agents: BURNEY & BROS., 67 GREAT BRUNSWICK STREET, DUBLIN.

MOTOR CAR INSURANCE. COMPREHENSIVE POLICY, INCLUDING THEFT, Etc. Favourable Terms. Quotations Free. 'Phone 7 RAMSEY & RAMSEY, Ltd., Insurance Brokers, 32 Nassau St., Dublin.

ALLDAYS 10 h.p. 2 Seater, dynamo lighting, £385; Le Zebre 1921, 2 Seater, double dickey, dynamo and starter, £290; Maxwell 1923, 5 Seater, dynamo and starter, £295; Ford Open 2 Seater, 1923, £235; Ford Open 2 Seater, 1921, £245; Humberette Coupe, £225; Ford 5 Seater, 1921, £245; Humberette 2 Seater, 4 cylinder, £225; Chevrolet 5 Seater, dynamo lighting, £135; Swift 5 Seater, this cylinder, £165; Swift 2 Seater, 4 cylinder, £225; Chevrolet 5 Seater, dynamo and starter, £100; G.W.K. 3 Seater, tax £8, £95; Fiat Tourer, £45; Stoneleigh Coupe, £60. 12 X

A NUMBER of Secondhand Cars, in excellent condition, including Stars, Vauxhall, Hudsons, Grahams, and Rileys.—Gowan, Dawson street. Agent for Riley Cars.

CHEVROLET Two Seater for Sale, in perfect running order and condition. Seen at Beach Garage, 26 Francis street. 18 P

CATTERSONS Two Seater, completely overhauled, re-painted, new hood, etc., splendid running condition. Particulars, Telephone 1719. 18 P

DE DION BOUTON Paramount—All makes of Cars supplied on hire purchase terms; immediate delivery; state particulars required.—Nassau Motor Co., 25 Nassau street, Dublin. 12 X

FOR all Motor Body Work and Painting, The City Wheel and Carriage Works, Ltd., Great Brunswick street, Dublin.

FOR Sale, a Saddleby Dearg All Weather Motor Car; like ship; done a few thousand miles; in perfect order; 15 h.p. 6 cyl. engine; tax £210; cheap, Seen at Robinson's, Golding Lane, Dublin. 12 Z

FOR Sale, 1922 Ford Touring Car, fitted with Michelin Tyres; wheels, in perfect order; new tyre time.—O'Neill's Trim, 26 Lower Pembroke street. 18 D

FORD Car for Sale, classy, good running and general order; 1919 make.—Dolphin, Winefield Road. 19 A

FORD Touring Car, in splendid order; exceptionally smart appearance; economical; bargain.—Calvert, Motor Works, Wrenscourt road, Rathmines.

FORD Touring Car for Sale, £45. Apply 7055 Dr. Lucas.

MORRIS-OXFORD Coupe, 11.9 h.p., August, 1923. Lucas dynamo, starter and lighting set. Taxed to February, 1924; car completely overhauled; coach painted, etc., October, 1923; clean and economical to handle; fitted throughout with detachable wheels and Michelin Cabin tyres, two covers unused. Address "Z 2102, Motor," this office. 15 D

O'NEILL'S 10 h.p. 2 Seater, Coupe, Dickey, 1924, 2,300 miles, for Sale, will take light car part exchange. Address "Z 1109, Motor," this office. 17 D

PREWER 1923 Chevrolet Tourer, 5 seater, fitted with nine outer and extended conditions; seen by appointment.—Allen, 32 Grove road, Rathmines.

SALE, at Keelan, 21st inst., 1923 Ford, Rathgar Walk, Lansdowne Car, also Chassis. 15 D

SALE, Alvis Car, £630, Model De Luxe; practically new; remarkable bargain. Z 1113, Motor," this office. 15 D

SUNBEAM 16 h.p. 5 Seater, new hood, enclosed electric screen wheel, lamps; bargain, £1,100.—Thompson, 19 Lower Abbey st., Dublin. 19 P

STANDARD 11 h.p. Two Seater Model, privately to be Sold by owner, who is leaving; latest model, done under 1,000 miles; guaranteed as new; £297; £260.—K 1107, this office.

TRAVELLER'S Own, to Buy or Do For Hire from 25/- per day; exact date; Address K 1074, this office.

WANTED to Purchase, your Car—if you tell me your new Car from us, any make supplied, discloses no object, our Representative will call on you.—Bachelor, Ltd., 3 Lr. Leeson street. Phone 1964. 12 X

WOLSELEY Two Seater Model, in Dale painted, in excellent new, very little used. Apply Grafton Motor Co., Grafton street. 18 P

10 H.P. Bebbis Two Seater, complete, perfect mechanical order; owner going to equipment; trial; genuine bargain.—K 1232, this office.

33 1-3 P.C. Duty saved by buyer a good Second-hand Car; all kinds; all prices; call or write.—Lawlor Bros., 6 Lr. Baggot st. Phone 4360.

1923 5 h.p. Morris Cowley, 2 seater, dickey, electric light, new tyres, new batteries, in perfect condition; seen by appointment.—K 957, this office.

1917 TWO Seater Ford Car, in perfect order; £85; hood, screen, detachable wheels; easy to be seen 12 Orkney Terrace, S.C.R. Arabey and Co., Dr. Steevens' Hospital street. 18 D

1920 RUPMOBILE Touring, maroon, in good condition; £225.—Apply Motor Mart, 25 Nassau street, Dublin. 19 D

1923 RAMS Two Seater, as new, electric starter, spare wheel, hamper, £210.—Cooke, 30 Upper William street, Phone, 4360.

1923 7.16 H.P. Talbot Weller Brothers' 2 seater, weather body, small saloon, mechanically perfect; genuine Kelshaw large Car; paramount particulars.—7 St. Mary's terrace, Galway. 19 X

MOTOR CYCLES.

"A1" 1924 Models. Cheap and one car large stock of maintenance. New Ingersolls, Diamonds, P. and M., Humbers and Rover. Accessories in great variety.—Wayte Bros., Link Rooms, off Grafton street.

A.J.S. 1924 Models, 2 h.p. and 3 h.p. Single Speed Motor Cycle; any trial.—126 Lower George's st., Dun Laoghaire.

HAVE you seen the Hot Brembine Motor Cycle? Its pleasing line appeals to the most motor cyclist. It has some speed, too, for the price it will pass Motor Engineering Works, 47 Pearse street.

JACK, Hoski, Cork, A.J.S. Norton and Velocette Agent. All Models in stock. 24 17

NEW 1924 Sunbeam Sidecar, fully equipped, with spare wheel.—Harold Morris, Molesworth place. 18 P

NEW 2½ Scout Ariel, hooter, today's price £45; £50.—K 983, this office.

NEW 3 h.p. Combination, Sturmey-Archer gear, 4 speed, complete, £110.—McMullan Bros., 25 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin. 14 D

NEW 1924 Model Douglas Cycles; 2½ h.p. Sports, 2 speed, £39 10s.; 3½ h.p. 3 speed and clutch, £49 10s.; 4½ h.p. 3 speed and clutch, £58.—Cycle Co., 2 Dame st.

NEW 3½ h.p. 3 speed and clutch, specially overhauled in perfect working order, £38, or nearest offer.—K 1210, this office.

RUDGE New 1924 Motor Bicycles with four valve engines, four speed chain drive, electric lighting and specialised Multistral tyres; call and see our display.—Osbornes, Ltd., Lr. Mount st., Dublin.

SUNBEAM 4 h.p. Combination; unused; fully screened; reasonable.—K 1060, this office. 18 P

THE O.K. Supreme Accessories in price on the British Motor Cycle market.—Bolton, Ltd., Parnell st., Bridge and Mellows Bros., 194 Great Brunswick street.

ZENITH—32 G.M.T. Call and inspect this Model, £73 10s.—Keogh, Bachelor's Walk. 24 15

31 H.P. 1919 Rover, 3 speed, clutch and kick starter, fully equipped; perfect order; £40.—Rose, 4-9 church, seamless, 16 Aldborough Parade, Rathmines.

4 H.P. Triumph, splendid order, hooter, speedo-meter, petrol tank, spare wheel, tyres, carrier, £14 10s.—Rathmines. 18 P

4 H.P. Premier Combination for Sale, 12 months' use, practically new.—K 1045, this office.

8 H.P. Brasbeam and hooter, perfect running order; £45; seen by appointment.—R 1050, this office.

1922 new, £75.—Kelly, Bachelor's Walk. 18 P

1923 G.M.T. Colleen, in new condition, £85.—Smith, Rathmines Walk.

1923 2½ G.M.T. Colleen, in fine condition, £38.—Smith, Rathmines Walk.

£18—TRIUMPH 3½ h.p. clutch model, K.S. recently overhauled, new tyres, tubes, stock make; with hooter, tool cases, lamps, etc.; seen after 4.30 p.m. Mulrean, 23 Dunsoghly road, Phibsboro.

£30 SACCHES A.J.S. Combinette; set right.—K 1223, this office. 19 P

LORRIES, VANS, MOTOR AND STEAM HAULAGE.

CHARABANC 14 seater, new, on 30 h.p. Chevrolet chassis.—Thompson, 19 Lower Abbey st., Dublin. 19 P

FOR Sale, 1922 Six Wheel Truck, Ford, excellent condition, fitted with square box; what offers?—K 1128, this office.

THORNCROFT 4 Ton Lorry, with new tyres, in good order, covered body; inspection invited; can be tested, requisited as new, £450.—Thompson, 19 Lower Abbey st., Dublin. 19 P

BICYCLES.

"A1"—NEW 1924 Models—Sunbeams from 18 Guineas, Rudges from £37 10s., Triumphs from £39 10s., Swifts from £37 10s., B.S.A. from £39 15s., 2 h.p. 1923 Scout Models reduced; easy payments arranged.—Boyle, 10 Leinster street, off Harcourt street. Waste Brae, Dun Laoghaire.

BICYCLES.—For good Bargains for Sale, cheap; call Dublin made. Apply 4 Lower Pembroke street.

LADY'S, also Gentleman's, Bicycle for Sale, both in perfect order.—Apply 3 Ranelagh road.

MALAHIDE, Hunters, Specific, extraordinary cure for tetanus.—Price Brothers, Chatham street corner, Dublin, and Grafton street.

RUDGE Racer, Model "Ye Lyte" "Ace Sports," and "Standard," from £7 to £14 14s.—Cycle Co., 2 Dame st. Phone, 4360.

WANTED, Lady's Bicycle, requires no objection; state price, etc.—K 1159, this office.

WANTED.

WANTED, Expert Motor Mechanic; no other need apply; splendid opportunity in right man; also Garage Hand and Storekeeper; state age, experience and wages required.—K 686, this office. 17 P

WANTED, Chauffeur for quiet country place; willing to make himself generally useful. Apply, with references and terms, Mrs. Hamilton, Ardeen, Pim's Pier, Kilmacha.

CHAUFFEURS, MECHANICS, &c.

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DISENGAGED.

CHAUFFEUR Mechanic disengaged; 12 years last place; London experience; capable driving; excellent references.—K 951, this office. 19 P

CHAUFFEUR seeks situation, any make of car, all running repairs; mules himself generally useful; T.T.—K 1124, this office. 19 A

CHAUFFEURS CONTINUED.

DISENGAGED.

EX-OFFICER seeks position, Chauffeur or otherwise; age 27; exceptional references; moderate salary; no objection to country.—K 1161, this office.

EXPERIENCED Fitter and Turner seeks position; 5 years' experience petrol engine driving; excellent references.—K 1041, this office.

EXPERIENCED Motor Driver, Mechanic or otherwise, seeks position; disengaged; excellent references.—K 1161, this office.

GARAGE Engineering with 3 speed clutch and kick starter, 340 cc., Belfast Model, Bachelor's Walk. 18 P

FOR Sale, 5-6, Indian Sole, recently overhauled and in perfect condition, £30; no offers.—K 1077, this office.

FOR Sale, 1923 Douglas, 2½ h.p., 2 speed and clutch, Bachelor's Walk. 24 15

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£30 SACCHES A.J.S. Combinette; set right.—K 1223, this office. 19 P

YACHTS, BOATS, ETC.

PLEASURE Boats for Sale—New and Secondhand Boats, suitable for rowing, sailing, fishing; reduced prices.—Frank Browne and Sons, The Strand, Athlone. X

SPECIFIC ARTICLES.

AT KELLY'S 16 PLEET STREET, Engagement Rings—A magnificent selection; secondhand Rings, Diamond Half Hoops, Five Stone Rings, Three Stone Rings, Gipsy Rings, Signet Rings, with Initials, Emeralds, Rubies, Sapphires and Pearls, etc., of the finest quality, brilliancy and colour.

ALL Travelling Goods, Kept Suit Cases, Trunks, Fishing, Golf, Kaye Presits, Croquet, Footballs.—William A. Moore, 7 Aston's quay, Dublin.

BILLIARD Table, 6 ft. 4 in., perfect order, for Sale.—K 797, this office. 15 D

BOOKS—5 Volumes History of European Great War, Nelson edition, £6.—K 1107, this office.

BUGGY, Hood, screens, Hand rail, Shafts, Pole, Lamps, etc., for Sale.—K 1196, this office. 19 A

FOR immediate Sale, shop Fittings, including Counter, Marble Slabs, Cash's Autograph Calculating Machine, Platform, Instrument, etc.—1076, this office. 18 P

FOR Sale, Self Wheeling Invalid Chair, also large Carpet; cheap.—K 1197, this office.

GAS Fire, Gas Cooker (small), Child's Folding Cot (Bedstead), Pram, Boots, Clothes; reasonable.—Address "Z 1195, this Cooker," this office.

KNITTING—Wool for pattern of any of the following Week—Robert and Co., Ltd., 89-95 Grafton street.

KNITTING—Wool for pattern of any of the following Week—Robert and Co., Ltd., 89-95 Grafton street.

KNITTING—Artificial Silk Underwear, Vests, 1/6, 1/9, 2/3; Knickers, 2/3, 2/6, 2/9; Drawers, 2/6, 2/9, 3/3; Combinations, 5/6, 6/6, 7/6; Princess Petticoats, 5/6, 6/6, 7/6; Princess Knickers, 3/3, 3/9, 4/3; Princess Drawers, 3/3, 3/9, 4/3; Princess Combinations, 6/6, 7/6, 8/6; Princess Petticoats, 6/6, 7/6, 8

BY APPOINTMENT

Soup, Fish, Entree, Joint, Cheese—Yorkshire Relish is wanted all through the meal.

Even 'his' Mother will say you're clever.

OF course, no *real* mother will admit that any woman is *quite* good enough for her son, but there's one thing you can do to get round that little difficulty. If only you can *cook*—and get the flavour she gets—you will find it go a very long way towards winning respect.

'She's not quite what *I* wanted for him, but at least she's a clever cook,' she'll say proudly to her friends.

But you must somehow get *flavour*, and get it not so much in sweets and fancy things as in those vital builders of men—the *meat* dishes. They are the real test, yet they, when you know how, are the easiest of all to put flavour into.

To put flavour into meat—to put into it just that spicy flavour the palates of men have for hundreds of years been trained to expect—there is no quicker, easier, or more simple way than to add, either in the cooking or at table, a little

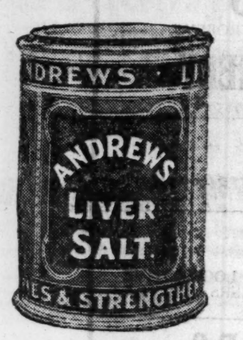
Yorkshire Relish

9d. per bottle

There is nothing mysterious about the charm and flavour Yorkshire Relish always gives to meats. It is simply because it is packed with the flavour of a score of rare and fragrant spices—the very spices that cooks have always known as the *correct* accompaniment to meats.

In their natural form these spices are difficult to manage and dear to buy, but in Yorkshire Relish and *only* in Yorkshire Relish—you get them in a form cheap, quick and easy to use. 9d. will buy a full-sized, long-matured, 2,400-drop bottle.

GOODALL, BACKHOUSE & CO. :: LEEDS.



A suggestion for early Springtime

One teaspoonful, or two (less for the children) night or morning . . . occasionally . . . for the good of your health.

the friend

Alike to white-haired age and chubby childhood, and to all intermediate stages of mankind, this Andrews is the faithful friend . . . ready always to correct life's little Ills

The helping hand that Andrews extends in maintaining the National Health is evidenced by the progress of its sales.

* * * *

The increase, alone, of last year's sales, over those of 1922, was equal to the entire production of 1913.

* * * *

Nearly 30 years ago Andrews began its job of helping well people *to keep well* . . . making no claim beyond its power or merit.

Folk there are who've used Andrews Liver Salt all those years . . . who regard the familiar green Tin, in its accustomed place in the Home, as something they wouldn't like to miss—*as a real old friend.*

* * * *

There's need for the honest, homely virtues of Andrews in every household . . . in *yours*. Get a Tin and keep it handy always. Many people use it with warm water in the cold weather.

Four ounce size 9d

Eight ounce (family size) 1/4d

Both sizes are sold everywhere by Chemists, Grocers and Stores. (D4)

DR DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

IN USE OVER SEVENTY YEARS FOR CONSUMPTION, DISEASES OF THE CHEST and THROAT BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, DEBILITY & GENERAL WASTING DISEASES.

SOLD BY ALL LEADING CHEMISTS & STORES

Imperial Half-pints, 4/- & Pints, 7/9

Sole Consignees: ANSAR, HARFORD & Co Ltd 182, GRAYS INN ROAD, LONDON.

BRITISH COLUMBIA

Small Holdings, Ranches, Poultry, Fruit Farming. Expert agricultural advisory staff free. Settlers require from £300. An attractive investment opportunity.

British Columbia Fruit Lands, Ltd., Dept. "A.," 4 Moorgate St., London, E.C.2.

SOCIETY.

Committee ten the inspectors oned, one to be r further con- reported during tions were re- Mrs. Browne,

EVENTS IN IRELAND are fully summarised in the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES," with illustrations. Price Twopence.

DUBLIN MUNICIPAL AFFAIRS.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT INQUIRY.

Mr. Nicholas O'Dwyer, B.E., Chief Engineering Inspector of the Local Government Department, resumed the inquiry yesterday morning into the administration of affairs by the Dublin Corporation.

Messrs. P. Lynch, K.C., and J. C. R. Lardner, K.C. (instructed by Mr. I. J. Rice, Law Agent) appeared for the Corporation.

Mr. Norman Keough (instructed by Messrs. Stewart and Orr) appeared for the Citizens' Association.

Mr. James Fallon, solicitor, appeared for the Lord Mayor personally, and Mr. W. J. Larkin appeared as President of the Tenants' Association.

Mr. Lynch said that since the last sitting of the inquiry the special committee appointed by the Corporation had reported back to that body, and a special meeting was held on Tuesday, at which a resolution was passed stating that, as the fact had been disclosed and admitted by the Inspector at the opening of the inquiry that no serious complaints were made to the Ministry, as mentioned in the Local Government Department's letter of February 22nd, and as the Local Government Department had power to hold the inquiry, the Town Clerk and the Law Agent were instructed to take the necessary steps to have the Corporation represented to meet any charges made against the Corporation. Mr. Keough should lay his charges on the table and he would meet them.

Mr. Keough said that he understood that the Corporation officials would be first examined. As regards the streets maintenance, the wages had not been segregated from the total. For 1922 a sum of £44,541 was paid for paving, and of that sum there was £39,078 for wages. For 1923 the sum paid for paving was £50,458, but it was not shown what portion of it was paid in wages. At the very outset one was struck by the enormous increase in the rates. The position he was in was that the whole burden of the inquiry was thrown on his shoulders.

QUESTION OF COMPLAINTS.

Mr. Lynch said that there was nobody making any complaints but Mr. Keough's clients, and it was they who asked for the inquiry.

Mr. Keough said that he had no witnesses present, and he thought that the Corporation witnesses would first be examined.

Mr. Lynch—That was made quite clear the last day.

Mr. Keough said that they had no details to show what was paid for wages and how much for materials or for horses. In 1923-1924 £3,560 was the amount of sick pay. That might be right or wrong, but it appeared a considerable amount for sick pay. For the year 1922-1923 it was £2,780, so that there was a large increase in sick pay.

Then there was an item which he did not understand at all, as it appeared in the list as £3,700 for "holidays for wages staff." He did not know what holidays for the wages staff were, but he presumed it was for holidays for the staff paid by wages and not by salaries. If a man was entitled to holidays in the year, surely the salary or wages should go into the ordinary figures, and not be set out separately.

If he had to tabulate charges on the line indicated by Mr. Lynch, he certainly would require time.

Mr. Larkin, answering the Inspector, said that he had submitted names of witnesses since the last day in corroboration of the statement which he had then made. He wanted to call Mr. Mangan, City Accountant.

The Inspector asked Mr. Larkin if he wished to give evidence.

Mr. Larkin said that he would prove that his statements on the last day were correct. He was then sworn, and proceeded to give evidence with reference to the streets. He said that a state of iniquity existed as regards the condition of certain streets, even since last week. Three laneways off Sheriff street were in a most deplorable and shocking condition. They had not been cleaned, except for the removal of "diseased dead dogs." The citizens were paying far more for the services of this department than they should. The amount of sick pay was a most damning indictment against the Cleansing Department.

A DISGRACE.

The streets and lanes were a disgrace to civilisation, thanks to the lack of care and duty by the Cleansing Department, backed up by the callousness of the Corporation, who had not done their duty. Things were so bad that at the time referred to he had written to Lord French, the Chief Secretary, and Dr. Russell, Medical Officer of Health, to try and get the curfew suspended, to enable people of certain localities to clean the lanes and streets near certain tenements.

They had heard a lot of platitudes on the previous day about what the Corporation had done against the British Government, but they heard nothing of any attempt on their part to relieve the poor roomkeepers and others from police tax, or of the neglect by the Corporation of the streets and lanes where the poor lived. The condition of North Lotts was criminal, owing to the lack of, or defects in, the sewerage system there. He had 48 points which would come into matters connected with street cleansing and sanitation. He had the certificates of 17 independent doctors as to prevailing conditions. He complained that the Corporation neglected its duty; that the people's representatives failed to see that the officials did theirs; that there was lack of supervision by the latter in the different departments, and that salaries had been enormously increased.

Mr. Larkin then referred to the addition of 5½d. in the £ to the public water rate, though the statutory limit of the increase was 3d. As regards public libraries, he referred to increased estimates, and said that he was informed it was difficult to get the books one wanted, and that the reading rooms were packed with betting men, and toughs of all descriptions." (Laughter.) In conclusion, he charged the Cleansing Department with not doing its duty, and said that he would deal with the other departments as the evidence came up.

Cross-examined by Mr. Lynch—He represented the Tenants' Association, of which he was President. He complained that there was general licence for the Council to spend as much as it liked, and how it liked.

Mr. P. J. McIntyre, Chairman of the Streets Committee, was then sworn.

Mr. Lynch said that before the witness proceeded with the evidence he wanted to know if there was any charge formulated against the Streets Committee.

The Inspector—Not that I know of.

Mr. Keough said that his Association were making no charges; but they said that the wages and cost of materials were uneconomic.

Mr. Lynch submitted that if definite charges were not made, Mr. Keough should not be permitted to cross-examine the witnesses.

The Inspector ruled against this.

Mr. McIntyre then said that the Committee consisted of about 15 members, and since he became Chairman no meeting fell through for the want of a quorum. He had given his best attention to the work in his department, and was often up at 6 o'clock in the morning and went around to the various depots to see how the work was being carried out, and whenever he found a dereliction of duty he did not hesitate to report it, and see that the matter was put right. Certain streets were in a rather bad condition about three or four years ago, but their surfaces were much improved in the past two years, and he thought that at present Dublin could hold its own with most other cities in this respect. He believed that the duties of the staffs of his departments were efficiently discharged. Of course, if they had more money they could do more work.

Answering Mr. Larkin, he said that, generally, the streets were in bad repair about three or four years ago. That was due to military operations.

Mr. Larkin—Do you mean that the British war or the Irish war was responsible for the disrepair?

Witness—Both.

Mr. Larkin—Did you get a grant from the British Government? Yes, in 1922 we got £11,000.

Mr. Larkin—So that that was not taken out of the pockets of the ratepayers? No.

The inquiry was adjourned until this morning.

Thousands of ladies keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house. Those who use them recommend them, hence their enormous sale. Price 5s. Sold by all Chemists and Stores; or post free from Proprietors, Martin, Chemists, Southampton.—(Advt.)

DUBLIN BANK RAID.

RECORDER AWARDS £644 COMPENSATION.

During the hearing of a claim before the Recorder of Dublin yesterday by the Hibernian Bank for £644, which had been taken from their Dorset street branch on the 25th August last by two armed men, the accountant of the branch in his evidence said that at 10 o'clock on the morning in question two armed men entered the bank, "held up" the officials at the point of revolvers, and having secured £644 in cash and notes, decamped.

The Recorder asked if there were no police about at the time.

The witness said that there were none, although arrangements had been made for two policemen to take up duty at the bank at 9.30 a.m. each day.

The Recorder—Oh, that was too early for them. (Laughter.)

The witness, proceeding, said that a customer, who was about to enter the bank at the time, on seeing what was taking place, telephoned to Oriel House. On the arrival of the detectives, who found the door closed, the man who took the money opened the door for them, went out, entered a motor car and drove away. (Laughter.) Both raiders were respectably dressed.

The Recorder—Oh, yes! Any man who invested in a six-shooter during the trouble made a good investment. (Laughter.) I will assent in favour of the full amount.

YESTERDAY'S CASES IN THE COURTS.

THE QUEEN'S THEATRE.

DEBENTURE HOLDERS' APPEAL.

In the Court of Appeal, before the Lord Chief Justice, Lord Justice Ronan, and Mr. Justice Dodd, the case of Daniel O'Mahony Leahy v. the Queen's Theatre (Dublin), Ltd., was listed on an appeal on behalf of John Olcff McCall, H. Williams and Co., Ltd., and A. and R. Thwaites and Co., Ltd., the plaintiffs in a debenture holders' action against the same company, from an order of the Master of the Rolls, dated 29th January, 1924, refusing the relief prayed for in the debenture holders' action and consolidating the summons in the suit with the debenture holders' action and giving carriage to the plaintiff, Mr. Leahy.

Mr. Herbert Wilson, K.C.; Mr. Dickie, K.C., and Mr. Sainsbury (instructed by Mr. W. M. Coulter) were for the appellants, Mr. McCall and his co-plaintiffs, in the debenture holders' action. Mr. Jellett, K.C., and Mr. Hubert Hamilton (instructed by Mr. A. L. Joynt) were for Mr. Leahy; and Mr. David Deane, solicitor, for the Queen's Theatre (Dublin), Ltd.

Mr. Wilson, K.C., in opening the appeal, said that practically the only matter with which this proceeding was conversant was the question of the carriage of the sale of the Queen's Theatre. The Master of the Rolls consolidated the debenture holders' action with an originating summons brought by a second mortgagee, Mr. Leahy, to raise the amount of his mortgage. The Master of the Rolls directed the sale as a going concern, and gave the carriage to Mr. Leahy, the second mortgagee. Counsel submitted that the Master of the Rolls had no jurisdiction to make an order for sale as a going concern in Mr. Leahy's action at all.

The Queen's Theatre Company was incorporated as a limited company on the 19th July, 1909. On the 12th January, 1910, the company issued 800 mortgage debentures of £10 each, which constituted a charge on all the assets of every description. The company issued these mortgages to various people. Mr. McCall got 400 of them, that was, £4,000; Messrs. Williams and Co. got 125 debentures, that was, £1,250; and Messrs. A. and R. Thwaites got 50, that was, £500, making a total of £5,750. Mr. McCall also held a mortgage of the 11th May, 1910, to secure £4,000; and on the 12th May, 1910, he got a further charge for £1,500. Mr. Leahy's mortgage was dated the 2nd January, 1911, and was for £1,000, with interest at 12 per cent. Mr. Leahy, according to the Receiver, held 60 of the debentures separate from his mortgage. His solicitor said in an affidavit that he held 60. It did not matter which number he held for the purposes of this case.

The interest was not paid, and on the 15th January, 1912, a writ was issued against the company by Mr. McCall, Messrs. Williams and Messrs. Thwaites on behalf of themselves and the other debenture holders, and on the following day Mr. J. Harold Pim, the well-known accountant, of the firm of Stokes Brothers and Pim, was appointed Receiver. Mr. Pim went into possession as Receiver and Manager, and he had managed the Queen's Theatre ever since. He had been able to keep the theatre going, and had paid the interest on all the debentures down to the 1st March, 1922. He passed his accounts annually in the Chambers of the Master of the Rolls. The last passing of accounts was on the 1st July, 1923, when he showed that the interest on the debentures had been paid up to the 1st March, 1922.

Lord Justice Ronan—Was there any surplus profit?

Mr. Wilson—Your lordship may take it that there was practically none.

Mr. Jellett said that he was told that, after paying interest on the debentures, there was always a surplus of £3,000 or £4,000.

Mr. Wilson—That was the surplus necessary to keep on hands to run the show.

Mr. Justice Dodd said that it was an exceedingly well carried on business.

Mr. Wilson—Mr. Pim generally does his work very well. He paid interest on the debentures of my clients and those of the other debenture holders.

Lord Justice Ronan—And paid the interest on the mortgage?

Mr. Jellett—No; I never got a penny interest.

Mr. Wilson referred to the proceedings before the Master of the Rolls, and opened affidavits, including one by Mr. Leahy, in which he stated that there was due to him in respect of the mortgage the principal sum of £1,000 and 1½ years' interest to the 2nd July, 1922, amounting to £1,350, making a total of £2,350.

Mr. Dickie, K.C., followed on the same side.

The Court, without calling on counsel for Mr. Leahy, unanimously dismissed the appeal, with costs.

BREACH OF PROMISE ACTION.

APPLICATION TO REMIT REFUSED

In the King's Bench Division, before Mr. Justice Dodd, in the case of Dennigan v. Farrell,

Mr. Geoghegan (instructed by Mr. Gerald Daly) applied on behalf of the defendant, William Farrell, of Ballyglasseen, Co. Longford, farmer, to have this action, which was brought by Bridget Dennigan, of Ardsarna, Co. Longford, for breach of promise of marriage, remitted to the County Court Judge of Longford.

Mr. George R. O'Connor (instructed by Messrs. Hanbon and O'Brien), who appeared for the plaintiff, said that he had a preliminary objection to make, inasmuch as the proper affidavit had not been made by the defendant within the prescribed time. The paragraph in the affidavit of the defendant dealing with the visible means of the plaintiff was not in order, as it set out that "the defendant" had no visible means, instead of "the plaintiff had no visible means." He contended that that was a fatal mistake, and that the application to remit the action could not be now entertained.

Mr. Justice Dodd said that it was a clerical error.

Mr. O'Connor said that it was a fatal error. The affidavit was defective, and any amendment to that now would be late.

Mr. Justice Dodd decided that he had power to amend, and would hear the application on its merits.

Mr. Geoghegan then opened the affidavit of the defendant, who denied that he ever promised to marry the plaintiff, and stated that he was married to his present wife on the 29th January last. The plaintiff, in an answering affidavit, stated that she knew the defendant for many years. They lived beside each other, and had talked of marriage several times during the past three years. In October last they arranged to be married, and the defendant and a man named Dan Gannon came to her house, where the arrangements for the marriage were made. The plaintiff's brother agreed to give defendant £130 on the marriage, and subsequently she was informed that the defendant called on the parish priest, and after an interview with him told plaintiff's brother that the marriage was to take place on the 7th November. It was arranged that they were to meet in Longford, but the defendant did not turn up on the appointed day. Subsequently the defendant wrote letters apologising for not having gone to Longford.

Mr. O'Connor submitted that the action was one which should be retained in the High Court, and that the defendant's statement that he never promised to marry the plaintiff was clearly contradicted by the letters which he wrote to the plaintiff. Counsel said that the defendant had not denied writing the letters, and, having regard to all the circumstances, he contended that the action should not be remitted.

Mr. Justice Dodd, having perused the letters referred to, refused the motion to remit the action, with costs.

ACTION BY LAND BANK.

In the King's Bench Division, before Mr. Justice Dodd, in the action brought by the National Land Bank against Robert Craig, of Mount Albert, Killiney, Co. Dublin,

Mr. Cunniam (instructed by Messrs. James O'Connor and Co.) moved on behalf of the plaintiffs for final judgment for £429 16s. 10d., of which £400 was for monies paid to the defendant, and the balance due for interest. A sum of £103 had since been paid, and counsel asked for final judgment for £387 16s. 10d.

Mr. Justice Dodd made the order sought.

THE IRISH GUARDS.

The War Office announces that Colonel W. H. V. Darell, C.M.G., D.S.O., has been appointed to command the Irish Guards Regiment and Regimental District, vice Colonel R. G. A. McCalmont, D.S.O.

MR. JAMES LARKIN'S APPEAL.

NO APPEARANCE FOR THE APPELLANT.

Before the Lord Chief Justice, Lord Justice Ronan and Mr. Justice Dodd, the actions of Thomas Foran and others v. James Larkin, and of James Larkin v. the Irish Transport and General Workers' Union, Thomas Foran and others, were listed on an appeal by Mr. James Larkin, who served notice of appeal from so much of the order of the Master of the Rolls made on the 12th February, 1924, as refused the application of Mr. Larkin for a postponement of the trial of the actions or ordered him to pay costs.

Mr. Serjeant Hanna, who (instructed by Messrs. James O'Connor and Co.) appeared for the respondents, said there was no appearance for the appellant (Mr. Larkin). But there was another substantive appeal coming on in the action. Would the Court allow this appeal to stand over until the other appeal came on? Mr. Wood, K.C., who was for the appellant in the Court below, had told him that he had no brief.

There being no appearance for the appellant, the Court dismissed the appeal, with costs.

THE SERVICE OF A WRIT.

A REMARKABLE CASE.

Before Mr. Justice Pim and a city common jury, the case of Mandeville v. O'Gorman Bros., Ltd., came on for hearing on an issue as to whether the plaintiff was personally served with a writ of summons.

The matter arose on a motion by the defendant to set aside a judgment obtained in an action brought by Messrs. O'Gorman Bros., Ltd., of Parnell street, Clonmel, against John Parnell Mandeville, of Anner Castle, Co. Tipperary, for the sum of £177 1s. 2d., being the price of goods sold and delivered and for work done and materials supplied to the defendant, and also for the use and hire of motor cars.

Judgment in the action was entered on the 30th January last for £177 1s. 2d. debt and £7 15s. 3d. costs; and on the motion of counsel for the defendant, and after hearing plaintiff's counsel and the affidavits of John O'Gorman, John Kane and John Walsh, Mr. Justice Samuels ordered that the judgment stand as security, pending the issue wherein the defendant in the action should be plaintiff and the plaintiff in the action defendant, to be set down for trial before a judge and common jury.

The question on the trial of the issue was whether the writ of summons issued in the action was served at Anner Castle, Clonmel, on the 6th December, 1923, as alleged in the affidavit of John Walsh filed on the 11th March, 1924.

Mr. Walter Callan (instructed by Messrs. J. J. O'Shee and Co.) appeared for Mr. Mandeville, and said that John Walsh, civil bill officer, had sworn in an affidavit that he had personally served the writ of summons on the defendant (Mr. Mandeville) in the action at his residence in Anner Castle, Clonmel, on the 6th December last. On the strength of that affidavit judgment was entered for Messrs. O'Gorman Bros. for the amount claimed, there being no appearance on behalf of the defendant. Some time afterwards Mr. Mandeville moved to have the judgment set aside on the ground that he had no knowledge of the proceedings and had never been served with the writ of summons. He put in an affidavit to that effect, and another affidavit was made by a servant of Mr. Mandeville's, who swore that on the 6th December John Walsh, the civil bill officer, came to Anner Castle. He asked for Mr. Mandeville, and, on being told that he was not at home, Walsh handed him an envelope, which he said was from O'Gorman Bros. and meant for Mr. Mandeville. After that Walsh went away. There was a conflict of evidence between John Walsh, on the one hand, and Mr. Mandeville and his servant, Kane, on the other hand. There was a very important question underlying that issue—whether Mr. Mandeville and, to a lesser extent, John Kane had, or had not, committed perjury.

Mr. Mandeville then gave evidence, in which he stated that from the 24th November to the end of December last he resided at 4 Eglinton Park, Kingstown, and was not out of County Dublin during that period. He was not at Anner Castle on the 6th December last.

Cross-examined by Mr. Swayne, K.C., who, with Mr. Connolly (instructed by Mr. Thomas F. O'Brien), appeared for the defendants (Messrs. O'Gorman Bros.)—How long have you known Walsh, the civil bill officer? About three years.

He served writs on you before? One writ.

Answering further questions, the witness said that he was not in the County Tipperary between the end of November, 1923, and the beginning of February, 1924. It was after the 16th February that he found the writ in the cupboard where the silver was kept.

John Sheridan, whose office is in 14 Eustace street, Dublin, stated that Mr. Mandeville was with him at the publicity luncheon at Clery's, on the 6th December.

Edward Sadler, warehouseman at 14 Eustace street, said that on the 6th December he saw Mr. Mandeville being assisted in the warehouse, putting up samples.

Mrs. Jeannie Quirke, 4 Eglinton Park, Kingstown, with whom Mr. Mandeville had stayed, said that he had never made any early morning journeys during December, and was not one night away during that month.

Colonel Page, father-in-law of Mr. Mandeville, said that Mr. Mandeville certainly was not away from County Dublin from the 23rd or 24th November until the end of the year.

The hearing had not concluded when the Court rose.

DAIL EIREANN COURTS.

CARDINAL LOGUE'S ACTION SETTLED.

At the Dail Eireann Courts (Winding Up) Commission, at Dublin Castle, yesterday Mr. Geoghegan mentioned the case in which His Eminence Cardinal Logue and the Very Rev. Canon P. Lyons, P.P., trustees of the Dundalk Total Abstinence Society, were plaintiffs, and James McAlister, personal representative of Hugh McAlister, deceased, of Bridge street, Dundalk, publican; John J. Lynch and Kate Lynch, Moora terrace, Dundalk, and Mary O'Callaghan, of 61 Clanbrassil street, Dundalk, were defendants.

The action was for the recovery of the premises, 61 Clanbrassil street, Dundalk.

Mr. Geoghegan said that the case had been settled, and he asked to have the consent made a rule of Court. The plaintiffs ratified the assignment, or agreement for assignment, from James McAlister to Kate Lynch, and the plaintiffs accepted Kate Lynch as tenant of premises situated at 61 Clanbrassil street, Dundalk. John J. Lynch and Kate Lynch agreed to pay to the plaintiffs the sum of £136 10s. for the use and occupation of the premises from September 1, 1921, to March 1, 1924, and they also agreed to pay £30 as costs to Mr. Daniel O'Connell, solicitor for the plaintiffs.

Mr. O'Connell, solicitor, said the money had already been paid.

The Chief Commissioner (Mr. Creed Meredith) said he thought that was a proper termination to these proceedings.

The consent was made a rule of the Court.

THE BUILDING TRADE.

The following are referred to on our Building Pages to-day:—

Asbestos-Cement	Electric Fittings	Plant.	
Asphalting.	Electric Lighting	Plastering.	
Basalt Board.	Electric Plant	Plumbing.	
Bells.	Engines.	R.W. Fittings	
Boilers.	Engineering	Rivets.	
Boxes.	Expanded Metal	Roads	
Bricks.	Fibrolithic.	Roofing	
Bridges.	Flues	Sanitary Goods.	
Building Contractors.	Fireplaces.	Screws.	
Building Sheets.	Fire Proof Doors.	Sewer Pipes.	
Builders.	Greenhouses.	Sheet Metal.	
Cement.	Hinges.	Sheetrock.	
Cement Openers.	Hoisting Machinery.	Shop Fittings.	
Cast Iron Work.	Hoists.	Shop Fronts.	
Ceilings.	Hardwoods.	Skylights.	
Concrete.	Ironwork.	Slates	
Clay Goods	Joinery.	Softwoods.	
Columns.	Locks	Stained Glass.	
Concrete	Machinery	Steel Fabric.	
Concreting.	Machinery Repairs	Steel Plates.	
Corrugated Sheets.	Mantels Covers.	Steel Joists.	
Contractors.	Meter Bodies.	Stone	Machinery.
Cranes.	Mouldings.	Telephones.	
Creosoting Plant	Nails.	Tiles.	
Cranes.	Oil Engines.	Timber.	
Decorative Plaster.	Oxide of Zinc.	Wagrons	
Doors.	Packing Cases.	Walling	
Drainage Goods	Panels.	Windows.	
	Partitions.	Wood	Machinery
	Pipes		

G.N. RAILWAY CLERKSHIPS.

Feb., 1924. Result announced. Our SUCCESSES: Messrs. A. Campbell, E. Mulligan, A. Murray and C. O'Sullivan. 4 of the 5 Candidates we presented.—McGUIRE'S COLLEGE, O'Connell street, Dublin.—(Advt.)

PURE DOURO WINE

GILBEY BRAND

4/6 Per Bottle.

Invalid Port

Bottled and Guaranteed by W. & A. Gilbey Ltd.

: Of all : Retailers.

FOR ALL OCCASIONS

OF PERFECT ORIGIN

U.S. MARKETS.

STOCKS CLOSED IRREGULAR.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

NEW YORK, Wednesday.

Stocks opened firm, and advanced on shorts covering and easy money conditions, but this was followed by a bear attack on Motors, Independent Steels and Shippings. The list rallied, however, owing to a jump of 8 points in Norfolk and Western Common. American Canadian rose 4½ points, and low-priced Railroads were strong. Subsequently there was renewed selling of Motor issues, and the market closed irregular. Government Bonds firm; Railroad Bonds irregular. The day's sales totalled 1,040,000 shares. Money on call closed easy, 3 p.c. bid and 3½ p.c. asked. Actual business was done at from 3 to 3½ p.c., with the ruling rate 3½ p.c. The last loan was transacted at 3 p.c. Sterling exchange irregular. Silver unchanged for foreign named at 63¾.

Canadian Pacific advanced ¾, Lehigh Valley Shares and Wabash Common, 1; Louisville and Nashville, Ontario and Western, and Texas and Pacific, ½; Norfolk and Western Common, 6¾; Wabash Prefd., ⅝, and National Lead 2¼. Chesapeake and Ohio Common and Bethlehem Steel Common declined ½; Reading 1st Prefd., 1¾; Union Pacific Prefd., ½; General Electric, 2½, and International Mercantile Marine Prefd., 1¾. Union Pacific Bonds advanced ½.

Exp. Parity	Stocks	Closing Bid Prices. Tues	Wed	Business Done. H. L.
119½	Funded	102¾	102¾	— —
115½	Atch., Top. Santa Fe	98½	98½	— —
101½	Do. Preference	87½	87½	— —
64½	Baltimore and Ohio	53½	53½	— —
167½	Canadian Pacific	143¾	144	— —
87½	Chesapeake Ohio Com.	76¾	78¾	— —
16½	Chic., Mil., & St. Paul.	14¾	14¾	— —
58½	Chicago and N.-West.	50	50	— —
38½	Erie 1st Preferred	33	33¾	— —
64½	Do. 4% Gen. Lien Bds.	55	55	— —
94½	Great Northern Pref.	85½	86½	— —
117½	Illinois Central	100¾	101	— —
79½	Lehigh Valley	67½	68¾	— —
104½	Louisville & Nashville	90	90½	— —
13	Missouri, Kan. & Texas	11¼	11¼	— —
79½	Do. New 4% Bonds	67½	67¾	— —
64½	Do. 4% Bonds	52	54½	— —
13½	Missouri Pacific New	11¾	11¾	— —
4½	Nat. of Mexico 1st Pref.	4	4¼	— —
3	Do. 2nd Pref.	1¾	1¾	— —
118½	N.Y. Cen. & Hudson R.	100¾	100¾	— —
149½	Norfolk & West. Com.	121½	128¾	— —
58½	Northern Pacific Com.	50	50	— —
18½	Ontario and Western	14¾	15	— —
50½	Pennsylvania Shares	43¾	44¾	— —
65½	Reading Shares	54½	56¾	— —
39½	Do. 1st Preferred	30	34½	— —
104½	Do. 4% Mort. Bonds	89	89¾	— —
62½	Southern Railway	54½	56¾	— —
106½	Southern Pacific	86	86	— —
30½	Texas and Pacific	28	28½	— —
146½	Union Pacific	127½	127¾	— —
81½	Do. Pref.	70½	70	— —
104½	Do. 4% Bonds	89½	89½	— —
19½	Wabash Common	15¾	16	— —
54½	Do. Preferred A	45¾	46¾	— —
70½	Amer. Smelt. Refin. Com.	60¾	60¾	— —
39½	Anaconda Copper	32¾	33¾	— —
28¾	Brit.-Amer. Tobacco	21¾	21¾	— —
72½	N.Y. Cons. Gas	61¾	61¾	— —
293½	General Electric	238¾	239¼	— —
117½	U.S. Steel Common	101	102¾	— —
124½	Do. 1st Preferred	118¾	118¾	— —
119½	Do. 2nd 5% Bonds	102¼	102¾	— —
	Silver (Foreign Mined)	63¾	63¾	— —
8½	Inter. M.M. Com. Certs.	7	7¼	— —
32½	Do. Pref. Certs.	29	27	— —
61½	Royal Dutch Oil	53	52¾	— —
44½	Shell Transport	38¾	38¾	— —
54½	Pan-American Pet.	47¾	47¾	— —
19½	Anglo-American Oil	13	13	— —
17½	General Motors	14¾	15¾	— —
36½	U.S. Rubber	31¾	31¾	— —

*Asked. †Ex div. ‡Ex Bonus. §Ex Right to.

	Tuesday.	Wednesday.
Call Money	3½ h. 3½ a.	3h. 3½ a.
Ex. on Lo. 60 days' sl.	4.36 80	4.36.25
Ex. on Lo. Demand Bills	4.37 25	4.29 00
Cable Transfers	4.39.50	4.39.25
Ex. on Paris	5 08	5.07
Cotton, Mid. Upland	20.10	20.05
Do. New Orleans, Mid.	20.25	20.25
Cottonseed Oil, P. Sum.		
Yellow Spot	9.57	9.82
Oil, Seed Oil, Yarn, Dutch	9.60	9 65
Petrol., Refined in cases	17.40	17.40
Do., Refined, White	14.40	14.40
Do., Spirit in cases	14.00	14.00
Do., Naphtha, Stan. do.	4.50	4.50
Do., Pennsyl., Crude	4.50	4.50
Spirits of Turpentine	101	102
Do., Savannah	94½	96¼
Resin, Gruds K	4.60	4.60
Do., Stand. (per 100lb.)	4.60	4.60
Do., Stand. (per 100lb.)	30	30
Do., Stand. (per 100lb.)	40	40

PRODUCE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Wednesday.

WHEAT—Spot market easy. 2c. to 1c. lower. Receipts—Atlantic, 453,000; last year, 565,000. Clearances, 237,000; last year, 201,000.

FLOUR quiet.

CORN—Spot market barely steady at ½c. fall. Receipts—Atlantic, 114,000; last year, 228,000. Clearances, 14,000; last year, 90,000.

RYE quiet, 1c. to 2c. net higher.

COFFEE opened weak, 34 to 56 points lower on weaker Brazilian markets, and was depressed by a weak Havre market and by Brazilian exchange selling by New Orleans interests and commission houses and a disappointing spot demand. Later partial recoveries were made under reactionary buying and covering of shorts, but the market closed barely steady at 23 to 32 points low on the day. March, 13.90; May, 13.90; July, 13.83; September, 12.00; December, 11.70.

RICE steady, 4c. to 5c. higher. First latex crepe, 22½; smoked ribbed sheets, 22.

SUGAR steady. Porto Rican, 6.65. Futures firm, 14 to 17 points up. Approximate future sales —57,000 tons. May, 4.24; July, 5.28; September, 5.25; December 4.76. To-day's sugar sales—30,000 bags of Cuban at 6.49 for shipment first half of April, 37,000 bags of Porto Rican to refiners at 6.55 for prompt shipment, 18,000 bags of Cuban at 6.76 for April shipment, 10,000 bags of Cuban to refiners at 6.78 for prompt shipment, 6,000 tons of Cuban to refiners at 6.91 for shipment, and 10,000 bags of Cuban at 6.81 for shipment first half of April.

COTTON opened firm, 8 to 19 points up on a bullish weekly Government weather report, buying by foreign interests, unfavourable weather and the improved spot situation, but reacted afterwards owing to Wall street and Southern selling, the disappointing conditions of the cotton goods trade and unsatisfactory attitude of spinners. The market rallied partially later on adverse weather forecast and buying of New Orleans account, and closed steady, 10 points down to 7 points up. Spot quiet at 5 points fall. New Orleans unchanged. Receipts—Atlantic, 1,000; Gulf, 4,000. Exports—Britain, 2,000; Continent, 2,000. Futures in last twenty seconds of trading:—March, 20.20; May, 20.32; July, 20.77; August, 20.85; October, 20.79; December, 20.42. Spot, 20.10. March, 20.12; May, 20.25; July, 20.70; August, 20.78; October, 20.64; December, 20.42. New Orleans futures in last minute of trading:—May, lowest 20.06, highest 20.07; July, 20.19, 20.25.

CANTON OIL steady.

PETROLEUM steady.

TEXAS CITY.—Wheat easy and 1½c. lower. No. 2 hard winter, 110½.

FT. WORTH.—Wheat barely steady at ½c. fall. No. 2 red winter, 112½.

MINNEAPOLIS.—Wheat easy and ½c. cheaper. No. 1 northern, 116.

WINNIPEG.—Wheat opened steady, unchanged to ½c. up, but closed easy, ½c. to ½c. cheaper, May, 99½; July, 102½. Oats ease and ½c. lower. May, 39½.

CHICAGO, Wednesday.

WHEAT opened barely steady, ½c. to ½c. lower. Prices continued to weaken owing to large stocks, a disappointing cash demand, a bearish review by the "Price Current," the uncovering of stop-loss orders, commission house selling, favourable weather in the South-West, and slack outside demand. Partial rallies took place in the final dealings on shorts covering and small receipts, but the market closed barely steady, ½c. to ¾c. down. Spot quiet. No. 2 hard winter, spot, 109½; No. 3 hard winter, spot, 104. May, 104¾; July,

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DUBLIN 387

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On WEDNESDAY, MARCH 26th, 1924, at 12 Noon

MESSRS. WM. MONTGOMERY and SON have been instructed to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, ON THE PREMISES, AS ABOVE,

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OF THE ABOVE BUSINESS.

The Buildings are constructed of timber, and include one Shed, about 72' x 31'.

THE MACHINERY AND PLANT INCLUDE A PORTABLE 15 h.p. ROBEY ENGINE, SINGLE CYLINDER, OVERHEAD TYPE, INSURED UP TO 100 LBS. PRESSURE; Log Benches, 14', with 22' 4" travelling table, 3' 6" width; 1 Self-acting 43', with 21' travelling table x 24½" wide; 30" Band Saw, by HISWORTH; and Circular Saws, Cross-cut Hand Saws, Augers, Axes, etc.; Turning Lathe, Pulleys, Shafting, 1 length, 26' x 5", with bearings and pulleys; 1 length, 15' x 2½", with bearings and pulleys; Belting; 5-TON CARRICK CRANE, Chains, Ropes, Shearings, 2 Timber Waggons, 1 Spring Lorry, 3 Timber Drays, 2 Jenkers, 5' and 6' wheels; 4 Horses, in good working condition, and 7 Sets Harness; 10 Tons Hay, White Oats and Bruiser; Electric Poles and Fittings, Barrows and Hand Carts.

There is a quantity of Seasoned Timber, suitable for building drays and carts, and a quantity of Seasoned Oak Spokes, Felloes, etc., to be Sold in lots to suit purchasers, and Ladders, 12' to 20' long.

The Machinery and Plant can be seen in use up to 20th March, 1924, and afterwards to the date of Sale. PURCHASERS TO PAY 5 PER CENT. FEES.

WM. MONTGOMERY & SON, M.I.A.A., 24 Suffolk St.

BUILDING & RECONSTRUCTION

Previous Article : 6 : 3 : 24 — Next Article : 10 : 4 : 24

ARKLOW URBAN COUNCIL HOUSING SCHEME.

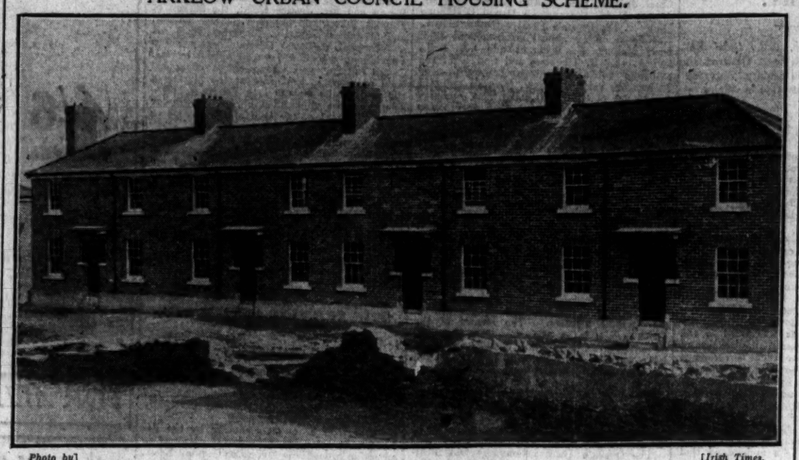


Photo by] [Irish Times.

Above is a photograph of new dwellings that are being erected at Abbey street, Arklow, for the Arklow Urban Council.

The scheme consists of two blocks of four houses each, which are being built by Messrs. Keely Bros., Rathfarnham, to the designs of Mr. Geo. L. O'Connor, F.R.I.A.I., architect, 27 Dawson street, Dublin, and Mr. Laurence O'Toole, C.E., Arklow.

The houses are what is known as Local Government Department "D" type, each containing five rooms, and consisting of, on the ground floor, a living room, 16ft. x 11ft.; parlour, 10½ft. x 11ft., with scullery and sanitary convenience; and in the upper storey three bedrooms, one 16ft. x 10ft., a second 14ft. x 9ft., and a third 8ft. x 6ft.

The dwellings are built with eleven brick hollow walls, and have slated roofs and a canopy over the door.

There is 40ft. of garden in front and 50ft. in the rear, and each plot is divided by fencing.

The cost of the dwellings is about £600 each.

The work is being carried out under the personal supervision of the contractors.

£11,000 MORE FOR REBUILDING.

To-day's awards		£11,159
In our issue of	21st Feb., 1924...	127,760
,,	24th Jan., 1924...	68,000
,,	13th Dec., 1923...	43,000
,,	15th Nov., 1923...	70,000
,,	19th Oct., 1923...	73,000
,,	6th Sept., 1923...	36,000
,,	26th July, 1923...	100,000
,,	12th July, 1923...	86,000
,,	3rd May, 1923...	63,000
,,	5th April, 1923...	29,000
,,	8th April, 1923...	46,000
,,	18th Jan., 1923...	112,000
,,	14th Dec., 1922...	170,000
,,	30th Nov., 1922...	97,000
,,	7th Sept., 1922...	39,000
Total		£1,170,910

The Compensation (Ireland) Commission has made a further series of awards under the Criminal and Malicious Injuries (Ireland) Acts, and the Free State Government announces that as from to-day they will proceed to pay the following sums.

Where compensation is made in respect of damaged buildings, the Commissioners stipulate that a specified sum must be spent in reinstatement of structure. These amounts are shown in the following table:—

	Total awards. £	Amounts which must be spent on rebuilding. £
COUNTY CORK.		
George W. Biggs, Townlots, Bantry, Kilmacomogue ...	12,650	3,500
Mrs. Nora Barkeley, Model Farm road, Bishopstown...	342	220
Patrick Fitzgerald, R.I.C. Barracks, Rylane	850	750
Daniel and Cornelius Hurley, Meenvane, Schull	2,270	1,600
Denis O'Connell, R.I.C. Barracks, Carrignavar	300	250
Youghal U.D. Council, by W. Broderick, Green Park, Youghal	50	40
COUNTY SLIGO.		
Bernard J. Conlon and others, Parish Hall, Geevagh	720	300
COUNTY TIPPERARY.		
Robert M. Keating, Knockane, Ballyooby, Cahir.....	1,013	600
J. and S. McCormack and by order of the National Bank, Ltd., and James, Nolan Castle street, Nenagh	2,410	2,410
Honoria McGrath, Farran, Emly	2,420	700
COUNTY WESTMEATH.		
Joseph Concannon, Coosan, Athlone	80	80
COUNTY WICKLOW.		
Margaret Hempenstall, R.I.C. Barracks, Redcross	1,060	700

ACADEMIC DRESS DROPPED.

At a meeting of the R.I.B.A., Mr. C. Ernest Elcock's resolution, "That the resolutions on the subject of academic dress, passed at the general meetings on April 30, 1923, and on January 7, 1924, be rescinded, and that no further action be taken in the matter of the proposed academic dress," was passed by 45 votes to 22.

PLANS FOR NEW BUILDING WORKS IN DUBLIN.

Plans for the following new buildings and works of reconstruction were approved by Mr. Horace T. O'Rourke, City Architect of the Dublin Corporation, during the two weeks ending 15th March:—

Pembroke street, Lower, 29—New premises. Mr. J. J. Higgins.

Circular road, South—Steelwork for No. 2 Tobacco Factory. Messrs. J. Clarke and Sons.

North Great George's street, 1—Alterations. Mr. E. Hackett.

Botanic road—Tobacco Factory—Additional external w.c. Messrs. J. Player and Sons.

Hollybrook road and Strand road, Clontarf, corner—Shop and dwelling. Mr. P. Somerville.

Upper Gloucester place—Store. The Summerhill Storage Co., Ltd.

Lower Exchange street, 14—Alterations. Mr. P. Sweeney.

Brunswick street, North—Addition to schools. Very Rev. E. McCarthy, P.P.

Lower Clanbrassil street, 47—New window and shop door. Mr. N. Rattet.

Victoria quay—Building up portion No. 4 Gateway. Messrs. A. J. Guinness and Co., Ltd.

Eccles street—Mater Hospital—Lavatory and scullery.

Whitworth road, rear 59—Shed. Mr. R. Farquharson.

Richmond lane—Addition to laundry. The Phœnix Laundry.

Belgrave road, Clontarf—Garage. Mr. E. Macaulay and Co.

Haymarket, 14—Store. Messrs. C. E. Macaulay and Co.

Grafton street, 15-17—Alterations. Messrs. Brown, Thomas and Co.

Blacquire Building Works, Phibsborough—Temporary workshop. Messrs. Maguire and Short.

North Circular road, rear 57—Garage. Mr. Heneberry.

Dolphin's Barn street, rear 29—Building. Mrs. A. Roantree.

DUBLIN NOTES.

An ambulance room, with conveniences, is to be erected adjacent to Merrion Gates.

***

The Dublin Metropolitan Police Athletic Club are organising a bazaar to raise funds to equip a first-rate clubhouse.

***

Rathmines District Council has accepted the tender of Mr. D. Clarke, Ranelagh road, to lay a water main to Miltown at £6,509.

***

A new Roman Catholic church is to be built at Donore avenue, South Circular road, and tenders for the work have been asked for by the Very Rev. Father Hayes, P.P., St. Catherines, Meath street.

GOVERNMENT CONTRACTS PLACED.

The following contracts were entered into by the Commissioners of Public Works during February:—

Dublin District—Plumbing and Gasfitting Works and Supplies. Gleeson O Dea and Co., Ltd., Christchurch place, Dublin.

Ennis Civic Guard Station, Co. Clare—Reconstruction of Station. A. Panton Watkinson, 121 St. Stephen's Green, Dublin.

Four Courts, Dublin—Demolition work, etc. J. and P. Good, Ltd., 55 Great Brunswick street, Dublin.

Garrycluff National School, Co. Donegal.—Erection and Furnishing of School. James Kelly, Ballylosky, Carndonagh, Co. Donegal.

Kill o' Grange Dublin Metropolitan Police Barracks—Reconstruction of Barracks. A. Panton Watkinson, 121 St. Stephen's Green, Dublin.

Sligo Custom House—Reconstruction of Custom House. P. McKenna and Sons, Artisan's Dwellings Scheme, Sligo.

HOW CONSTRUCTION COSTS HAVE RISEN.

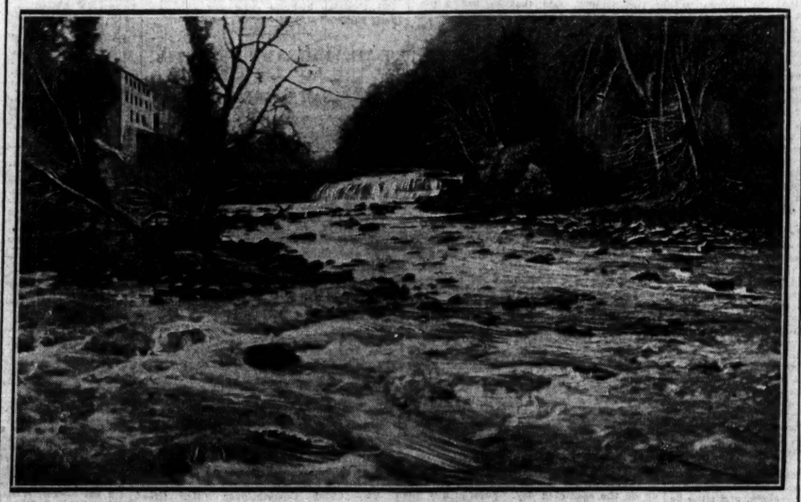
At a meeting of the Law and Finance Committee of Cork Harbour Board, the Engineer, Mr. Price, reported regarding the building of 60ft. length of Kyrl's quay wall that one tender had been received. The price asked in round numbers was £20 per foot run; there was, however, an addition to the tender that might lead to extras. He submitted a table showing the cost of five similar walls constructed between 1912-16, the prices averaging £4 per foot run. Allowing for increases of wages the present fair price for this work would be £12 per foot run, by direct labour. The table showed the cost of quay works during 1912-16, inclusive. The estimate was £5 10s. per foot, except in one case, where it was £5 17s. 9d., and the actual cost ranged from £3 11s. 6d. to £4 8s. 4d.; the total estimate being £4,366 10s. and the cost £2,997 19s. 6d., or £1,368 10s. 6d. under the estimate.

Mr. Mercier said that the tender received was about £1,200, and the Engineer now suggested that the work could be done at a cheaper rate per foot by the Board's own employes. The Committee decided to have the work done by their own staff.

£131,000 ELECTRICITY CONTRACT.

Fulham Borough Council have decided to accept the tender of Messrs. Vickers, Ltd., for £131,000 for plant for the extension of the electric lighting of the borough. There was an offer from a Swiss firm to do the work for £12,000 less.

LIFFEY ELECTRIC POWER SCHEMES.



This photograph of the Salmon Leap shows the area where it is proposed to build a great dam and harness the waters of the Liffey for the purpose of producing electric power. The construction of dam at this point is common to three of the schemes, that of the Dublin Corporation, the Liffey Syndicate, Ltd. and the Anna Liffey Power Development Co., Ltd.

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TIMBER.	Redwood and Whitewood, Deals, Flooring and Sheeting.
CEMENT.	Irish and English Manufactured ex Magheramorne and London Works.
PLASTER.	Irish and Carlisle.
SLATES.	Lord Penrhyn's Blue and Westmorland Green.
TILES.	Roofing, Glazed Wall and Floor Tiles, Minton Hollins & Co., etc.
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BOILERS, TRACTION ENGINES, &c.—"ROBEY."

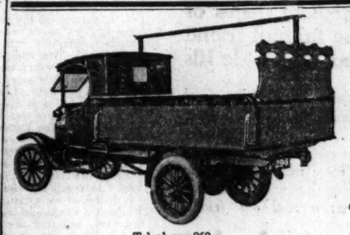
WOODWORKING MACHINERY
"WADKINS."

PIPES
CAST IRON, FOR GAS AND WATER—"PONT-A-MOUSSON."

BRIDGES
CONSTRUCTIONAL STEEL WORK, LOCOMOTIVE BOILERS—"CHANTIERS & ATELIERS DE LA GIRONDE."

ELECTRICAL PLANT A.E.G.

"EVERYTHING ENGINEERING."



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Our Firm have carried out, among others, Roads, Waterworks, and Drainage Contracts for the following Public Bodies in Ireland—

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(5) Kildare Co. Council; (4) Naas U.D.C.; Larne R.D.C.
Monaghan U.D.C.; Macroom U.D.C.; Downpatrick R.D.C.
Dundalk U.D.C.; Rathmines U.D.C.; Naas R.D.C. (4)
Glenties R.D.C. (2); Loughrea R.D.C.

As well as many Contracts in the Curragh and Newbridge Area for the War Dept.

N.B.—The numerals denote the number of Contracts carried out for the particular Council.

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Telegrams—"SPRUCE, DUBLIN."
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EAST ROAD,
NORTH WALL,
DUBLIN.

James O'Keeffe & Co., Ltd.,

Beg to announce that they have taken over the Premises and Main Plant and Machinery of

The East Road Saw Mills,

where their Timber, Packing Case and Cooperage Business will be carried on.

They are retaining their Lower Erne Street premises especially for the Manufacture of their Poultry Houses and Appliances, Green Houses and Joinery.

Please address all Enquiries to

James O'Keeffe & Co., Ltd.,

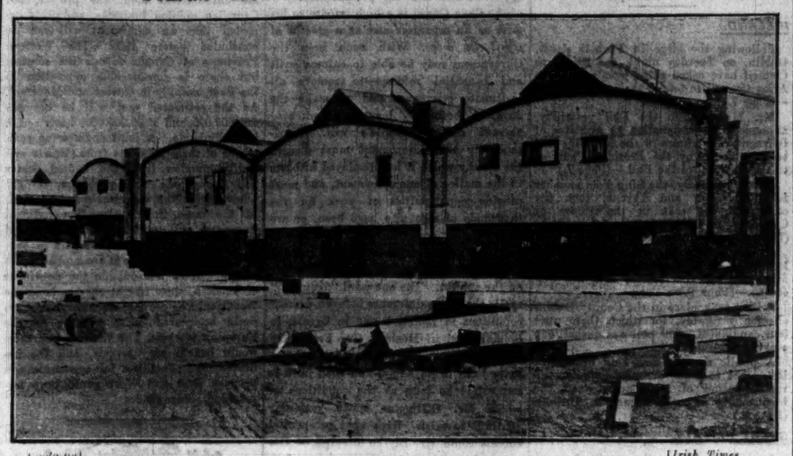
East Road, N. Wall, Dublin.

No connection with any other firm trading under the same name.

BUILDING & RECONSTRUCTION

Previous Article: 6 : 3 : 24 — Next Article: 10 : 4 : 24

STEAM SAW MILLS, EAST ROAD, DUBLIN.



[Irish Times.

In these days of industrial depression it is pleasant to record the extension of an already thriving Dublin industry.

Messrs. James O'Keeffe and Co., Ltd. (the Irish Cooperage and Box Co.), timber merchants, have recently taken over the premises, plant and machinery at the Steam Saw Mills, East road, where Messrs. G. H. Dawson and Co. formerly carried on.

The business of Messrs. O'Keeffe has developed to such an extent in recent times that their original premises in Lower Erne street became inadequate to cope with the volume of work to be done, and a suitable opportunity offering, they took over the East road Steam Saw Mills, which is now their headquarters.

The premises at 1 to 4 Lower Erne street continue to be fully occupied, and are now being devoted specially to the manufacture of greenhouses, poultry houses and appliances, and joinery work.

The photograph shows a view of the saw mills at East road.

CONCRETE BUILDINGS.

STRENGTH AND ARTISTIC EFFECT.

It has been frequently urged by technical writers that the term concrete signifies to the expert something very different from that used and understood by the average builder's labourer. To the latter it probably conveys merely the idea of a mixture, sometimes measured and sometimes not, of ballast and sand with a certain proportion of cement, and brought to a sloppy consistency by the addition of a certain quantity of water.

Such a conglomeration will, doubtless, set quite hard and produce an apparently strong result; in fact, for many purposes there is no particular necessity to trouble about any more exacting details of preparation.

To the modern specialist, however, concrete is a very different proposition, which, if it is to be employed to the best advantage, and used in structures the design of which involves precise mathematical calculations, necessitates technical knowledge of a high order, and considerable practical experience too.

The selection of the materials for the aggregate, together with their gauging and grading, are matters deemed worthy of the greatest care, whilst with regard to the cement the expert leaves nothing to chance, and is not content merely with the assurance that any particular brand of Portland cement complies with the requirements of the British standard specification.

The vital question of mixing cannot, of course, be given too much attention, whether for "precast" or "in situ" methods of construction.

It is rather an extraordinary fact—at any rate, so far as house-building is concerned—that the use of concrete is, as a rule, only contemplated when there is a reasonable prospect of a saving of cost as against the use of bricks or other available materials. The quality of strength is seldom given the consideration it deserves. Concrete blocks, for example, if properly made, are stronger than the normal brick, possessing much greater crushing resistance, and, further, concrete gains strength with age.

One of the objections most frequently raised against the use of concrete for exterior walling is that the material renders it difficult to obtain an artistic appearance, and produces monotony in elevations. This may have been the case in times past, but the objection is unfounded at the present time. The early efforts at attaining architectural and artistic effects in concrete facades were unsuccessful mainly because it was generally attempted to camouflage the concrete by means of applied facings or other materials. It is now realised by specialists that concrete itself needs no apology as a facing material if properly treated. Many of the fine structures at the British Empire Exhibition at Wembley provide striking demonstrations of the possibilities of concrete when applied to exterior elevations. In several important housing schemes, too, most artistic effects have been obtained by varying both the colour and texture of the concrete blocks.

By the introduction of the best iron oxides into the concrete mixture before moulding, many pleasing variations of colour can be obtained, whilst by the use of modern machines it is easily possible to produce surfaces of many different textures, so that architects are enabled to secure charming effects and considerable individuality in the design of houses of all types.

The combination of strength, durability, and artistic possibilities is an attribute of a concrete that requires to be more emphasised. No other building material possesses this valuable asset to a greater extent than concrete.

TENDERS WANTED.

By the Bon Secour Home, Western road, Cork, for additions.

***

By Mr. E. O'Connor for the reconstruction of Bengurrah House, Cahir.

***

By Mr. C. De Groot for alterations and additions to Clydagh Hotel, Greystones.

***

By Very Rev. B. Lavery, P.P., V.F., for building new church at Grange, Kilkeel, Co. Down.

***

By Athlone Urban District Council, by 2nd April, for the completion of fourteen partially erected houses.

***

By Dublin Corporation, by 31st March, for supply of macadam tarred chippings and steel reinforcements.

***

By Rev. M. Fitzgerald, P.P., by 12th April, for the erection of a new presbytery at Firies, Co. Kerry.

***

By Rev. Mother Superioress, by 22nd March, for new drainage and other work at Loretto Convent, Mullingar.

***

For reconstruction of Four Courts Hotel, Dublin. Bills of quantities from Mr. Jas. Mackay, 58 Dame street, Dublin.

***

By Midland Great Western Railway of Ireland Co., by 31st March, for the reconstruction of station building at Sligo.

***

By Pembroke Urban District Council, by 25th March, for the construction of ambulance room and sanitary conveniences at Merrion Gates.

***

By Glenties Rural District Council, by 12th April, for constructing concrete tank at Donia and laying water main in the town of Glenties.

***

By South Dublin Rural District Council, by 25th March, for laying water main and accessories in the Ballymount, Tallaght, district.

***

By Mr. John O'Connell, solicitor, Tralee, by 31st March, for erection of large business premises and residence and stores at Rock street, Tralee.

***

By Rathmines and Rathgar Electricity Department, by 26th March, for supply of cable service, fuse boxes, meters, lamps, stores and oils.

***

By Great Northern Railway (Ireland), by 22 March, for the reconstruction and erection of a steel underline bridge and cylinders between Newbliss and Clones.

***

By the Very Rev. Father Hayes, P.P., St. Catherines, Meath street, Dublin, by 2nd April, for building a new church at Donore avenue, South Circular road.

***

By Co. Meath Board of Health, by 29th March, for structural alterations, additions, plumbing, and extensions of drainage roads and paths at Navan County Hospital.

ITEMS.

A new branch of the Bank of Ireland is to be erected in Barrack street, Nenagh.

Portrush Urban Council is to seek sanction to borrow £2,200 for improvements in the town.

***

There is a proposal on foot to reconstruct the old workhouse at Letterkenny, and utilise the building as a prison.

***

A proposal to transfer the maintainance and repair works at Curragh Camp from Board of Works to Engineers' Corps is under consideration.

***

Belfast Harbour Commissioners invite applications by 26th March for a temporary assistant engineer with experience of harbour constructional work.

***

Longford Rural District Council will, on 29th March, appoint an Engineer to the Council at a salary of £62 10s.

***

The Ministry of (Northern Ireland) Home Affairs has held an enquiry at Lisburn into the proposal to borrow £20,000 for improvements in gas and water works.

***

Cork Rural Council has decided to approach the bank with the object of securing a loan to carry out a scheme to provide a water supply to Blarney at a cost of £2,500.

***

Coleraine Urban Council accepted the tender of Messrs. Kennedy and Sons, Coleraine, for job No. 1, at the gas works; and the tenders of Messrs. R. and J. Dempster, Manchester, at £1,654 and £350 for jobs No. 2 and 3 respectively.

***

Cork Harbour Board has received from Mr. Ernest Latham, Consulting Engineer, London, a long report dealing with the Tivoli reclamation and dredging proposals, and a bill for £286 15s. 7d.

TOWN PLANNING CONFERENCE AND EXHIBITION.

The Department of Town Planning in the University of London was founded in 1914. This year marks the tenth anniversary, and it has been decided to hold at University College, Gower street, from March 31 to April 5, a Conference and Exhibition.

This exhibition is to consist of the work of past and present students and of proposals and incidents of particular interest in the neighbourhood of London. The conference, to which all members and officials of local authorities are especially invited, is meant to help in the technical difficulties of statutory town planning.

The opening ceremony will be performed on March 31 by Prince Arthur of Connaught.

On Tuesday, April 1—Address by Dr. Raymond Unwin will be given on "Zoning requirements of Town Planning Schemes under the Act."

On Wednesday, April 2—An address by Mr. George Pepler on "The Technique of preparing Maps in connection with Town Planning Schemes."

On Thursday, April 3—An address by Dr. Gibbon on "Town Planning Schemes in their relation to Regional Development."

On Friday, April 4—an address by Mr. Topham Forrest on "Architectural Interests involved in the making of Town Planning Schemes."

L.G.D. ULTIMATUM TO FERMOY C.C.

At a meeting of Fermoy Urban Council the Clerk read the following letter received from the Local Government Department under date 21st February:—

"With reference to your letter of the 6th inst., relative to the amended tender received by the Fermoy Urban District Council for the erection of eight houses under the Working Classes Acts, I am directed by the Minister for Local Government to point out that the cost of building (excluding the provision of sewers and water mains) remans at the sum of £5580, even if the reductions indicated in the enclosure to your letter are effected. It will be observed that in arriving at this figure reduction No. 5 has been eliminated, as it is merely problematical. As already explained in the Minister's letter of the 12th December last, houses of the type proposed by the Council have been provided under ordinary conditions by local authorities at prices varying from £475 to £550, and the Minister is not prepared to approve of the amount of the tender now in question. I am at the same time to refer the Council to the suggestion contained in the third paragraph of his letter of the 12th December, as to securing such co-operation between the contractor and the building operatives as will enable the houses to be provided at a reasonable cost. In this connection I am now to state that unless a building tender not exceeding the sum of £570 per house is obtained within five weeks from this date the Minister will withdraw the Council's share, viz., £4,606 in the Government grant of one million pounds."

It was decided to supply each member of the Council with a copy of the letter, and discuss the subject at the monthly meeting.

ARCHITECTS' CONFERENCE.

The annual conference of the Royal Institute of British Architects and its allied societies in the United Kingdom and the Dominions overseas will take place at Oxford from July 9 to July 12. A preliminary programme is in course of preparation by the Executive Committee, under the chairmanship of Mr. Edward P. Warren, F.S.A., president of the Berks, Bucks, and Oxon, Architectural Association. It is anticipated that a record number of members of the R.I.B.A. and the allied societies in the United Kingdom and in the Dominions overseas will be present at the meetings, the banquet, the visits and the excursions which are now being arranged by the Executive Committee. The remarkable popularity of the previous conferences at Liverpool, Cardiff, and Edinburgh, and the attractions offered by Oxford to a gathering of architects, should contribute to ensure a memorable success for the conference of 1924.

COMING EVENTS.

March 20-22 — Ideal Homes Exhibition, Olympia.
April 14—Engineering and Scientific Association of Ireland. Paper on "Garages" by Mr. L. Murphy—University College, Earlsfort terrace.
March 20-23—Geneva Motor Vehicle Exhibition, international.
March 21—Dublin Society of Model and Experimental Engineers. Paper on "Electricity for the Model Engineer," by Mr. S. Heycock, at University College, Earlsfort terrace. April 4—"Wireless Control of Models," by Mr. R. R. Fuller.
April to Oct.—British Empire Exhibition—Wembley.
April 1-16—Brussels—Fifth Trade Fair, international.
April 11-26—Building Exhibition, Olympia.
April 24-25-26—Engineers' Hall, 25 Dawson street—Annual Exhibition of Dublin Society of Model and Experimental Engineers.
April 28-May 9—British Industries Fair. Shepherd's Bush, London, Birmingham Section, May 12-23.
May 5-10—Town Planning Institute Conference—Wembley Exhibition Halls.
May 13-16—Tobacco Exhibition, Amsterdam.
May 14-17—Royal Dublin Agricultural Show, Ballsbridge.
May 17-27—Geneva—Wireless Telegraphy and Telephony Exhibition.
May 29-30—Royal Ulster Agricultural Show, Belfast.
July 1-15—Commercial Industrial and Agricultural Sample Fair—Dunkirk, France.
July 8-9—Munster Agricultural Show, Cork.
July 9-12—Royal Institute of British Architects at Oxford.
July 14-19—Exhibition of Sanitary Apparatus at Liverpool in connection with Congress of Royal Sanitary Institute.
July 14-19—International Advertising Conventions—At British Empire Exhibition, Wembley.
July 18-August 18—International Exhibition for Commerce and Industry at Tilburg, Holland.
July 28-August 16—Deep Sea Fishing Exhibition—Royal Agricultural Hall, Islington.
Aug. 5-8—Royal Dublin Society's Horse Show, Ballsbridge.
Sept. 5-27—Machine, Tool and Engineering Exhibition, Olympia.

BRICKS FOR ROAD MAKING.

MAY LAST THIRTY YEARS WITHOUT REPAIRS.

Road engineers and surveyors will perhaps look askance at the suggestion, which has just been made to the British Ministry of Transport, that bricks should be used as surfacing on roads subjected to heavy traffic. The layman, too, influenced in his judgment by the appearance of the bricks used in building, will probably be incredulous as to their ability to stand the shock and wear of fast-travelling and heavily laden lorries.

Bricks have been used for a long time in the United States as a surface paving for roads, and a special organisation, known as the National Paving Brick Manufacturers' Association, exists to secure the necessary co-ordination and co-operation among manufacturers and to keep before the public the claims of this type of surfacing.

The East Denbighshire County Council intend to lay a trial section 200 yards long and about seven yards wide between Rhosymedre and Cefn Bychan. On one half the bricks will be laid flat and on the other on edge. The existing road, which is waterbound macadam, will be used as a foundation, and will be coated with a thin bed of sand to equalise irregularities. The bricks are being supplied by Mr. J. C. Edwards, of Ruabon, who will not receive payment for two years, and only then if the surface proves satisfactory. Bitumen will be used for the joining in accordance with the specification of the British Paving Brick Association and the instructions of Mr. Arthur E. Brown, the manager of the association, who will personally supervise the work.

In Yorkshire the Keighley Borough Council have accepted the tender of the Borough Brick Company, of Nelson, Lancashire, for constructing in East parade a trial section of about 100 yards in length. The cost of this section is 8s. 1d. per square yard, which compares favourably with the cost of bituminous road surfacing. The surface of the existing road, which is composed of granite setts, old and badly worn, will be taken up and a concrete foundation laid to receive the brick surfacing. In this case all the bricks will be laid on edge.

In Lancashire a trial section of about 50 yards in length is being laid down in Brunswick street, Nelson. In this case also the bricks are being supplied by the Borough Brick Company, of Nelson, Lancs., who have agreed to a similar arrangement for deferred payment. Samples of all the bricks to be used in these three trial sections have been tested in the Rattler machine, belonging to the British Paving Brick Association.

These three experimental sections have been definitely decided upon, but it is highly probable that particulars of other sections to be constructed in various districts of Lancashire and also in Gloucestershire will be available in due course.

Another important point is the elimination of skidding. In 1909, after the recurrence of serious accidents and after exhaustive trials of a number of different types of road surfaces, the Speedway motor racing track at Indianapolis, Indiana, U.S.A., was paved throughout with brick, the total length being 2½ miles. No skidding has occurred on this track, and the record for 500 miles is at the rate of 89.4 miles an hour. Impermeability is another advantage claimed for brick paving. It is not desirable that the bricks should be completely impermeable, as they would then tend to be brittle, but suitable bricks can be manufactured which will not absorb more than 5 per cent. of their weight of water. Perhaps the most striking quality claimed for brick surfacing is its durability. American examples show that brick roads can last in perfect condition for over thirty years without costing a penny in repairs. Striking examples are the roads subjected to the heavy steel traffic in Cleveland, in the United States, which were laid on dry foundations thirty years ago. Within the last twelve months these highways have been disturbed in order to lay tramways, and it was found that they were perfectly dry underneath and that there had been no movement in the foundation.

IDLE MEN IN THE BUILDING TRADE.

In answer to a question by Mr. John Good in the Dail, Mr. Blythe (for the Minister of Industry and Commerce) stated that the numbers of carpenters, bricklayers, and plasterers who had claims to unemployment benefit current on the 25th of last month—the last date on which figures are immediately available—are:—In the Saorstat—Carpenters 659, bricklayers 210, plasterers 78; City of Dublin—Carpenters 244, bricklayers 142, plasterers 35; County of Dublin—Carpenters 8, bricklayers 16, and plasterers 2.

FERRO-CONCRETE ROAD LIGHTHOUSE.

At Congleton, Cheshire, Sir Henry Maybury, Director-General of Roads, Ministry of Transport, opened a road lighthouse, built of ferro-concrete, standing 28ft. high, and situated at the bend of Rood Hill, which is considered to be one of the most dangerous places in the country, and which has claimed many victims.

The lower part of the lighthouse has two 6ft. windows with a canvas sign bearing the words: "Dangerous Hill. Change to Low Gear." The wording is illuminated at night by incandescent gas burners of 2,000 candle-power. The upper part of the tower has other illuminated signals indicating danger, and at the top is a powerful flash lamp. The lighthouse room is to be used by the Royal Automobile Club, and will be at the disposal of motorists, who will be able to use the gas stove and the hot and cold water supply.

The cost of widening the hill and of erecting the walls and lighthouse was £7,004, of which the Ministry of Transport paid 50 per cent.

SAW MILLS FOR SALE.

On Wednesday next, Messrs. William Montgomery and Son, auctioneers (of 24 Suffolk street, Dublin), will offer for sale, on the premises, the Monasterevan Saw Mills. The sale will include the entire buildings, machinery, plant and stock, as stated in advertisement on another page.

£700,000 DOCK CONTRACT.

The most important contract of an engineering character placed in the West of Scotland for a long time past is that which has been secured by Messrs. Shanks and McEwan, railway and public works contractors, Glasgow, for the construction of the quay walls of the Clyde Trustees' new dock at Shieldhall. This contract, the tender for which was £721,716, means the excavation of trenches for, and the construction of, walls 5,750ft. in length, enclosing a dock 350ft. in width, with a water area of 40½ acres and a depth at low water of 32ft. The dredging out of the basin will be done by the Trustees themselves while arrangements have still to be made for the construction of sheds, railway sidings, cranes, etc. The estimated cost of all the works is about £1,500,000.

BIG ROAD CONTRACT.

The tender of Messrs. Walter Jones and Sons, Ltd., of 64 Victoria street, London, S.W.1, has been accepted at £86,019 for the construction of a new road 1.6 miles long, beginning at Finchley road, Hampstead, and terminating at the North Circular road, Hendon. This contract, known as Contract No. 1, Section No. 1, of the North-Western Arterial Roads, is the first to be placed in the Middlesex area in connection with an authorised scheme involving a total estimated expenditure of £1,600,000.

FERRO-CONCRETE LIONS.

The six lions which will flank the broad flight of steps leading up to the portico of the Government Pavilion at Wembley are made of concrete. They have been designed on a massive scale and will be 20 ft. long and 6 ft. high, and are conventional adaptations of the lions in Trafalgar square. They were first modelled on a small scale. The first model was 1-24th full size, the second 1-4th full size. The full-size lion is cast in no more than twenty-five moulds, each interlocking with the other. The casting takes three days, and the setting three days.

J. P. Corry & Co. LTD.
BUILDERS' PROVIDERS,
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Importers of all classes of Softwoods and Hardwoods, Cement, Slates, Sewer Pipes, etc. We hold at present good stocks of the following specialities:—

"Vanesta"
3 ply wood in 3 sizes:—
53" x 39" 53" x 45" 60" x 40"

B.R.C. Steel Fabric
Selling at B.R.C. Company's own standard prices.

Beaver Board
Sheets from 6' to 16' long, by 4' & 3' wide

Steelcrete
Master Builders' Hardener, which has proved itself the most satisfactory floor hardener on the market.

All enquiries are dealt with by return of post and orders despatched with speed and in strict rotation.

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Architects' Plans and Specifications carefully and expeditiously carried out for

ALL CLASSES OF BUILDING.

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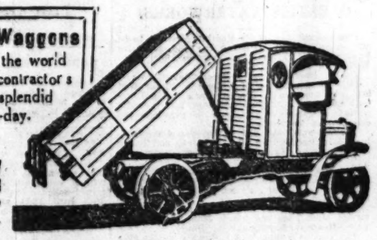

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SLATES, 15½" x 15½" and 24" x 12", Russet, Red, Blue, Grey.
TRAFFORD TILES.
ROOFING AND SIDING MATERIAL, 4' 0" x 3' 6" on PURLINS, 3' 6" Centres.
RUSSET "ENDUROL" TILES.
HIGHLY DECORATIVE FOR BUNGALOWS. 24" x 16", on Battens, 20" Centres.
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FOR PANELS, DADOS, FRIEZES, &c.
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LOCKS, HINGES, SCREWS, NAILS.
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Large Stocks. Prompt Delivery. Keen Prices.
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FRICKER BRAND
MADE IN ENGLAND.
FRICKER'S METAL CO., Ltd.,
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PLUMBING, HEATING, DRAINAGE.
Telephone 3423. Telegrams—"Leading, Dublin."

LA BOULONNAISE—French Artificial Portland Cement
THE FINEST CEMENT IN THE WORLD
See How it Surpasses the British Standard Requirements

	Fineness of Grinding Residue per cent. Standard Sieves.		Setting Time. Initial.	Setting Time. Final.	Soundness Le Chatelier.	Tensile Strength (lbs. per sq. inch) Neat Cement.	Tensile Strength (lbs. per sq. inch) 3 Parts Standard Sand. 1 Part Cement.
	76 x 180	76 x 76	Mins.	Mins.	24 Hours.	7 days.	7 days.
British Standard Specification.	Not more than 14%	1%	Not less than 20 mins.	Not more than 600 mins.	Not more than 10 m/m	Not less than 450 lbs.	Not less than 200 lbs.
Actual Test of La Boulonnaise Cement. 13/8/24	8·7	·3	160	375	1·0	712 lbs.	472 lbs.
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Irish-Made Jute Scrim
For convenience of Dublin Builders and Slab Manufacturers we are Holding a Large Stock in Standard Widths at our Dublin Warehouse:
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'Phone No. 262. Telegrams—"Jute, Dublin."
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We specialise in all classes of constructional work at lowest prices. Machinery repairs and overhauls carried out expeditiously by skilled mechanics. Write or call to-day
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UNSURPASSED IN DURABILITY.
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MANUFACTURERS,
WATERFORD & NEW ROSS
AGENTS EVERYWHERE.

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TO-NIGHT AT 7.45, PERSONAL VISIT OF
FRED TERRY,
VIOLET FAREBROTHER,
AND ACTUAL LONDON COMPANY,
In the World-Famous Play,
THE SCARLET PIMPERNEL
MATINEE SATURDAY AT 2.30.

GAIETY THEATRE.
MONDAY NEXT, FOR SIX NIGHTS, AT 7.45.
ROBERT COURTNEIDGE presents Mr.
FRED KERR
AND THE SAVOY THEATRE COMPANY,
In the Screaming Anglo-American Comedy,
SO THIS IS LONDON!
MATINEES, WEDNESDAY & SATURDAY, 2.30.
USUAL PRICES. NOW BOOKING.

OLYMPIA THEATRE.
(LATE EMPIRE)
TWICE NIGHTLY ..... 6.45 and 9 o'c.
The record-breaking Musical Comedy Revue,
"BUBBLE AND SQUEAK."
All-Star Cast, including
CHARLIE RICH and ELSIE ROBY,
And the Six Get-Rich-Quick Girls, and
FULL LONDON BEAUTY CHORUS.
Box Office—11-4. 'Phone—3308.

ABBEY THEATRE.
TO-NIGHT AND FOLLOWING NIGHTS AT 8.
MATINEE SATURDAY, 2.30.
THE GLORIOUS UNCERTAINTY,
A Comedy in Three Acts, by
BRINSLEY MacNAMARA.
Booking at Theatre. 'Phone 3268.

BOHEMIAN PICTURE THEATRE, PHIBSBORO' ROAD.
TO-DAY, TO-MORROW, and SATURDAY,
WANDA HAWLEY
AND
NIGEL BARRIE
IN
"THE LIGHTS OF LONDON,"
By GEO. R. SIMS.
A PICTURE WITH MANY FINE SCENES,
Including the Great
OXFORD AND CAMBRIDGE BOAT RACE.

PRINCESS, RATHMINES.
"THE PROBLEM ETERNAL."
STOLL PICTURE. Starring EILEEN SEDGWICK.
MONDAY SPECIAL:
NORMA TALMADGE IN
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THE CARLTON.
ALL THIS WEEK,
MAE MURRAY in
"THE FRENCH DOLL."

THE SACKVILLE PICTURE HOUSE — Constance Talmadge in "THE PRIMITIVE LOVER." Also Harold Lloyd in "DOCTOR'S ORDERS."

METROPOLE CINEMA.
MARIA CORDA
In
"SAMSON AND DELILAH,"
An Old-World Story ingeniously linked with Modern Life.

THE GRAFTON.
NOW SHOWING
"THE FAMOUS MRS. FAIR."
JAMES FORBES' BRILLIANT STUDY OF A WOMAN AND HER VANITY.
Starring
MYRTLE STEDMAN, HUNTLY GORDON, MARGUERITE DE LA MOTTE, CULLEN LANDIS, CARMEL MYERS.

CORINTHIAN.
EARL WILLIAMS and WANDA HAWLEY,
With All-Star Cast, in
"MASTERS OF MEN."

STELLA, RATHMINES.
WALLACE BEERY and ESTELLE TAYLOR in
"THE U.P."
The Greatest Mystery Thriller Ever Made.
Mermaid Comedy, Pictorial, Gazette.

ROTUNDA PICTURES.
"QUEEN OF SHEBA."
Fox Super Film.
PEARL WHITE in "PLUNDER."

PEMBROKE TENNIS CLUB.
A DANCE
Will be held in the
METROPOLE BALLROOM,
ON TO-MORROW (FRIDAY), 21st MARCH,
8 to 11.30.
FULL ADELAIDE MELODY BAND.
TICKETS—6/
A few can still be had from Members of the Committee or from 112b Lower Baggot street.

RAILWAYS.

MIDLAND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.
ROSCOMMON (PIG), CARRICK (PIG), BALLAGHADEREEN (PIG), COLLOONEY (CATTLE) FAIRS,
MONDAY, 24th MARCH, 1924.
On Sunday, 23rd March, a special passenger train will leave Dublin (Broadstone) at 10.0 a.m. for Roscommon, Carrick, Ballaghaderreen and Collooney, calling at Clonsilla 10.15 a.m., Maynooth 10.30 a.m., Kilcock 10.41 a.m., Enfield 10.58 a.m., Hill of Down 11.23 a.m., Kilbeggan 11.53 a.m., Mullingar 11.51 a.m.
M. F. KEOGH, General Manager.

CONTRACTS.

GLENTIES RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL.
GLENTIES WATERWORKS.
This Council will, at its Monthly Meeting, to be held on SATURDAY, APRIL 12th, 1924, at Twelve Noon, consider Tenders for executing the above Works.
The Works covered by the Specification include:—
(a). The construction of a Concrete Intake Well in Lough Anna and a Concrete Tank in the Townland of Dorris, with all necessary pipes, special castings, valves, etc., as shown in Drawings and described in Specification.
(b). The supplying and laying of a 4-inch cast-iron Main from Intake Well to Tank, and thence to the town of Glenties, with valves, special castings, etc.
(c). The supplying and laying of a 3-inch cast-iron Main in the streets of Glenties, with fountains, hydrants, valves, etc., as set forth on Plans and Specification.
(d). The supplying and laying of wrought-iron service pipes from the 3-inch Main to the Stone Park House and Stranakivlin House.
The work to be completed within six months after the Contractor has signed his Contract Bond, under penalty for delay of £10 a week.
The Plans and Specification can be seen at my Office at Glenties. They should be carefully considered, and the site for the Tank, etc., inspected before tendering, as no extra payment beyond the Contract Amount will be allowed.
Tenderers shall name two solvent sureties willing to join the Contractor within 14 days from acceptance in a bond for the due performance of his contract.
Tenders should be lodged with me before Twelve o'clock noon on the 12th April, 1924, in sealed envelopes, and endorsed (the Council reserves the right of accepting the lowest or any Tender) "Tender for Waterworks."
MICHAEL M'NELIS,
Clerk of Council.
Glenties, March 14th, 1924.

CORPORATION OF DUBLIN.
CONTRACT FOR MAINTENANCE OF WEIGHBRIDGES.
Tenders are invited for the Maintenance of Weighbridges under the control of the Dublin Corporation for a period of six months commencing 1st April, 1924. Specification and Form of Tender can be obtained at the office of Mr. M. J. Buckley, Borough Surveyor, 28 Castle street, on payment of one shilling.
Sealed Tenders, endorsed "Tender for Weighbridge Maintenance," and addressed to the Chairman Housing, Workshops and Supplies Committee, must reach me not later than 12 noon on Monday, the 31st inst.
By Order,
JOHN J. MURPHY, Town Clerk.
19th March, 1924.

ACCOMMODATION FOR CUSTOMS AT ROSSLARE PIER.
The Directors of the Great Southern and Western Railway are prepared to receive Tenders for the Erection of Offices at Rosslare Pier (about 40,000 cub. ft.).
Drawings can be seen on or after the 25th inst. at the offices of the Chief Engineer, Inchicore, Dublin, from whom copies of the specification and quantities can be obtained.
A charge of one guinea will be made for the specification and quantities, which will be returnable on receipt of a bona fide tender.
Tenders, endorsed on the outside "Accommodation for Customs, Rosslare Pier," should be forwarded, so as to reach the undersigned not later than 10 a.m. on the 15th prox.
The directors do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.
C. E. RILEY, Secretary.
Kingsbridge Terminus, Dublin.
15th March, 1924.

BELFAST READERS.
THE IRISH TIMES is due to arrive in Belfast at 9.10 a.m. If it is not delivered within a reasonable time please communicate with our Branch Office,
159 Royal Avenue.
Telephone—Belfast, 1787.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS

THEATRE ROYAL
6.45 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY ..... 9.0.
THE WORLD-FAMOUS
SWANEE MINSTRELS.
A MIRTHQUAKE OF MELODY.
GILLIE POTTER, POLLY MEADOWS,
Donald McKay, The Flying Potters, Jack Audley,
LOCH AND LOMOND.

FLORENCE AUSTRAL
WILL SING AT A
GRAND CHARITY CONCERT
IN THE
THEATRE ROYAL, DUBLIN,
23rd MARCH, AT 8.30 p.m.
AUSTRAL,
The World-Famed Dramatic Soprano,
Will be supported by
JOAN FANNY VINCENT,
(Late of Beecham Opera Company),
AND OTHER PROMINENT ARTISTES.
Unique opportunity to hear the greatest Wagnerian singer of our day.
Popular prices—7/6, 5/9, 3/6, 2/4.
BOOK SEATS EARLY.

TIVOLI (6.45 and 9 Tel 4125) THEATRE
VICTOR KELLY JACK SHIELDS,
And a Lady. Mimetic Comedian.
Molly West, Arthur Woodville,
Conway and Leland, Billy Mosford,
HUNTER AND BOB.

PAVILION, DUN LAOGHAIRE
TO-DAY, TO-MORROW and SATURDAY.
CECIL B. DE MILLE'S Master Production,
"MANSLAUGHTER."
One of the Most Famous Pictures of the Year.
Starring TIOS. MEIGHAN and LOIS WILSON.
At 3.30, 6 and 8.35. Larry Semon Comedy, etc.

LA SCALA THEATRE.
TO-DAY, 3-10.30. CONTINUOUS.
POLA NEGRI
IN
"MAD LOVE."
Supported by full Comedy and Interest Programme.
NEXT WEEK,
"VOTE FOR SQUIBS, M.P."

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE OF CHARITABLE BEQUESTS.
NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to section 19 of the Act, 30 and 31 Vic., Cap. 54, that by her last Will, dated the 30th day of October, 1914, Martha Leeper, formerly of Ballinatone, Welchtown, and late of Stranorlar, in the County of Donegal, Spinster, who died on the 23rd day of October, 1923, bequeathed the following charitable legacies:—
1—£100 to the Trustees of the Congregation of the Reformed Presbyterian Church at Stranorlar, on trust, to invest same and pay the income thereof in aid of the Stipend Fund for the Minister for the time being of said congregation, said legacy to be free of death duty.
2—The residue of Testatrix's personal estate bequeathed unto the Trustees of the Synod of the Reformed Presbyterian Church of Ireland for the benefit of the Congregational Aid Fund of said Church, the receipt of the Treasurer for the time being to be a sufficient discharge to her executors for such residue.
And Notice is hereby further given that Probate of the said Will was granted forth of the High Court of Justice, Sacrstat Eireann, the Principal Probate Registry, on the 20th day of February, 1924, to the Reverend Hawthorne Davidson, of the Reformed Presbyterian Manse, Stranorlar, in the County of Donegal, one of the Executors named in the said Will, reserving the rights of Robert A. Cunningham, the other Executor.
Dated this 18th day of March, 1924.
WILSON and SIMMS, Solicitors for the said Executor, 12 Molesworth street, Dublin; and Strabane.
To the Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests, Dublin, and to all persons concerned.

SAORSTAT EIREANN.
Pursuant to an Order of the Chancery Division of the High Court of Justice made in the Matter of the Estate of
JAMES CHAPMAN, late of 3 Castlewood Park, Rathmines, in the County of Dublin, Retired Confectioner, deceased, and in a cause "Wells v. The Attorney-General, Sinonist Trustees" (1924, No 127), the creditors of the said James Chapman, late of 3 Castlewood Park, Rathmines, in the County of Dublin, retired Confectioner, deceased, who died in or about the month of January, 1924, are, on or before the 22nd day of May, 1924, to send by post (prepaid) to Mr. Hastings Dare, Draper, of 5 St. Andrew street, in the City of Dublin, the Solicitor for the Plaintiff, the Administratrix with the Will annexed of the Deceased, their Christian and surname, addresses, and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them; or, in default thereof, they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Order.
Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before the Chancery Judge, at his Chambers, Law Courts, Dublin, on the 28th day of May, 1924, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudicating on the claims.
Dated this 19th day of March, 1924.
THOS. W. ELLEKER, Chief Clerk.

SAORSTAT EIREANN.
HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE—PROBATE.
In the Goods of
ANNIE MARIA MURPHY, late of Number 23 Crosthwaite Park, Kingstown, County Dublin, Widow, Deceased.
Take Notice, that on the expiration of eight days from the date hereof, application will be made to the proper Officer of the High Court of Justice, Saorstat Eireann, Probate, for a grant of Probate of the above-named Deceased, who died at St. Vincent's Hospital, Stephen's Green, Dublin, on the 14th day of December, 1920, on behalf of Michael Aloysius Murphy, of Ashmount, Clonygowan, Partarlington, King's County, one of the Executors named in the Will of the said Deceased.
And further take Notice, that the said grant may issue, unless a Caveat has been lodged within the aforesaid eight days.
Dated this 20th day of March, 1924.
LITTLE and CULLEN, Solicitors for the said Executor, 24 St. Andrew street, Dublin.
To all whom it may concern.

In the Goods of
JOHN O'NEILL, Deceased. Upper William street, Limerick.
Any persons having claims against the above Deceased should furnish full particulars, in writing, to the undersigned Solicitors for the Executors.
R. McNAMARA and CO., Solicitors, 48 O'Connell street, Limerick.

STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
JOHN WILLIAM ROBERT GREGG, late of Rathlesgue, Maryborough, Deceased.
All persons having claims against the estate of the above-named Deceased are required to furnish written particulars of such claims to the undersigned Solicitor for the Executrix on or before the 19th April, 1924, after which date the assets will be distributed, having regard only to the claims of which particulars shall have been furnished.
Dated the 19th day of March, 1924.
C. H. DENROCHE, 32 Nassau street, Dublin.

In the Matter of the Estate of
JOHN McEVOY formerly of Aghada, County Cork, School Master, Deceased.
All persons having claims against the estate of the Deceased, who died on 29th November, 1923, at Melrose, Howth, Co. Dublin, are required to send particulars of such claims to the undersigned Solicitor for Mrs. Catherine Bowen, of Melrose, Howth, Co. Dublin, Widow, the sole Executrix of the Deceased, not later than 18th April, 1924, after which date the Executrix will proceed to administer the estate, having regard only to the claims notice of which shall then have been received.
Dated 12th March, 1924.
JOSEPH H. DIXON, Solicitor, 16 Parnell square, Dublin.

IN THE GOODS OF
JOHN MATTHEWS, late of Peterville, in the County of Meath, Farmer, Deceased, who died on 11th January, 1888.
Take Notice that after the expiration of eight days from the date hereof an application will be made to the King's Bench Division of the High Court of Justice, Sarostat Eireann (Probate), for a Grant of Letters of Administration to the estate of above-named Deceased, unless within the time aforesaid a Caveat be lodged against the issue of such Grant.
Dated 19th day of March, 1924.
JUSTIN C. McKENNA, Solicitor for Applicant, 25 Stephen's Green, Dublin.
To all persons concerned.

IN THE GOODS OF
PATRICK TIERNEY, late of Blackhills, in the County of Cavan, Widower and Farmer, Deceased, who died on 30th April, 1900.
Take Notice that after the expiration of eight days from the date hereof an application will be made to the King's Bench Division of the High Court of Justice, Sarostat Eireann (Probate), for a Grant of Letters of Administration to the estate of above-named Deceased, unless within the time aforesaid a Caveat be lodged against the issue of such Grant.
Dated 19th day of March, 1924.
JUSTIN C. McKENNA, Solicitor for Applicant, 25 Stephen's Green, Dublin.
To all persons concerned.

ADVERTISEMENTS.
The following is the order of Advertisements in to-day's *Irish Times*:—

First Page.	Sixth Page.
Births, Marriages and Deaths.	Amusements.
Shipping	Railways.
Hotels.	Contracts.
Horses.	Legal Notices.
Lost and Found.	Public Notices.
Situations Vacant and Wanted.	Sermons.
Medical	Twelfth Page.
Tuitions.	Auctions.
Second Page.	Houses and Lands.
Cycles and Motor Cars.	Horses, etc.
Specific Articles for Sale and Wanted.	Business Premises.
Furniture.	Stabling to Let and Wanted.
Music, Pianos, etc.	Houses to Let and Wanted.
Dress for Sale & Wanted.	Seaside and Country.
Garden.	Apartments.
Poultry, Eggs, Dairy, etc.	Miscellaneous.

J. W. ELVERY & CO., LTD.
FOOTBALL, HOCKEY, GOLF, BADMINTON, &c.
GIRL GUIDE & BOY SCOUT OUTFITS.
ATTACHE CASES.
FIBRE FROM 3/6.
LEATHER FROM 10/6.
SCHOOL SATCHELS.
KNAPSACK DESIGN FROM 3/6.
ELEPHANT HOUSE,
45 & 46 LR. O'CONNELL ST. / 76 MIDDLE ABBEY ST. / 34 NASSAU ST. / 65 DAWSON ST. } DUBLIN.
Also at CORK and LONDON.

THOMPSONS,
8 Westmoreland Street.
Tailors for Three Generations.
Lounge Suits to Order, 6 to 12 guineas.
READY TO WEAR SUITS, 4 TO 7 GNS.

SCOTCH WHISKY.
"JOHNNIE WALKER."
WE BEG TO INTIMATE THAT
MR. W. LA COUSE MURPHY,
OF
8 COPE STREET, DUBLIN,
HAS BEEN APPOINTED TO ACT AS
OUR REPRESENTATIVE IN
THE FREE STATE.
JOHN WALKER & SONS, LTD.,
DISTILLERS,
KILMARNOCK.
W.H.Co.

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.
"ASTORIA,"
OPPOSITE HIBERNIAN HOTEL,
16 DAWSON STREET (1st Floor).
Is now Serving
A FULL 3-COURSE LUNCH
For 1/9 (Tickets system).
This includes
Quick Service and Comfort.
AFTERNOON TEA
AS YOU LIKE IT.
H. M. FITZPATRICK.

METROPOLE RESTAURANT.
TABLE D'HOTE LUNCHEON
(3 Courses) WILL BE SERVED DAILY
In the 2nd Floor,
From 1 o'clock p.m. to 3 o'clock p.m.
2/6.
THE CITY'S PROMPTEST SERVICE.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CHEEVERSTOWN CONVALESCENT HOME FOR LITTLE CHILDREN OF THE POOR.
THE ANNUAL MEETING
Of Subscribers and Friends will be held
TO-DAY (THURSDAY), MARCH 20th, 1924,
At 101 ST. STEPHEN'S GREEN,
At 4.30 o'clock.
TEA AT 4 O'CLOCK.

THE MEETING ARRANGED BY THE IRISH WOMEN'S INDEPENDENT ASSOCIATION FOR TO-DAY at 35 DAWSON STREET HAS BEEN UNAVOIDABLY CANCELLED.

SAORSTAT EIREANN.
PEMBROKE URBAN DISTRICT
BOROUGH FUNDS (IRELAND) ACT, 1888.
Notice is hereby given that at a Special Meeting of the Urban District Council of Pembroke, held in the Council Chamber, Town Hall, Ballsbridge, on Tuesday, the 18th March, 1924, at 5.30 o'clock p.m.,
The following Resolution was passed by an absolute majority of the whole number of said Council, viz.:—
That in the judgment of the Pembroke Urban District Council, being the governing body of the Pembroke Urban District, it is expedient for the Council to oppose the Bills entitled:
Dublin Electricity Supply Bill,
East Leinster Electricity Supply Bill,
Irish Hydro and Peat Electric Power Bill,
now being promoted in the present Session of Oireachtas, and that the expenses of and in relation to such opposition be charged on and paid out of the District Fund and General District Rate, the Revenues of the Electric Lighting undertaking and other Funds and Rates of the Urban District Council, and be debited to such accounts and in such proportions as the Council may determine, and that all necessary steps be taken by the proper one of such opposition and for complying with the provisions of the Borough Funds (Ireland) Act, 1888, in relation thereto; and the consent of the Council is hereby given to such opposition.
Dated this 18th day of March, 1924.
JOSHUA C. MAHONY, Clerk to the Urban District Council of Pembroke.
Town Hall, Ballsbridge,
Pembroke, Co. Dublin.

THE SOCIETY OF INCORPORATED ACCOUNTANTS AND AUDITORS.
(A.D. 1885.)
EXAMINATIONS.
The next Examinations of candidates resident in Ireland will be held in Dublin and Belfast on the following dates:—
Preliminary Examination on May 8th and 6th.
Intermediate " " " 7th and 8th.
Final " " " 6th, 7th and 8th.
Candidates desirous of presenting themselves must give notice on or before the 1st April, 1924.
Women are eligible under the Society's regulations to qualify as Incorporated Accountants upon the same terms and conditions as are applicable to men.
Forms of application and all information may be obtained of the Hon. Secretary of the Irish Branch, Mr. Walker, Incorporated Accountant, Star Assurance Buildings, 12/14 College Green, Dublin; or of the undersigned:
By Order of the Council,
A. A. GARRETT, Secretary.
50 Gresham street, LONDON, E.C.2.

LAND ACT.
FEE-FARM AND LONG LEASE-HOLDERS.
A MEETING OF ABOVE WILL BE HELD AT LIMERICK JUNCTION
AT ONE O'CLOCK, on SATURDAY, 22nd.
R. J. RICE, Derrylusakan, Fethard.

AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL PROVIDENT SOCIETY.
It is the intention of the Society on or after the 27th May, 1924, to issue a Special Policy in lieu of the original Policy, No. 701,607, on the life of Brian Dwyer O'Kennedy, which is declared to have been lost.
Dated, at Sydney, this 15th day of March, 1924.
H. W. APPERLY, General Manager.
73-76 King William street, LONDON, E.C.4.

THE MERSEY DOCKS AND HARBOUR BOARD are prepared to receive Loans of £20 and upwards, as may be agreed upon, on the security of their BONDS, at interest at the rate of 4½ per centum, per annum, payable half-yearly, for periods as may be arranged. Communications to be addressed to A. Dranfield, Treasurer (Dept. F.), Dock Office, Liverpool.
P. WARNER,
General Manager and Secretary.
Dock Office, Liverpool.

SERMONS.

ST. VINCENT DE PAUL MALE ORPHANAGE,
GLASNEVIN.
Established under the Patronage of His Late Eminence Cardinal Cullen in 1855.
THE ANNUAL SERMON
On behalf of the above Charitable Institution, Will be Preached
On SUNDAY, 23rd MARCH, 1924,
After the First Gospel of the Twelve O'Clock Mass.
IN THE
CHURCH OF ST. FRANCIS XAVIER,
UPPER GARDINER STREET,
BY THE
VERY REV. ANDREW MACARDLE, S.J.
1,671 Orphans have been admitted since its Establishment.
Donors are cordially invited to visit the Institution and St. Vincent's Home.
Donations will be received by His Grace Most Rev. Dr. Byrne, Archbishop of Dublin; by the Rev. Preacher, the Jesuit Fathers, and the Clergy of the Dublin Diocese; also by Sir Joseph Glynn, President of the Superior Council of Ireland; and
JOSEPH M'DERMOTT, President of Establishment.
JAMES O'DEA, Vice President / DANIEL A. KELLY, Hon. Treasurer / JOHN HEALY, Hon. Secretary } Committee of Orphanage

The Irish Times.

THURSDAY, MARCH 20, 1924.

NEWS SUMMARY.

IRELAND.

Following the siege in Parnell street, Dublin, on Tuesday night, the Executive Council have asked three members of the Army Council to tender their resignations. —(Page 7.)

Mr. Mulcahy, in the Dail yesterday, announced his resignation as Minister of Defence. The affairs of the Ministry will be undertaken by the President, subject to the approval of the Dail.—(Page 7.)

Mr. Cahir Healy, the Sinn Fein member for Fermanagh and Tyrone, took the oath and his seat in the House of Commons at Westminster yesterday.—(Page 7.)

In the Senate yesterday the Housing Bill received a second reading, and the Ministries and Secretaries Bill was discussed.—(Page 9.)

Polling took place in the County Dublin election yesterday, for which there were four candidates. The poll was a small one everywhere.—(Page 7.)

A public meeting was held in Dublin last night to make arrangements for the representation of Irish athletes at the forthcoming Olympic Games in Paris.—(Page 8.)

GREAT BRITAIN.

Lord Muskerry, as the result of representations made by Viscount FitzAlan and the Marquis Curzon in the House of Lords last night, withdrew the charges which he made on the 5th of March against Sir A. Cope in connection with his tenure of office as an Under Secretary for Ireland during Mr. Lloyd George's Government.—(Page 7.)

ABROAD

It is reported that the Tashi Lama, "the incarnate Buddha," has fled from Tibet because of indignities inflicted upon him, and that he is seeking sanctuary in a monastery at Peking.—(Page 7.)

SPORTING.

At Wye yesterday Fair Charlie won the Canterbury Hurdle Handicap.—(Page 10.)

FINANCIAL.

London Stock Markets remained idle and dull, Oils being the only department to show activity.—(Page 11.)

Lombard street was rather bare of loanable credits, and rates were harder. French francs were very steady.—(Page 11.)

In Dublin National Loan was firm at 97½. Railways improved. Marconis closed weak.—(Page 11.)

The Army Crisis.

Arrests in a Dublin public-house on Tuesday night have resulted in the compulsory resignation of three members of the Army Council and the voluntary resignation of the fourth member, General Mulcahy, who was also Minister for Defence in the Free State Government. In *Dail Eireann* last night these astonishing events were the subject of explanations which the public will read with bewilderment and alarm. The technical cause of the resignations was the fact that the ten arrests were made by the Army Council's orders in neglect of terms of surrender which President Cosgrave, with the concurrence of the Commander-in-Chief, General O'Duffy, had offered to the mutinous and absconding officers. General Mulcahy took the view—the plain soldier's view—that the arrests were necessary under the Defence Forces Act; and he still takes the view that the apparent condonation of mutiny is likely to be injurious to the Army's discipline. The Executive Council, on the other hand, holds that abnormal conditions justify abnormal treatment, and that its plans for the reform of the Army were prejudiced by the arrests. It had decided already that the new Commander-in-Chief must have a free hand; and yesterday, going further, it decided to make a clean sweep of the Army Council. This decision, Mr. O'Higgins suggested, merely has been precipitated by the arrests, since the Army situation, which "has been unsound for some considerable time," demands new men and new methods. President Cosgrave has undertaken to add to his already heavy burdens the duties of the Ministry of Defence.

The country, as we have said, will be perplexed and alarmed. It will be perplexed by the apparent conflict between the Government's ends and the Government's means. Everybody will agree with Mr. O'Higgins that the establishment of discipline in the Army is a vital necessity; but most people, we think, will have much sympathy with General Mulcahy's position. Mutiny has been condoned, and resignation has been the fate of those responsible persons who refused to condone it. Soldiers are simple men, but they can put "two and two together." The "two and two" in this case are represented by the facts that the mutinous ultimatum demanded the removal of the Army Council and that the Army Council has been removed. The people will be alarmed by Mr. O'Higgins's revelations concerning the *moral* of the National Army, although, of course, they have not been without uncomfortable suspicions on the subject. The Minister's words were grave—"factious organisations and societies" and "cleavages"—and we may be sure that he has not exaggerated the truth. Indeed, yesterday's decisions and explanations would have been thoroughly discouraging if they had not been redeemed by the outstanding fact of the Government's apparently resolute intention to probe the Army's defects to the core and to put it on a sound basis of discipline and efficiency without further delay. It is unfortunate, however, that, as the result of a coincidence of events, this intention should seem to have gained an impetus from threats. It is unfortunate that the Executive Council should be divided on an issue on which the country is not divided. It is unfortunate that, if, indeed, a crisis has been survived, neither the Government nor individual Ministers have survived it without some loss of *prestige* and influence.

The *prestige* and influence may be regained if the Government will decide now to concentrate its best brains and all its energy on the problems of Army reform. Already it has taken some steps to this end. It has appointed a civilian committee of three persons, including the Minister for Education, who will investigate the existing scheme of Army reorganisation and the troubles that sprang from it. In his new position of Commander-in-Chief of the Forces General Eoin O'Duffy will have almost unlimited opportunities, and the present efficiency of the Civic Guard is a high tribute to his gifts as an organiser and as a creator of *esprit de corps*. With such help the Government may be able to enforce swift and beneficial reforms—to remove all legitimate grievances and to make the Army a thoroughly loyal and contented servant of the people's will. Simultaneously the Government must discard the apathy which it has displayed hitherto in the matter of unemployment, and must provide opportunities of work for the thousands of men who have been, or are about to be, demobilised. The Army is the State's most urgent problem, and the Government can afford to have no illusions on the subject. The one word "security" spells the whole difference between present conditions in Denmark and in Greece, in Belgium and in Mexico. Our Free State will enjoy no real security until it can put utter faith in its Army, and such faith is impossible so long as the conditions of which Mr. O'Higgins spoke yesterday continue to exist. With what prospect of success could Mr. Blythe attempt, at this moment, to float a new National Loan?

Doles and Work.

Some remarkable figures were published yesterday by the British Minister for Labour in regard to the cost of unemployment benefits. During the five years since the war this particular luxury has cost Great Britain no less than £171,000,000. The worst year was 1921-1922, when £70,000,000 were expended. The cost fell suddenly in 1922-1923 to £48,000,000, and it is estimated that this year no more than £40,000,000 will be required. Apologists of the "dole" have a very plausible case. They argue in effect, that without it a revolution would have been inevitable in Britain during the lean years that followed the Great War. The remarkable "boom" of the early months of 1919 came to a very sudden end. Men who had been earning—and, incidentally, spending—"big money" during the war, making ammunitions or in other war work, found themselves, almost without warning, on the streets, penniless and without prospects of work. The labour market was flooded with ex-Service men who had left the Army with extravagant promises ringing in their ears. Work was at a premium, and within a few months the list of unemployed assumed the most alarming dimensions. Mr. Lloyd George, ever an opportunist, recognised the potential danger to the stability of the State, and encouraged the "dole" system. Every man out of work was assured of at least sufficient money to provide himself and his family with the bare necessaries of life, and, according to Mr. Lloyd George and his friends, this assurance saved Britain from a terrible social upheaval. When one remembers the history of other belligerent countries since the war, one is forced to admit that there may be a certain amount of truth in this point of view. Bolshevism gained a footing in almost every other country, and Britain alone escaped anything in the nature of serious social unrest. The time has come, however, when the problem of the "dole" must be regarded not as a desperate expedient, but rather as a cold economic "proposition." As such it is thoroughly bad. £40,000,000 is a very large sum of money, and its expenditure in an absolutely unproductive manner hardly can be justified on any economic basis. Surely it is high time that organised Labour should be made to bear the burden of unemployment and that the taxpayer should be freed from this serious burden. The Socialist Government, unfortunately, seems to think that the evil ought to be extended, and, if some of its members have their way, half the population of Great Britain soon will be living on the contributions of the other half. As a temporary measure the "dole" may have served a useful purpose; as a permanent institution of State no excuse can be made for it. Its effects are demoralising on the individual and it constitutes an unjustifiable burden on the community. It encourages thriftlessness and tends to kill the initiative of the man who is looking for work.

The Olympic Games.

Last night at the Dublin Mansion House a public meeting passed unanimously a resolution that Ireland ought to be represented at the forthcoming Olympic Games. All lovers of Ireland and lovers of sport will welcome the decision. Here is the first opportunity that Irish athletes have found of representing their own country at an event of this description. In the past Irishmen have won renown in the athletic world, but it has been in the colours of other countries. The advantages of participation are twofold. Ireland will be able to take her rightful place "among the nations," and a great stimulus will be given to sport in this country. As was pointed out last night, Irishmen held more world's "records" twenty years ago than any other nation. Irish manhood certainly has not deteriorated since then, but sport in Ireland has been overshadowed by politics and needs to be revived and modernised. By competing against the best athletes in the world at Paris Irishmen will learn lessons that should enable them to restore the glories of the past. We must not be discouraged by failure to achieve striking results at the first attempt. If the effort is worthy of the nation and promises well for the future, it will have done a world of good. Sport has developed during recent years until scientific methods are essential to success. Careful training is necessary, and for this purpose the coming national effort must have financial support. Last night's meeting decided to open a subscription list with the object of defraying the cost of sending teams to Paris. The speakers made a strong case for the Council, and its efforts ought to be supported unstintingly by the public, who can contribute in full confidence that the money will not be wasted.

A Great Waterway.

An ambitious scheme to connect the Great Lakes of North America, through the River St. Lawrence, with the Atlantic is the subject of negotiations between the Governments of Canada and the United States. The plan provides for the enlargement of the Welland Canal between Lakes Ontario and Erie, for the construction of four new canals which would circumvent dangerous rapids, and for a deep channel in the upper reaches of the St. Lawrence. If it is completed, ocean-going liners will be able to reach Chicago, Milwaukee, Fort William and other important inland ports. The United States are enthusiastic about the project, but Canadian opinion hesitates, and it is expected that an agreement will not be concluded before 1926. The Western Provinces of Canada favour the scheme, but there is considerable opposition in the East, notably in Quebec and Montreal. As the estimated cost will be between £50,000,000 and £100,000,000, hasty action is unthinkable. A joint engineering committee of three members from Canada and a like number from the United States will investigate the problems of the scheme from the technical point of view. At the same time a Canadian national committee will consider the political and economic aspects, and will report to Parliament. If the scheme is accomplished, its effects will be felt outside the Continent of America, since freight charges from the West would be reduced and Canadian grain could be placed more cheaply on the European markets. The Western Provinces would benefit very largely, and the improvement in facilities for communication between East and West would have far-reaching consequences.

COURT AND PERSONAL.

Prince Arthur of Connaught will preside at the senior boxing finals, next week, at the Northampton Institute, Clerkenwell. The contests have been arranged under the auspices of the Federation of the London Working Boys' Clubs, of which Prince Arthur has been the patron for several years.

* * *

Viscount Goschen, who has been appointed by the King to be an additional Knight Grand Commander of the Order of the Indian Empire, will leave London to-morrow for India, to take up his duties as Governor of Madras. Viscountess Goschen and their younger daughter, the Hon. Cicely Goschen, will accompany him. Their elder daughter is married to Lieutenant-Colonel Francis C. C. Balfour, nephew of the Earl of Balfour, and they are stationed at Kassala, in the Sudan.

* * *

The Earl of Granard, who was in attendance on the King at the Levée on Tuesday, has joined the Countess of Granard at Castle Forbes. The Earl of Dunraven has arrived at Monte Carlo for a short stay. Colonel and Lady Constance Gore are expected in London on Saturday from the Riviera, and will give a dance next month for their younger daughter, Miss Gloria Gore.

* * *

Lord Dunboyne, who celebrates his fiftieth birthday to-day, is the seventeenth Baron by patent, and the twenty-sixth by summons. His ancestor, Sir Thomas Butler, then Le Botiller, was summoned as Baron of Dunboyne to the Parliament of Ireland in 1324. The present peer, who succeeded his father in 1913; entered the Royal Navy when only twelve years old, became a Lieutenant in 1895, Commander in 1906, and Captain in 1911, when he retired. He served with the Witu Expedition, and received the medal with clasp. He married in 1915 the daughter of Fortescue F. FitzPatrick Tower, and they have one son, born in 1917, and two daughters.

* * *

The Countess of Kilmorey, who spent the past six weeks on the Riviera, has rejoined the Earl of Kilmorey at Mourne Park, County Down. Lord and Lady Swansea have returned to Caer Beris, their place in North Wales, from London. The Earl of Kenmare, who spent the winter at Torquay, arrived in Dublin on Monday.

* * *

Field-Marshal Earl Haig, the Countess of Carlisle, the Hon. Mrs. Behrens, and Major-General Sir Ivor and Lady Lindsay are staying at Bath. Other arrivals there include Sir Thomas and Lady Callender and Sir Edward Haggerston. The Dowager Lady Forbes has arrived in London from Scotland. Lady Kensington and her sons, the Hon. Hugh and the Hon. Michael Edwardes, have returned to London from Madeira. Lady Sir John and Lady Pretyman Newman, who have been spending some time in the South of France, have returned to London.

* * *

Viscount and Viscountess Campden will leave London to-day for the South of France. Lady Kenderdine is remaining at Taplow for another month. Viscount and Viscountess Pirrie will leave England to-day for South America, and will be away for a couple of months. The Hon. Mrs. Edward Murray has arrived at St. Jean de Luz. Sir Archibald and Lady Weigall are staying at Beaulieu.

* * *

The engagement is announced of Lieutenant Edward North Buxton, M.C., son of Mr. and Mrs. Gerald Buxton, of Birch Hall, Theydon Bois, Essex, and Miss Sibyl O'Neill, elder daughter of the late Captain the Hon. Arthur O'Neill, M.P., 2nd Life Guards, and Lady Annabel Dodds, and grand-daughter of the Marquis of Crewe.

* * *

The marriage took place very quietly on March 11th, at St. Joseph's Church, Redhill, Surrey, of Ronald Thomas Groube, 1st Bn. The Cameronians, Aldershot, to Phyllis Malone, only daughter of Mrs. H. S. Malone, Dublin.

* * *

Mrs. Fred. Switzer has returned to 88 Grafton street from Paris.

Switzers have already put aside about thirty of the new French Gowns to be copied (under personal supervision) at from 6 to 13 gns., from which price their regular collection starts, the well known standard of which is being scrupulously maintained.

Fashionable Tailor Suits, scarf collar and new wrap skirts. Knitted Suits for Sports wear. All new shades.—W. Holmes, Dublin, Ltd., 69, 70, 71 South George's street.

Miss Betty Webster, Expert London Corsetière, demonstrating to-day and daily until Saturday next at Robert's, Grafton street.

Miss Barry will be at 25 St. Stephen's Green for one week from the 20th inst.

Ve

MR. MULCAHY LEAVES THE GOVERNMENT.

THREE GENERALS ASKED TO RESIGN.

SEQUEL TO THE PARNELL STREET SIEGE.

PRESIDENT AT MINISTRY OF DEFENCE.

IMPORTANT STATEMENTS ON ARMY AFFAIRS IN THE DAIL.

The President has decided, subject to the approval of Dail Eireann, to undertake the duties of the Ministry of Defence.

THIS announcement, which was made by the Free State Army Headquarters last night, was the culmination of a series of grave statements directly arising out of the siege of the public-house in Parnell street, Dublin, which was reported in our columns yesterday.

The raid, Mr. O'Higgins explained, was carried out without the sanction of the Executive Council and without the knowledge of General O'Duffy, who, in addition to holding the post of General Officer Commanding the Defence Forces, has been appointed Inspector-General with wide powers. The Executive Council discussed the position yesterday, and as a result asked for the resignations of

Lt.-General Sean McMahon, Chief of Staff;
Lt.-General Gerard O'Sullivan, Adjutant-General;
and
Lt.-General Sean O'Muirthile, Quartermaster-General.

They also recommended that Mr. Mulcahy should be asked to resign his position as Minister for Defence, but the latter tendered his resignation on hearing of the decision of the Executive in regard to the Army Council, without being acquainted with the Executive's attitude to his own case.

Both Mr. Mulcahy and Mr. McGrath made statements. The Minister for Defence declared that the Executive were "condoning mutiny" while the former Minister for Industry and Commerce explained that he went to Parnell street in order to prevent shooting.

A letter from the President was read, stating that the Government were prepared to give the officers who had "absconded" until to-day to surrender themselves and any arms and ammunition.

STATEMENT BY MR. O'HIGGINS.

Mr. Johnson, in the Dail yesterday afternoon, asked the Minister for Home Affairs if there was any information to be given to the House respecting the military activity that took place in Dublin that morning and on the previous night.

Mr. O'Higgins said that, if the House wished for it, he would make a statement at 7 o'clock on the motion for adjournment.

TIME-TABLE OF EVENTS.

STATEMENT BY THE MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS.

At seven o'clock Mr. Kevin O'Higgins, in moving the adjournment of the Dail until 3 o'clock to-day, said that on that morning Deputy Johnson asked him a question on private notice as to certain military activities in the northern portion of the city on Tuesday night, and he promised to make a statement on the adjournment.

One could not deal with the previous night's incidents simply as an isolated incident and with the action taken by the Executive Council. It was necessary to bring the minds of the Deputies back at least some days, and he had a time-table of the events in connection with the troubles within the Army.

He found that on the 6th inst. a document, purporting to be an ultimatum, and called by themselves an ultimatum, signed by Major-General Liam Tobin and Colonel Charles Dalton, was handed to the President.

On the 7th inst. that document was considered by the Executive Council, and an order was issued by the Executive Council for the arrest of Major-General Tobin and Colonel Dalton. On that date also Mr. Joseph McGrath, Minister for Industry and Commerce, tendered his resignation.

On the 8th inst. several houses, including that of Mr. McGrath, were visited by the military in search of the wanted men.

On the same day the Executive Council decided to place General Eoin O'Duffy in executive command of the Army.

On the 10th inst. that decision became operative, and General O'Duffy was appointed Officer in Command of the defence forces in Saorstat Eireann.

On Tuesday, March 11th, the President read a statement regarding the situation in the Dail. He read the document which he had received signed by the two officers. Mr. McGrath on that date announced his resignation as a member of the Executive Council, stating that he would make a statement to the Dail, and made a charge that the situation in the Army was brought about by "muddling mishandling and incompetence" brought about by a particular department of State. The President named the following day to allow Mr. McGrath to tell the House the cause for his resignation.

On March 12 the President announced that the Government was satisfied that the events which had happened called for inquiry, and that the Government would cause an inquiry to be held. Mr. McGrath expressed himself satisfied with the President's announcement, and said that he did not propose to make any further statement until the inquiry took place. In the evening the President read a second document, dated 12th March, received from Major-General Tobin and Colonel Dalton.

On March 14 General O'Duffy was appointed—in addition to his office as General Officer Commanding—as Inspector-General of the defence forces of the Saorstat.

On the 15th the Cabinet considered the *personnel* of the committee of inquiry into the mutiny, and the following were appointed, subject to consent:—

Dr. Eoin MacNeill (Minister of Education), Chairman;
Mr. J. Creed Meredith, K.C., and
Mr. P. McGilligan, T.D.

Notification of consent reached the Government on the 18th inst.

On March 18th the functions of the Inspector-General of Forces, drafted by the Executive Council, were gazetted and the terms of reference at the inquiry were drafted and approved by the Executive Council. A copy of a letter from the Minister of Defence was considered by the Council. It set out the attitude towards the officers implicated in the mutiny, and was also read and approved.

On the night of the 18th of March they had the raid on certain premises in Parnell square for wanted men and arrest of several officers.

That was the time-table leading up to the situation which now confronted them.

TERMS OFFERED.

PRESIDENT'S LETTER TO MR. McGRATH.

There was an item which did not appear in the time-table, and to which he proposed to refer. A letter was sent by the President to Mr. McGrath on Monday evening, 17th inst:—

"I have been in consultation with the Minister for Defence and General O'Duffy on the matters which you raised with me this morning. I regret that we did not arrive at this decision before now:—

"(1)—By Thursday, 20th of March, at 6 p.m., all arms and equipment removed from barracks to be returned to the place from which they were taken.

"(2)—Persons concerned in the removal of such material to surrender at the place from which such material was taken to the officer now in charge of such place.

(3)—On presenting, at such surrender, *parole* to the officer in charge, such *parole* will be accepted, and the persons concerned will be allowed out on open arrest.

(4)—Absentees from duty shall also surrender by 6 p.m. on Thursday, the 20th inst., and their *parole*, if presented, will be accepted, and they will be allowed out on open arrest.

(5)—Thursday is mentioned as a convenient date, to give time. It is desirable, however, that no delay should take place in giving effect to paragraphs one, two, three, and four."

On the previous day the Minister for Defence, at a meeting of the Executive Council, presented a copy of an order for issue (copies to Chief of Staff, Adjutant-General, and Quartermaster General), embodying the President's terms, and directing the General Officers Commanding to communicate same to all other officers.

GENERAL O'DUFFY'S POSITION.

There was a matter which he had mentioned, but which he would refer to again in some detail, and that was the position of General O'Duffy. As regards the Army, General O'Duffy was appointed General Officer commanding the defence forces. Sitting as one member of the Executive Council when that appointment was made, his (Mr. O'Higgins') conception of it—which was a wrong conception—was that the appointment placed General O'Duffy in supreme executive authority over the Army and every man in Army uniform. He visualised it as placing General O'Duffy in the same position over the Army as he recently occupied in relation to the Civic Guard.

That was wrong, and the fact that it was wrong transpired later when it became clear that the departments of the Adjutant-General, Quartermaster-General, and Chief of Staff were regarded as military departments of the Ministry of Defence. And by a general routine order issued in December last the councils of each one of these three offices were definite, and their responsibility to the Minister were definite.

General O'Duffy became aware that there were limitations to his powers—to his authority over the army—inasmuch as he had no authority over any of these three officers, and they had no responsibility to him. That fact was represented to the Executive Council, who added to General O'Duffy's function as General Officer Commanding the Forces the function of Inspector-General. It was better to state the functions of the Inspector-General clearly:—The duties included the inspection of the defence forces and the administration officers of defence—Chief of Staff, Adjutant-General, and Quartermaster-General; the training, discipline, fitness, and efficiency of the *personnel* of all ranks; inspection of their arms and equipment; inspection of barracks etc., and generally to organise the defence forces, and to report to the Executive Council through the Minister of Defence; and to offer such suggestions as to organisation, instruction, *personnel*, and administration as may result from such inspections and reviews, and to make inspection or review in any particular case, personally or by deputy; and the Inspector-General should have free access to all reports, files, and documents that he may think fit, and be at liberty to enter notes and observations on any report, file, or minute.

That office and those functions, Mr. O'Higgins went on, were conferred on General O'Duffy, not in substitution for, but in addition to, his functions as General Officer Commanding the Forces. The departments of supply, as they might be called, behind him, were not subject or responsible to him; but over those departments, and in relation to them, he had his powers and his functions of Inspector-General.

"With regard to the Army machine proper, he had complete executive control and authority. He stood then, as it were, between the Ministry of Defence and its three main military departments, and the Army proper. Over the Army proper he had his executive power and authority as General Officer Commanding the Forces. Back behind him in the supply department—I am not quite sure whether I am using the term correctly—in those departments he had his powers of criticism and report, his powers as Inspector-General.

"General O'Duffy was anxious that he and everyone else should understand clearly what his real position was—what his real powers were, what his limitations were, so that there should be no unnecessary friction, no overlapping, no chance of any countermanding of orders.

"Yesterday at a meeting of the Executive Council a memorandum from General O'Duffy raising this matter was considered. The powers of the General Officer Commanding the Forces were at that meeting fully discussed, fully understood, and fully agreed upon. So that I may be fully accurate, let me say that it was also agreed that this would be drafted out and transmitted to General O'Duffy this morning for any final note he might wish to make.

"But it was agreed by all persons at the Executive Council meeting, and by General O'Duffy, what exactly his powers were. This is the draft of the functions attaching to the office of General Officer Commanding the Defence Forces of Saorstat Eireann:—

Executive military command over all the defence forces of Saorstat Eireann, including all corps, units and services, and all ranks. He shall be responsible for

(1)—Military policy as far as the immediate military situation was concerned.
(2)—Operations necessary for national security and public safety.
(3)—Distribution of the forces.
(4)—Military intelligence in furtherance of the purposes aforesaid.

"I do not think it will be argued, although it was agreed that this draft in its final form would come up for final approval—I do not think it will be argued that last night General O'Duffy was not General Officer Commanding the Defence Forces of Saorstat Eireann, having the powers set out in that document.

OPERATIONS NOT ENDORSED.

"A particular action was taken last night—military action. It was not taken after consultation with General O'Duffy; it was not taken after consultation with the Executive Council as a whole, or any member thereof. It was taken on the responsibility of the Minister for Defence, in consultation, I understand, with the Adjutant-General. That action was considered at a meeting of the Executive Council this morning, and it was not long under discussion before the view emerged very clearly that, by the majority of the members of the Executive Council the action that was taken was regarded as cutting across the obvious and necessary implication of the letter sent by the President to Mr. McGrath last Monday evening, and of the order of the Minister for Defence to the Chief-of-Staff, the Adjutant-General and the Quartermaster-General, dated the 18th March, which yesterday received a final *post-factum* approval and endorsement by the Executive Council.

"That was the position this morning. The majority of the members attending this morning's meeting held the view that the action taken last night cut across Government policy as embodied yesterday in the *post-factum* approval and endorsement of that memorandum of the Minister of Defence to his colleagues on the Defence Council.

"When the Minister for Defence realised that the Executive Council—those of us who were active—was not prepared to endorse or stand over the military operations of last night, which were entered on without consultation with the Government, or the G.O.C. appointed by the Government, the Minister for Defence withdrew from the meeting, expressing his opinion that the situation would be considered by ourselves, and that he would be available if required."

"A GRAVE DECISION."

THREE RESIGNATIONS ASKED FOR.

"It was considered by ourselves, and in a personal way I regret that it falls to my lot to announce to the Dail, and through the Dail to the country, a very grave and important decision, which was arrived at by the Executive Council, or what was left of it, and which was communicated to the President by Dr. McNeill, and to the Minister for Defence, and regarding which the President has expressed approval.

"That meeting this morning decided to ask for the resignations forthwith of

General Sean MacMahon, Chief of Staff;
Lieutenant-General Gearoid O'Sullivan, Adjutant-General; and
Lieutenant-General O Muirthuille, Quartermaster-General—

—not from their Army rank, let it be understood, that we were not taking, or purporting to take, Army action—but their resignations from the administrative positions which they held to-day.

"That was a decision we were entitled to come to ourselves, the decision with regard to the three officers. But the meeting also decided to convey to the President its view that he ought to ask for the resignation of the Minister for Defence. That was not an action which we were entitled to take, but it was something that we conveyed to the President.

MR MULCAHY'S COMMENT.

"Now, with regard to the resignations of the three officers. After the meeting I asked the Minister for Defence to come to see me. He came from Portobello to see me, and I communicated to him the decision of the Executive Council with regard to the three officers.

"The Minister for Defence thereupon informed me that that would involve his resignation also, and that he would make a statement to the Dail. I did not tell the Minister for Defence—because I regarded it as something that, perhaps, I was not entitled to disclose in the circumstances—that that meeting which he left had decided to recommend to the President that he should be asked for the Minister's resignation. That was something which the President would have to exercise an independent judgment about, and I could not prejudice the result of the President's independent judgment by making a disclosure to the Minister for Defence.

"I, therefore, simply accepted it that, because of the action of the Executive Council in calling for the resignation of those three officers the Minister for Defence would resign, and apart from any decision the President might or might not come to on our message."

"SECRET DIPLOMACY."

Mr. O'Higgins, continuing, said that there had been criticisms of "secret diplomacy."

He would like to suggest to the Dail that in certain delicate and complex circumstances it was not always advisable, in the public interest, to drag everything out, charges and counter-charges, every allegation, true or half-true. It was factors like that that weighed with the Executive Council ever since the Army pot boiled over. They knew that the Minister for Industry and Commerce was prepared to make certain statements. In the judgment of the Government it would not be in the public interest that statements should be made, which, whether true or false or half-true, do not redound to the credit of the State or the country as a whole. A long time was spent in endeavouring to convince Mr. McGrath that such a statement as he contemplated ought not to be made, and an undertaking

(Continued on Page 8, Column 1.)

GENERAL O'DUFFY.

INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF THE FORCES.

WIDE POWERS.

Tuesday's issue of the *Dublin Gazette* contains the following announcements:—

"The Executive Council has appointed General Eoin O'Duffy, General Officer Commanding the Defence Forces of Saorstát Eireann, to be Inspector-General of the said forces.

"DIARMUID O hEIGGERTUIGH
"(Secretary to the Executive Council).
"Dublin, this 14th day of March, 1924."

"The duties of the Inspector-General of the Defence Forces of Saorstát Eireann are:—

"To inspect the Defence Forces of Saorstát Eireann, and the administrative offices of defence (Chief of Staff's, Adjutant-General's, Quartermaster-General's), the training, discipline, fitness, and efficiency of their *personnel* of all ranks; the suitability, condition, supply and maintenance of their arms and equipment; the suitability and condition of their barracks and other posts, and generally to review the organisation and administration of the Defence Forces of the Saorstát, and to report thereon to the Executive Council through the Minister for Defence, and to offer such suggestions in relation to organisation, instruction, *personnel*, equipment, and administration as may result from such inspection and review. He may make his inspection or review in any particular case personally, or by deputy appointed by him.

"The Inspector-General shall have free access to all such reports, files, and other information in the possession of any Department or office of the said forces as he may think fit to require, and he shall be at liberty to enter opinions or observations on any report, file or minute.

"The Executive Council shall provide such offices, staff, and equipment as will be necessary for the work of the Inspector-General.

"By Order of the Executive Council,
"DIARMUID O hEIGGERTUIGH
"(Secretary to the Executive Council).
"Dublin, this 14th day of March, 1924."

HONDURAS DISORDERS.

AMERICAN MARINES BEING RUSHED TO CAPITAL..

WASHINGTON, Wednesday.

Owing to disorders at Tegucigalpa, a landing force from the United States cruiser Milwaukee at Amapala is being rushed to the Honduras capital. According to a report from the American Minister, drunken soldiers are firing on the American Legation and Consulate. Many innocent persons in the streets have been shot, and looting is rampant. The damage is estimated at 400,000 dollars, and has been sustained principally by British, American and Chinese merchants. —(Reuter.)

WASHINGTON, Wednesday.

A telegram from San Salvador regarding the revolution in Honduras reports that the revolutionists have captured Tegucigalpa, the capital, and Camayaguela.—(Reuter.)

SETTLEMENT OF EX-OFFICERS.

A TOKEN VOTE.

Mr Rhys Davies, in the House of Commons yesterday, moved a token vote of £10 in respect to the settlement of ex-officers on the land in Ireland. The vote, he said, was required, not for the purpose of providing more money, but merely to transfer the amount from one account to another. In connection with the recruiting campaign in Ireland, during the war, a promise was made to these men that they would be enabled to secure cottages and land upon their return to Ireland, and a sum of money was asked from Parliament in order to fulfil that promise. This was granted, and it was decided to place the money in the hands of a trust. But it seemed that a trust was not set up, and now it fell to the House to sanction a vote, in order that it might be transferred to an account under another head. The vote was a legacy from the late Government, to whom it was handed by its predecessors, altogether there had been built 3,672 cottages —2,626 in Southern, and 1,046 in Northern Ireland.

Lord Wolmer asked whether this money, which had been voted by Parliament, came into a separate account between Great Britain and the Irish Free State, or was England to continue to pay money to Irish ex-Service men in the Irish Free State, and receive no *quid pro quo*.

Sir M. MacNaghten called attention to those ex-Service men in the Free State who were entitled to grants of land, and to whom it had actually been allotted, who, up to now had been unable to obtain possession, by reason of the very fact that they had served in the British Army. He hoped that the Government would make it their business to see that these men, at long last, should secure that to which they were entitled.

Mr. Rhys Davies, in reply, said that the policy with which they were dealing was initiated by the Coalition Government. The provision of land did not arise on this vote, but would come up on the estimates of 1924-25. Regarding Lord Wolmer's point, the men concerned served exclusively in the British Army.

The vote was agreed to without a division.

MR. CAHIR HEALY TAKES THE OATH,

SOME IRISH VOTES.

NEGOTIATIONS ON THE BOUNDARY:

THE NORTHERN GRANTS

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM.)

HOUSE OF COMMONS, Wednesday.

Mr. Cahir Healy, the Sinn Fein member for Tyrone and Fermanagh, who was introduced by Mr. T. P. O'Connor and Mr. Harbison, after questions, took the Oath and his seat amid general cheers.

On a token vote of £10 for compensation for criminal injuries, medical and nursing expenses of Crown employés who had been malciously injured, advances in respect of prospective awards of compensation for criminal injuries, sums payable under the Land Act of the Irish Free State, and grants to refugees for the relief of distress,

Sir G. Collins asked what safeguard there was that the money of British taxpayers was not being expended unnecessarily in Ireland.

Mr. J. H. Thomas said that this vote had no bearing on the subject. Negotiations on the Boundary question were proceeding, and he would deplore anything being said which would render a settlement more difficult. The vote only related to statutory obligations.

The vote was agreed to.

NORTHERN GRANTS.

On a vote of £943,336 for grants in aid of Northern Ireland, including compensation for damage arising out of the disturbed condition of Ireland and provisions of buildings and assignment of assets under the Government of Ireland Act, Mr. Harbison characterised these grants-in-aid as a gross waste of public money.

Mr. Cahir Healy, in a maiden speech, complained that some of the money was being used to keep up a sectarian police force in Belfast.

The Deputy Chairman said that the hon. member could not discuss the police force on this vote.

Mr. Healy then attempted to refer to the murder of three young men at Crabendall in April, 1922, and was again ruled out of order. He then passed to an allegation of jerrymandering electoral areas in Tyrone, but was sharply headed off from that topic by the Deputy Chairman, who said the hon. member must not apply such an expression to the Administration of Northern Ireland.

Mr. Healy next tried to refer to the internment of the persons in Northern Ireland without trial, but was once more warned not to pursue that subject, and finally the Deputy Chairman advised him to reserve his remarks for another opportunity when he might be in order.

Mr. T. P. O'Connor opposed the grant of what he described as the monstrous sum of £500,000 a year, that the amounts awarded for compensation for malicious injuries in certain cases belonging to one particular faith and one side in politics were grossly inadequate.

Mr. Rhys Davies, for the Government, said that the estimates were in accordance with an agreement and the result of an arbitration. It was a cause for rejoicing that these estimates would close the account.

Mr. Pringle urged that the House should not be asked to vote this money without further explanation and information than the Government apparently were prepared to give, and he moved to reduce the sum by £400,000.

On a division Mr. Pringle's amendment was defeated by 240 votes to 81, and the vote was agreed to.

DEPORTED SUBJECTS.

On a vote of £64,000 for miscellaneous legal expenses and for compensation payable under the Restoration of Order (Indemnity) Act, 1923,

Mr. Graham explained that £54,000 had been awarded by two tribunals in England and Scotland to persons who were deported to Ireland by the late Home Secretary. £37,000 was awarded in England and £17,000 in Scotland: the balance was for costs. All claims had been dealt with.

Mr. H. Johnstone said that this was the whirlwind which the taxpayers were reaping for the folly of the late Home Secretary and the late Attorney-General.

Mr. Burnham thought that the salary of the late Attorney-General ought to be surcharged by the costs incurred through his bad advice.

Sir John Simon said that, apart from the question of law, the action of the late Home Secretary in this matter was an outrage from the constitutional point of view. It was a grave abuse of power, even if the power existed at all. A very large sum of money had now to be paid as a result of a gross mistake in public policy. It was a breach of one of the most fundamental principles which should govern the action of the Executive in dealing with citizens who were not accused of a crime. (Hear, hear.)

Sir P. Hastings repudiated the suggestion that any question of negligence arose in connection with the advice given by the late Attorney-General on the legal position.

The vote was passed.

OLYMPIC GAMES.

ALL IRELAND TO BE REPRESENTED.

SUBSCRIPTION LIST OPENED.

A public meeting arranged by the Irish Olympic Council for the purpose of making arrangements for the sending of teams to represent Ireland at the Olympic Games, to take place in Paris, was held in the Mansion House, Dublin, last night.

The Lord Mayor (Alderman L. O'Neill), who presided, said that for the first time in the history of the Olympic Games Ireland had succeeded in being welcomed and recognised as a separate nation. (Applause.) During his career, and, in fact, during the past week, he had attended many meetings; but there was always that shadow before him that those meetings were held only in a part of Ireland. But he was happy in the belief in presiding over that meeting that it was a meeting called together which embraced all Ireland without any partition. (Applause.) That being the case, it was a pleasure to him to be present, and to help as best he could to forward the object of the meeting. He did not like the cry of "No politics" or "No religion," which was a parrot cry, but, at the same time, it was very appropriate to see there the right men and women of different thoughts, different religions, and different social standings, with one object of promoting sport. (Applause.)

MR. JUSTICE WYLIE.

Proposing "that it is the opinion of this meeting that Ireland should be represented at the forthcoming Olympic Games," Mr. Justice Wylie said that he did not think that people were aware that twenty years ago Ireland held more world records than any country in the world. There was no reason why Ireland would not hold world's records again. But unless they held out international recognition to Irish athletes they would not get men to undergo rigorous training, and the only place they could get an opportunity of proving their worth before the world was at the Olympic Games. But one thing they must have before they could go on was money, as they could not ask teams to train and go to the Games at their own expense. If they could get the money they intended to send a team of runners, swimmers, boxers, and cyclists from all Ireland to uphold our name; and religion, politics, or social standing made no difference in the selection.

Mr. J. J. Keane, who seconded the motion, said that in the branch of athletics that he belonged to they had one of the finest athletes ever trained in Ireland, and that was Mr. Carey, of the Dublin Police. Mr. Carey was giving a training to the boys that he had taken in hand that could not be better given by a trainer if they paid him £10 a week (Applause.) They would be lacking in their duty to those in training, and to the unity of the country, if they did not give the country an opportunity of representation at the Olympic Games.

Surgeon McArdle, in supporting the resolution, said that they should demonstrate at the Olympic Games that they were still a nation and a very live nation. The great thing was that North and South were joining hands on the question of sport, and sport was the one link that bound them together, whether they were Free Staters or Orangemen or Republicans.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER MURPHY.

General Murphy, Chief Commissioner, Dublin Metropolitan Police, in supporting the resolution, said that in justice to our athletes in Ireland the least that they could do was to provide them with the means of going to the Olympic Games and representing this country in Paris. He had watched the work of the athletes that Mr. Keane selected for training, and in them there was material that would compare favourably with any material in the world. It would be a pity if our athletes, for want of a little training and a little bit of experience should lose an opportunity of winning Olympic honours for this country. They would not this year be able to take all the firsts with the Olympic Games, but they could look forward with hope of taking some of them. (Applause.)

The Lord Mayor then put the resolution, which was carried unanimously.

SIR THOMAS MYLES.

Sir Thomas Myles proposed:—"That the Irish Olympic Council is worthy of the support of this meeting, and that a subscription list be now opened to form a fund to defray the necessary expenses to be incurred by sending teams to Paris." He expressed the hope that they would all see developed, under the aegis of the Olympic Games in various centres throughout the country, the best athletic prowess to co-operate with the Olympic Committee.

Mr. P. Lynch, K.C., in seconding the resolution, spoke of the desirability of finding out and training the best men, no matter in what part of Ireland they were.

Professor Purcell said that he was sure that they might rely on the Olympic Council to select the best men as their representatives.

Senator Gogarty said that if they were to face competition and make it worthy of their country, they must have co-operation. The Press could give a great deal of help, and the Royal Dublin Society could also give a great deal of help.

Sir Robert Tate said that Ireland was appearing for the first time on the European stage in the sporting arena, and it was up to Irishmen to make that appearance effective. He understood that the Olympic Council represented the whole of Ireland, and that was a very important matter. He believed sport to be one of the greatest hopes of this country. Nothing tended more towards promoting good feeling than constant association, and with a little more of it they would probably find that they were not half so bad as they were painted. (Applause.)

Mr. Samuel Moore, K.C., and Dr. R. J. Rowlette also supported the resolution, which was passed unanimously.

A subscription list opened at the close of the meeting.

THE NIXON CASE.

LETTER TO MR. BEST.

Mr. John E. Hall, J.P., Worshipful Master, No. 7 District, Belfast, has addressed a letter to Mr. Richard Best, Attorney General for Northern Ireland, concerning his recent speech in the Northern Parliament on the dismissal of District Inspector Nixon. He states that he was chairman of the meeting at which Mr. Nixon spoke, and denies that Mr. Nixon was out to challenge the Government, or that he was aware that reporters were present.

THE PRIMATE AND ST. PATRICK.

A MISSIONARY LESSON.

Addressing a meeting of the Ladies' Association of the Colonial and Continental Church Society at Litton Hall, Leeson Park, Dublin, yesterday afternoon, the Primate described the organisation as one of the great pioneer enterprises of the Church. He knew something of its labours in the colonies and dependencies of the British Empire, and had met Canadian bishops at conferences, who told him of the wonderful work the Society was carrying on in the Dominion. He had read, too, thrilling tales of the glorious adventures which the missionaries had been through, and of their inspiring achievements in various parts of the world.

This week was an important one for Ireland, because Monday was Patrick's Day. There was much that they would like otherwise in their history and conduct, but there was one thing they had reason to be proud of, and that was their people's saint. If ever there was a great missionary hero it was St. Patrick, and if the Church and the country had followed the lead he gave they would have a different history behind them. The Society should work in the same spirit as did St. Patrick, and should concentrate on the motto: "Christ for the world and the world for Christ."

A hearty welcome was extended to Miss Stacey, London, who spoke of what missionaries had been accomplishing in France, Canada, British East Africa, and elsewhere.

A gift day, under the auspices of the Association, yesterday, was very successful.

AIRSHIP LOST.

CREW OF FIVE PERISH.

TOKIO, Wednesday.

The loss of a Government airship and its crew is reported here.

The ill-fated dirigible was of the SS. type, and was imported from England two or three years ago. It caught fire suddenly, it is believed, owing to an explosion, and fell into the forest of Ibaraki.

The five members of the crew perished, and their bodies have all been recovered. The dirigible was 51 metres in length.—(Reuter.)

PAYMENTS TO REFUGEES.

THE POSITION IN ULSTER.

In the Northern House of Commons yesterday,

The Parliamentary Secretary to the Ministry of Finance submitted a vote of £13,036 to refund certain expenditure incurred by the Imperial Government in connection with the payment of compensation to refugees. This sum was made up of £365 expended on behalf of refugees from Northern Ireland by the Irish Grants Committee in London and £17,651 paid to the Government of the Irish Free State by the Imperial Government in respect of claims preferred for expenditure on relief of refugees from Northern Ireland within the area of the Irish Free State up to the 31st March, 1923. At the same time a Relief Committee was set up in Northern Ireland to deal with refugees who came into Northern Ireland from the Free State, and a claim would be put forward to recover the money so expended.

Mr. Thompson Donald said that he had the greatest sympathy with those who received this money, but what assurance had they that the money was really spent. They had spent far more in relieving refugees from the Free State, and the Relief Grants Committee had treated Northern Ireland shabbily in not making an equivalent grant to Northern Ireland.

Mr. Grant said that he understood that a claim had been sent in on behalf of Northern Ireland, and he understood that the Free State had agreed to accept their claim if they accepted the claim of the Free State. Northern Ireland's claim had not yet been paid.

Mr. McGuffin said that he was glad that it was a non-recurring vote, and he would be sorry if there was any recriminations between the Northern and Free State Governments. The claims ought to be settled at once.

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT.

Captain Dixon said that they had nothing to do with the committee which was set up by the Imperial Government to inquire into the money spent upon refugees in the Free State. The British Government sent over a representative, who went into the whole matter, and then paid the £17,000. He thought that the House was well aware of the fact that the British Government had treated Northern Ireland very well in regard to large sums of money. For instance, the half million for relief work, grants for unemployed, and other sums. It was quite clear that the Northern Government was not in a position to raise quibbles over £17,000.

He might say that a large sum of money—much more than £17,000—was expended in Northern Ireland upon refugees. They had felt that it would have been up to them to look after these people themselves, and had no intention of putting forward any claim had the matter not been raised by the Free State claiming this £17,000. They in Northern Ireland would have been prepared to carry the burden of the refugees who entered their area as they had done other burdens, but when it was found they had to pay seventeen thousand pounds to the Free State they knew that the members of the House would very readily say: "If the Free State is being reimbursed we in Ulster have a right to be reimbursed for our refugees." Consequently he was requested by Sir James Craig to go into the matter and prepare an account of their expenditure. He did so, and went to London, where he put the matter before Lord Eustace Percy, who was Chairman in charge of claims. He proved to his satisfaction that they had far greater claims, but they were prepared to accept seventeen thousand pounds in full discharge of their claims, the same amount as was given to the Free State.

The vote was adopted.

THE PAYMENT OF SENATORS.

Mr. J. Milne Barbour, Parliamentary Secretary to the Finance Ministry, moved a supplementary vote of £10 in connection with the payment of Senators, which was approved by resolution on Tuesday. He said that of the total amount involved, which was £500, £400 was in respect of fees and £100 in respect of travelling expenses.

Mr. McGuffin protested against travelling expenses being allowed.

The vote was agreed to.

DIED IN COURT.

BANK MANAGER'S SEIZURE IN WITNESS BOX.

Mr. William M. Matthews, manager of the Templemore branch of the Provincial Bank, collapsed suddenly and died while giving evidence in a bank robbery case at Thurles District Court yesterday.

The case concerned Patrick Hynes, of Templemore, who was charged with having been implicated in raids on the National and Provincial Banks at Templemore in July, 1922. Mr. Matthews was on the point of concluding his deposition, which dealt with the seizure of £650 at his bank, when he collapsed, death supervening in a few minutes.

The Court was immediately adjourned.

OBITUARY.

DR. W. H. MAW.

Taken ill on Monday, Dr. W. H. Maw, a former President of the Royal Astronomical Society, and a past President of several technical institutions, including the Institution of Civil Engineers, died at his Kensington residence yesterday morning, aged eighty-five. He was editor of *Engineering* from its foundation, fifty-eight years ago, to the time of his death.

MARIOTA, COUNTESS OF WILTON.

A Nairobi telegram says that Mariota, Countess of Wilton, died there yesterday, in a nursing home, following a sudden attack of blackwater fever. She was born in 1873, and married, in 1895, Viscount Grey de Wilton, afterwards fifth Earl of Wilton, who died in 1915. She was a daughter of the fifth Baron Rendlesham.

THE ALLEGED FRANCO-CZECH SECRET TREATY.

PRAGUE, Wednesday.

Dr. Benes, Foreign Minister, to-day declared that the statements in Berlin alleging a secret agreement between France and Czecho Slovakia were both false and stupid. He did not wish to conclude any such secret Treaty, nor could he do so in the future. Czecho Slovakia had no misunderstanding with Germany during the past five years, and he wondered what could be the objects and source of the published statements.—(Reuter.)

BRITISH ASSOCIATION PRESIDENCY.

The Council of the British Association has resolved to nominate Dr. Horace Lamb, F.R.S., formerly Professor of Mathematics in the University of Manchester, as President of the Association for the Southampton meeting in 1925.

THE SUTLEJ'S LAST JOURNEY.

The steam tug Plover, which is towing the Sutlej to Belfast, has put into Stornoway, short of bunkers. The other tug is standing by the Sutlej. The Plover leaves Stornoway shortly.

"THE INCARNATE BUDDHA."

TASHI LAMA ESCAPES FROM TIBET.

SEEKING SANCTUARY IN CHINA.

With reference to rumours recently current as to the escape from his monastery at Tashi Lumpo, two hundred miles from Lhasa, the capital of Tibet, of the Tashi Lama, Reuter's Agency learns that details have now been received of his successful flight into British territory.

The Tashi Lama, who is one of the two spiritual heads of Tibet, fled, it appears, from his monastery owing to alleged indignities, which made his position very difficult. After effecting his escape, he made a long and adventurous journey in disguise.

On his departure becoming known, orders were sent from Lhasa to the Tibetan frontier officials to stop the Lama, but owing to the precautions taken by him, he and his party had safely reached British territory by the time the orders reached the officials. He has since arrived at Calcutta, whence he sailed for China, his intention being to seek shelter in the Buddhist Monastery at Peking.

It was at first reported that an upheaval had occurred in Tibet after the flight of the Tashi Lama, but this is not mentioned in the latest news from India.

"In the hierarchical system of the Tibetan variety of Buddhism there are two supreme heads, the Dalai Lama and the Tashi Lama, in whom Buddha is supposed to be incarnate. Nominally, the two Lamas are co-equal in authority and rank, but the Dalai Lama is in reality the more powerful. He resides at the Potala Monastery, near Lhasa, and is the acknowledged head of Buddhists in Mongolia and China, as well as being the political head of the Tibetan State.

TO-DAY'S LONDON PAPERS.

FRANCE & SINGAPORE BASE.

The Times, in a leading article upon the Parliamentary debates of the last few days, refers to the amendment to reduce the Army, which was moved by certain Labour members on Monday. The final decision, observes *The Times*, was due rather to sound instinct than to clear reasoning. The bewildered discussion of "pacifism," and the turbulent eddies of opinion around the still unsolved question of Singapore, do, however, imply a warning. The new electorate, which, in the course of its vague search for guidance has given a large vote to Labour, is only beginning to think politically. It is moved by ethical ideals, and mingled with these there is a simple and ardent rationalism. All its theories, with a score of instinct besides, have come into the traditional field of politics, and are there being tested by a multitude of living facts and a multitude of most bewildering interests and duties. The great and manifold tasks of the Empire must in the end subdue these new forces to their purpose; but there should be no confusion of thought.

Clouding the practical execution of these tasks, there still remains the idea that it is incumbent upon the British Government to make what is called "a moral gesture." Lord Haldane, who knows the meaning of defence, opposes the Singapore scheme, on the ground that it would constitute an aggressive gesture, and so would destroy the impression that our purpose for peace is sincere. Certain Labour and Liberal members of Parliament demand that this country should make the moral gesture of disarming, as an example to the rest of the world. This is an extraordinary narrow view. The rest of the world is an immense, striving and suspicious mass of peoples, most of whom have no conception of the ethical and practical processes by which the British people have fought their way to liberty. The comments of the French Press on the Singapore decision are instructive. It is argued in Paris that the reason for the Government's abandonment of the Singapore scheme can only be some sinister intention of concentrating British naval forces in the Mediterranean. This is, of course, *reductio ad absurdum*, but it is a reminder that the world outside is but slightly impressed by our moral gestures.

THE RENTS BILL.

MOVE BY UNIONISTS.

The Committee which is considering the Rent Restrictions Bill is making so little progress that the Government will soon have to consider seriously whether it will not use its best efforts to secure the withdrawal of the measure, in view of the fact that other private bills are being held up indefinitely, states *The Times*.

An attempt will be made by the Unionists to-day to move the adjournment of the Committee in order to give the Committee of Selection an opportunity of restoring the name of the Attorney-General to the Standing Committee. The Government has promised to give the Committee any legal advice that may be required, but there is no representative of the Government with legal experience on the Committee, and both the Unionists and the Liberals resent this fact.

SHOT AT DOORSTEP.

SLIGO FARMER SUCCUMBS TO WOUNDS.

Thomas Collery, a farmer, of Rockfinlough, Coolaney, County Sligo, died at Sligo Infirmary on Tuesday as the result of gunshot wounds received as he was about to enter his home on Monday night.

It appears that Collery had accompanied his brother James some distance on the way to the latter's house, and, returning, had reached within a few yards of his own door when a shot rang out, apparently from a hedge close by, and he fell wounded in the arms and legs. After being attended to by Dr. Hunt, of Coolaney, he was removed to the infirmary.

MURDER OF FARMER.

THREE MEN CHARGED WITH CO. ROSCOMMON CRIME.

An inquest was held at Castlerea, County Roscommon, on Tuesday, on John Connolly, the farmer who was shot dead close to his home at Ballintubber on Sunday night. After hearing the evidence, the jury found that the deceased met his death through gun-shot wounds, caused by persons unknown, who were guilty of wilful murder.

Yesterday, at a special court in Castlerea, three young men named Joseph McGovern, Thomas McGovern and Patrick Devany were remanded until to-morrow week, charged with the wilful murder of Connolly. They were removed in custody to Sligo Jail.

SHEEP SCAB IN COUNTY DUBLIN.

At the Rathfarnham District Court, before Mr. George P. Cussen, District Justice, Charles Byrne, Brighton Dairy, Harold's Cross; Patrick Murphy, Conard, Tallaght; James Branagan, Don

MR. MULCAHY LEAVES THE GOVERNMENT.

(Continued from Page 7, Column 3.)

was given that an Inquiry would be set up into Army administration, and that he would get every opportunity of having such charges as he cared to formulate thoroughly inquired into.

NOT A CABINET INQUIRY.

There was some slight mistake the other day as to the character of the inquiry. It was not to be a Cabinet inquiry, but an inquiry by a Committee that would be constituted by the Cabinet, and who would report to the Cabinet. They would inquire into the facts and matters that had caused or led up to the insubordinate conduct lately manifested in the Army.

On that undertaking, Deputy McGrath had postponed or abandoned his intention to make the statement that he had promised in the Dail. He was prepared to accept the undertaking that his charges would be inquired into, as definitely formulated by a Cabinet Committee. Mr. McGrath then interested himself in seeing that the situation which had developed in the Army should be, as far as possible, righted. He, all along, was emphatic that the original document presented by the two officers need not be taken literally, and that the officers did not intend to challenge the basis of Parliamentary representation, or the fabric of responsible Government. Subsequently a document was received from the two officers, explicitly withdrawing and repudiating the original document.

It became then a question of deciding the action that should be taken with regard to those who in varying degrees might be said to have participated in the mutinous revolt. In a class apart, they had two men who signed the document which was presented to the President. Then there were the men who absconded with arms, and the men without arms, and the men who sent in their resignations.

He (Mr. O'Higgins) took it that the letter which the President had sent to Mr. McGrath was an attempt to clarify a somewhat obscure position. It was accepted by the Minister for Defence, and was communicated by him to the other members of the Defence Council.

"We regard the action taken last night as cutting across what was the Government intention, what was the Government policy with regard to an extremely dangerous, an extremely delicate national position; but I do not want any deputy or any member of the general public to come to the conclusion that the resignation of certain high Army officers was demanded by the Government simply and solely as a result of last night's activity. That is not the situation.

A SENSE OF PROPRIETORSHIP.

"At a discussion which took place the day after this document was presented by the two officers the view was expressed in the Executive Council that this particular *personnel* was not the *personnel* to deal with a mutinous revolt. I personally expressed that view.

"I expressed it emphatically, and gave reasons. One other member of the Executive Council stated that he within the last few days, as he put it, had come to the decision that those men had been too long in their positions, that something in the nature of a sense of proprietorship was springing up, and that he had intended to move for a change at the top of the Army. He went on to develop the view that he regarded the document served by the two officers on the President as a cut across, and argued that as the removal of the Army Council was one of the terms of the challenge of the document, the removal of the Army Council was not possible in the particular set of circumstances and at that particular time.

"I want that to be grasped, that there were those who held—and held strongly—that whereas in the abstract a change in the headship of the Army might be considered desirable, the concrete, existing circumstances were such as to constitute an obstacle to that course.

"Whether the decision to refuse in the concrete set of circumstances to consider the proposal for the removal of the Army Council was wise or unwise, we need not pause now to consider very deeply. It was passed by, it was put behind, set aside—shall I say as a thing that, in the face of mutiny, in the face of the document, in face of the fact that their removal was one of the things called for in the document, the thing could not then be considered.

"SETTING THE HEATHER AFIRE."

"But when this *personnel*, or members of this *personnel*, without consultation with the Government, without consultation with the General Officer Commanding the Defence Forces appointed by the Government, take a particular action calculated to have possibly a grave reaction within the Army and throughout the country, calculated perhaps to set the heather afire, the heather that we have been so assiduously attempting to quench and damp down, then a different set of circumstances arises.

"We have decided that the interests of the public, the interests of the State and the interests of the Army call for the removal from their administrative posts of those three officers.

"General O'Duffy has been informed that he is now in complete executive control and authority over every man in Army uniform. The Minister for Defence has resigned. To-morrow morning someone will be assigned the duties of Acting Minister for Defence.

"Let me say here that we have not been satisfied within our own councils that this matter of this mutiny should be dealt with simply on the assumption that one hundred per cent. of the wrong was on one side and one hundred per cent. of the right on the other side, that it could not be, and should not be, dealt with as a mutiny would be dealt with in countries that are more normal, by Governments that are more normal, and in armies that are more normal.

"CLEAVAGES."

"Let me also say that while we never got any definite official information from the Minister for Defence that that was so, the view was gradually borne in on the minds of at least some members of the Executive Council, that there existed in the Army factions, organisations, societies—call them what you wish, cleavages perhaps—combinations, at any rate, that should not exist, and do not exist in normal disciplined armies, that personal equation was too much in evidence, so much in evidence that it overrode discipline. Discipline to be disciplined must be impersonal. (Hear, hear). We were not without evidence that that impersonal discipline did not exist in the Army.

THE PEOPLE'S WILL.

"Naturally, with diffidence as being Ministers in the political headship of every department; naturally, with a certain reluctance and a certain hesitation, the view was formed in the minds of members of the Executive Council that there was a danger that the Army was not unequivocally, unquestionably, without reserve and simply the instrument of the people's will, expressed constitutionally through the Dail and through it by the Executive Council. If the view was right that it was a question of rural combinations, there was a lot to be said for the opinion that you could not strike at one of those combinations through the medium of another.

"That certainly was the factor in my mind when I expressed the view in the Executive Council that the mutiny could not be dealt with by the particular *personnel* in control of the Army. I personally would have been willing to face the suggestion that we were caving in to the particular challenge of the document sent by the two officers.

THE FUTURE.

"JUST LIKE A CORAL ISLAND."

"I incline to the view that I have said enough about the past; many members will incline to the view that I have said too much about the past. I now want to talk about the future. The position now is that General O'Duffy is in complete control of the Army and of every man in military uniform, and that he will expect and exact by virtue of the powers conferred upon him by the Government absolute discipline, absolute loyalty, absolute obedience from every man in military uniform. (Applause from all parts of the House).

"Chief of Staff General Sean McMahon is for the moment absent from town. Through the medium of General Mulcahy I have received the resignations of Lieutenant-General O'Sullivan and Lieutenant-General O'Murthuille, which have been accepted. The Executive Council must appoint an acting Minister for Defence, and the admittedly difficult and delicate situation that exists must be handled by General O'Duffy, in close consultation with the Council as a whole, and with the particular person who is appointed temporarily as Minister for Defence.

"I should like to add one word. The action that has been taken has not been taken without adverting to the fact that the officers whose resignations have been asked for have done great service to this country; great service to the people of this country in the past.

PAST RECORDS.

"There is recognition of that; there will always be gratitude for that, but in national affairs one has to accept it that it is not by the water that has passed that the mill is turned. In this whole matter, as in other matters, the country must realise that it is not possible to carry on administration on the basis of swapping records; that there can be advertence to past service only to the extent that past service can be considered to give promise of useful public service for the future. (Applause). In national affairs, from the very nature of things, there can be no gratitude *per* mere gratitude.

"It is just like the coral island built up by insects, each doing its particular bit of work, with others coming along to build on top of what the former have done. I do not use the word insect in any derogatory sense, but we have come to the conclusion that those three men have done all the useful work that they are capable of doing, and that in the set of circumstances which now exist other men must take up the lines and carry on and build upon their work, improve upon it, eliminate whatever is found to be loose, whatever is found to be bad, but recognising at the same time that big work has been done, a big task has been undertaken, and to a large extent achieved, by the officers who went before.

THE LIMIT OF UTILITY.

"I would like the thing faced in that way, and not have it regarded as in any sense vindictive action against those men, or in any way throwing discredit on those men, but simply recognised that it is the view of those who have the responsibility of decision in grave matters of this kind that under the circumstances those officers have reached the limit of their utility, and that this particular national service and public work can now be better done by other men.

"A situation sometimes arises in which it is mere waste of time to go into merits as regards individuals. It sometimes arises that it is a case of *res ipsa loquitur*—whether this or that charge be true or not, whether this or that allegation can be beaten down or not, the thing speaks for itself.

"Men may sometimes be rendered inoperative, their future utility may be prejudiced beyond hope of recovery by what is known as incurable unpopularity. It may be said later on that those men, with the work they had to do, could not have but tread on many corns and raise up for themselves dislikes and prejudices, running even into slanderous remarks, unkind, uncharitable, and, it may be, untrue charges. But we have to act impersonally, and we have formed the view that those three officers are no longer available in the public service, and have not a useful future before them in those three administrative positions.

A GRAVE MENACE.

"It is clear that the Army situation has been unsound for a very considerable time; that there was there a very grave menace—what I described before as an abscess reacting on the general health, on the general *morale* of that organisation. To what extent it was there, with the full knowledge and responsibility of the heads of the Army, with the full knowledge of the Minister responsible for the Army, is a matter which the gentlemen appointed to this grave task must inquire into. That inquiry will proceed.

"Any charges that are to be formulated will be sifted and will be reported upon but, apart from that inquiry or the results, we felt that, if a healthy situation is to be restored within the Army—if a safe and sound situation is to be attained for this State and its people—that the action which we decided upon this morning, and which we duly communicated to the President and now communicate to the Dail, and through the Dail to the people, was the right and sound and proper action in all the circumstances."

Mr. O'Higgins sat down amid "Hear, hears," from all parts of the House, and the Speaker made a remark which was not heard in the Press Gallery.

OFFICIAL REPORTS.

NAMES OF THE ARRESTED OFFICERS.

The Minister for Home Affairs then rose again, and said that he had made the extraordinary mistake of not answering the particular question that had been addressed to him. He had, he added, in his hand two official reports on the proceedings of the preceding night. The first, presented by the Minister for Defence to the Executive Council that morning, ran:—

"Information was received at 9.30 last night of a meeting of mutinous officers in Devlin's, Parnell street. Troops were despatched to the scene, and the house was surrounded. Owing to the Standing Orders that we have no authority to search houses, owing to the state of war ceasing to operate, the troops did not effect an entrance, but searched people as they came out of the premises.

"The ordinary customers having come out, and there being no move on the part of the officers who were there, reinforcements and further instructions were asked for. Orders were given to have the house raided, and the officers in the place arrested. By the time the troops were in position to have this order given effect to it was 11 p.m., and it was found that the house was barricaded, and would necessitate using force, and probably firearms, in order to effect an entrance. This development was reported and instructions asked for.

"Sometime before 12 o'clock orders were given to have the house taken. Troops moved into position in the neighbouring houses, and the order was gone ahead with.

"The troops had no difficulty in effecting an entrance, and, having searched the house, they found nobody. Having, however, got out on the roof they found the following officers:—Colonels James Slattery, Chris. O'Malley, Frank Thornton, Commandant Pat McCrae, Joseph Shanahan, ex-Commandant Leahy, Commandants Joe Dolan, Bob Halpin, Patrick Griffin, Charles Byrne (A.D.C. to the President), Lieutenant Michael Collins.

"Seven revolvers, one automatic, and 80 rounds of ammunition (three rounds being dum-dum) were found on the officers. All the houses in the Parnell street, Moore street, and Moore lane blocs were searched during the night, but nobody else was arrested.

"Mr. J. McGrath, Minister for Industry and Commerce, and Mr. Dan McCarthy, T.D., arrived on the scene at 10 o'clock, and remained there until a late hour in the morning. The G.O.C., Dublin, mentioned that it was felt that three of those who were in the house escaped, but there is no confirmation of this. Earlier in the night—about 11 p.m.—one man was seen on the roof, and, failing to halt when called upon to do so, was fired upon, and returned to the premises."

MR. McGRATH AND THE PRISONERS.

PERMISSION TO STAND A DRINK NOT REFUSED.

There was a report which was handed to him in the course of the day by the Minister for Defence. That was signed by Major-General Hogan, and addressed to the Minister for Defence, reporting on these operations. It stated that Colonel McDonnell and a party of troops arrived about 9.30 p.m., and troops were placed at the front and back of the premises of Devlin's publichouse. Colonel McDonnell approached the front door. Commandant Dolan and Colonel Shanahan were standing inside, and he told them that they might consider themselves under arrest. He heard that there were several other officers inside, and he telephoned for instructions and reinforcements. These reinforcements arrived about 10.30, and a cordon was placed around Devlin's publichouse.

A number of civilians were in the shop, and these were interrogated and ordered out. It was then found that the "mutineers" had barricaded the stairs, and were evidently prepared to fight.

In view of the possibilities, Colonel McDonnell telephoned for further instructions, and he was directed to force the pace. Men were seen making their way out by the rear, and some shots were fired. About 12.30 a party of troops rushed upstairs, and met no opposition, and found no one there.

About 2.20 a.m. men lying between the roofs called on one of the troops to surrender. The troops called upon those men to surrender.

An abandoned motor car was also found nearby after the officers had surrendered. Persons were searched, but nothing was found on them.

"Mr. McGrath, who had arrived earlier, asked permission to stand the prisoners a drink—(laughter)—and the permission was not refused in the circumstances. (More laughter.)

"Mr. McGrath stated to the prisoners that their arrest was not authorised by the Government, but was simply military action; also, that they should not have been arrested, as the troops had only warrants to arrest three of them.

"It was pointed out to Mr. McGrath that the instructions were to arrest the lot, and Mr. McGrath was very disagreeable to the officers in charge of the troops, and would have been detained himself were it not for the fact of his position in the Government.

AN ATTEMPTED ESCAPE.

"When the prisoners were being conveyed away, and at O'Connell Bridge, Colonel Slattery jumped out of the lorry and tried to escape. A couple of shots were fired at him, and he was pursued and captured. All the officers arrested were detained in Arbour Hill Barracks.

"A search was carried out in the area adjacent, and nothing was got, but a quantity of torn papers was found.

The officer in charge stated that he was of opinion that, if the troops had arrived an hour later, very interesting information would have been obtained, as preparations for a meeting had been made.

MR. M'GRATH'S RESIGNATION.

Mr. O'Higgins added that there was one matter that should be cleared up. There seemed to be some doubt up to last night as to whether the resignation of Mr. McGrath as Industry and Commerce had become effective; whether he was, or was not, a member of the Government. The position was that Mr. McGrath's resignation had become effective; but he was continuing as a matter of convenience and as, he (Mr. O'Higgins) thought, a matter of constitutional strictness to perform anything attaching to the position until such time as his successor was appointed.

He thought that it should be said also that the Government, or such members who were on the active list, recognised that this series of events and the resignation of two Ministers constituted for them a problem and situation which would need very full and very grave consideration.

That was not overlooked, and deputies, of course, understood the situation at the moment. The President was ill and, under orders of his professional advisers—very strong orders—was not in touch with public duties and, so far as possible, from worries about public problems.

The Government would need some little time to consider the situation amongst themselves—probably over the week-end. It could do so, could not but tread on many corns and raise up for themselves dislikes and prejudices, running even into slanderous remarks, unkind, uncharitable, and, it may be, untrue charges. But we have to act impersonally, and we have formed the view that those three officers are no longer available in the public service, and have not a useful future before them in those three administrative positions.

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MR. McGRATH AND THE PRISONERS.

PERMISSION TO STAND A DRINK NOT REFUSED.

There was a report which was handed to him in the course of the day by the Minister for Defence. That was signed by Major-General Hogan, and addressed to the Minister for Defence, reporting on these operations. It stated that Colonel McDonnell and a party of troops arrived about 9.30 p.m., and troops were placed at the front and back of the premises of Devlin's publichouse. Colonel McDonnell approached the front door. Commandant Dolan and Colonel Shanahan were standing inside, and he told them that they might consider themselves under arrest. He heard that there were several other officers inside, and he telephoned for instructions and reinforcements. These reinforcements arrived about 10.30, and a cordon was placed around Devlin's publichouse.

A number of civilians were in the shop, and these were interrogated and ordered out. It was then found that the "mutineers" had barricaded the stairs, and were evidently prepared to fight.

In view of the possibilities, Colonel McDonnell telephoned for further instructions, and he was directed to force the pace. Men were seen making their way out by the rear, and some shots were fired. About 12.30 a party of troops rushed upstairs, and met no opposition, and found no one there.

About 2.20 a.m. men lying between the roofs called on one of the troops to surrender. The troops called upon those men to surrender.

An abandoned motor car was also found nearby after the officers had surrendered. Persons were searched, but nothing was found on them.

"Mr. McGrath, who had arrived earlier, asked permission to stand the prisoners a drink—(laughter)—and the permission was not refused in the circumstances. (More laughter.)

"Mr. McGrath stated to the prisoners that their arrest was not authorised by the Government, but was simply military action; also, that they should not have been arrested, as the troops had only warrants to arrest three of them.

"It was pointed out to Mr. McGrath that the instructions were to arrest the lot, and Mr. McGrath was very disagreeable to the officers in charge of the troops, and would have been detained himself were it not for the fact of his position in the Government.

AN ATTEMPTED ESCAPE.

"When the prisoners were being conveyed away, and at O'Connell Bridge, Colonel Slattery jumped out of the lorry and tried to escape. A couple of shots were fired at him, and he was pursued and captured. All the officers arrested were detained in Arbour Hill Barracks.

"A search was carried out in the area adjacent, and nothing was got, but a quantity of torn papers was found.

The officer in charge stated that he was of opinion that, if the troops had arrived an hour later, very interesting information would have been obtained, as preparations for a meeting had been made.

MR. M'GRATH'S RESIGNATION.

Mr. O'Higgins added that there was one matter that should be cleared up. There seemed to be some doubt up to last night as to whether the resignation of Mr. McGrath as Industry and Commerce had become effective; whether he was, or was not, a member of the Government. The position was that Mr. McGrath's resignation had become effective; but he was continuing as a matter of convenience and as, he (Mr. O'Higgins) thought, a matter of constitutional strictness to perform anything attaching to the position until such time as his successor was appointed.

He thought that it should be said also that the Government, or such members who were on the active list, recognised that this series of events and the resignation of two Ministers constituted for them a problem and situation which would need very full and very grave consideration.

That was not overlooked, and deputies, of course, understood the situation at the moment. The President was ill and, under orders of his professional advisers—very strong orders—was not in touch with public duties and, so far as possible, from worries about public problems.

The Government would need some little time to consider the situation amongst themselves—probably over the week-end. It could do so, could not but tread on many corns and raise up for themselves dislikes and prejudices, running even into slanderous remarks, unkind, uncharitable, and, it may be, untrue charges. But we have to act impersonally, and we have formed the view that those three officers are no longer available in the public service, and have not a useful future before them in those three administrative positions.

A new frock! A new hat! How well you know the delightful, confident mood they bring. But a sallow face, a tired skin—you try not to notice how they spoil your satisfaction.

Unnecessary torment. A Pomeroy Masseuse can tone up your complexion so that it has the clear, transparent bloom of perfect health.

Mrs. Pomeroy Ltd.

67 Grafton street, Dublin.

Make an Appointment To-day.

DUBLIN AND THE PROVINCES.

DUBLIN.

GEORGE WASHINGTON IN PORT.—The motor ship George Washington, safely negotiated the River Liffey yesterday and berthed on the south side of the Alexandra Basin. The vessel grounded last Thursday night on its way up the river. It was refloated by unloading a thousand tons of its cargo of grain.

WIRELESS ENTERTAINMENT.—A wireless receiving set has been installed by Messrs. Jacob and Co. in their Recreation Hall, Dublin, and last night employes of the firm, with their friends "listened in" to a programme which included items from Manchester, Newcastle and Bournemouth. The reception was good, particularly from the Manchester station.

CONNAUGHT.

INTERNEE CHARGED.—At a special Court in Tobercurry, Co. Sligo, an internee named Joseph Durcan, of Carrantubber, who had been brought from the Curragh on the previous night, was charged with taking part in an armed raid on the premises of Mr. J. C. Burke, general merchant, Tobercurry, in 1922, and taking away goods to the value of £60. Evidence was given to the effect that Durcan was the leader of an armed party who stole a chest of tea, a bag of sugar, American and Irish bacon, biscuits, 3,500 cigarettes and 28 pounds of tobacco. The accused man who made no statement, was remanded in custody.

LEINSTER.

ARMED ROBBERY.—A. Dooley, of Rathgibbon, Birr, was stopped in the Syngefield road, on the outskirts of the town, and robbed of £6. Several people have been robbed in this neighbourhood recently.

APPLAUDED THE WIRELESS SET.—A wireless demonstration was given in Dungarvan on Monday night. The results were very good, and the people applauded the instruments.

DISABLED SHIP LOOTED.—In the course of the hearing of a claim at Wexford for £3,504 in respect of the flour looted from a ship lying at New Ross, it was stated that a mishap occurred to the vessel which made it likely that it would be submerged, so the captain had the hatches battened down. The inhabitants of New Ross, said counsel, in support of the claim, collected in their multitudes, swarmed on to the vessel at low tide, and looted the whole of the 2,655 bags. The flour was actually sold in the streets by auction. The hearing was adjourned.

NORTHERN IRELAND.

NAME IN IRISH.—John McDonald, Killen, was summoned at Newry yesterday for not having his name in legible characters on his cart. The name was painted in Irish, and the police submitted that this did not comply with the law, inasmuch as the characters must be in English. McDonald produced his name plate and said that when the names of the streets in Newry were in Irish that was "good enough." The Chairman, in returning the name plate, said that he was sure it was very interesting to those who knew Irish, but, unfortunately, he did not. A fine of 2s. 6d. and costs was imposed, the Chairman advising McDonald to have his name in both English and Irish, when he "would be well enough done for then."

ALLEGED ATTACK WITH BILLHOOK.—James Donnelly, Lisadian, Co. Armagh, was remanded on £100 bail by a special Court held in Newry Union Hospital on Tuesday on a charge of assaulting Edward Connellan with a billhook. Connellan stated that Donnelly attacked him with a billhook as he was passing his house on Monday. He hit him on the head, knocked him down, and caused blood to flow, and then beat him about the legs and body with the billhook. His cries for murder caused Donnelly to run into his house, and after a time Connellan dragged himself into a neighbour's house, where he stayed until removed to hospital.

Patrick Reilly, Dunsrim, Clones, has died at the age of 105. He is survived by his wife, who is 95.

Londonderry magistrates sentenced Robert Cunningham, no address, to seven days' imprisonment for stealing two lumps of coal from a waggon on the quay.

SHOTS AT A COTTAGE.—On Monday night men called at the house of Patrick Coyne, at Killaderry, near Philipstown, King's County. Coyne and his wife and family had gone to bed, but Mrs. Coyne got up and inquired who was there. Somebody replied, "We want Paddy Coyne." Two or three shots were then fired at the kitchen door, and the men then went away. The incident is supposed to be connected with the fact that Coyne was recently accepted as tenant of the cottage.

CRUELTY TO SHEEP.—On a summons for causing unnecessary pain to their sheep by allowing them to be too tightly tied at Henry Ryan, of Clonegal, was fined £1 and costs and veterinary fees, or three days' imprisonment, at the Bunclody, Co. Wexford District Court.

ULSTER.

WELL-MITIGATED POTEEN FINE.—John Montgomery, a small market gardener, who lives alone in the Crockaclavin, Clogher, district, was fined £100, mitigated to £10 at Ballygawley on Tuesday for having in his possession a teaspoonful of illicit spirits in a glass found by the police on the kitchen table.

PUBLICAN'S GUESTS.—A charge against John McKenna, Aughnacloy, of keeping his licensed premises open for the sale of liquor during prohibited hours was dismissed at Ballygawley, Co. Tyrone, on Tuesday as it was proved that the three men on the premises were invited guests.

G.N. RAILWAY REVALUATION.—The Northern Commissioner of Valuation has informed the Lurgan Urban Council that a reduction of £213 10s. has been made on the valuation of the Great Northern Railway's premises at Lurgan. The Council has decided to lodge an appeal against this reduction.

Notices accusing several local men of being spies and informers were found posted in many places in Dundalk on Monday.

A farm at Geashill, King's County, consisting of twenty acres of good land, with a new dwelling-house attached, has been sold for £600.

The death has occurred of Mr. David Buddle, Glin, Co. Limerick. He was for many years chairman of the Glin District Council and the local Farmers' Union.

Mr. E. L. Campbell, Cintra, Ailesbury Park, Dublin, writes that he, too, picked up Le Station Radio Telephone du *Petit Parisien* on Monday night at 10 o'clock. The wave length was 350 metres.

BROADCASTING.

To-day's Programme.

The letters "S.B." in these programmes signify a Simultaneous Broadcast from the station mentioned.

LONDON (2LO)—365 Metres.

1.0-2.0.—Time Signal from Big Ben. The Wireless Trio and Tom Mingoue (bass-baritone). 6.0.—Women's Hour: "Stockings on the Kerbstone" Line," by an Art Student. Rose de Vaye (soprano). A Fashion Talk by Nora Shandon. 6.30.—Children's Stories. 6.15.—Boy Scouts' and Girl Guides' News. 6.25-7.0.—Time Signal from Big Ben and News Bulletin. S.B. to all Stations. Percy Scholes. "The Week's Music." S.B. to all Stations. Talk by the Radio Society of Great Britain. S.B. to all Stations. Local News and Weather Forecast. 7.40.—Dorothy George and Ashton Burch in "Customary Tales" (Lisa Lehmann). 8.0.—Readings from Robert Louis Stevenson. 8.15.—An Hour with Henry Purcell and his Contemporaries (1658-1695). (Arranged by Phillip Wilson). 9.30.—Time Signal from Greenwich, and News Bulletin. S.B. to all Stations. Local News and Weather Forecast. 9.45.—Anthony Bertram on "The National Portrait Gallery on Lesser Galleries of London." 10.0.—The Savoy Orpheans and Savoy Havana Bands relayed from the Savoy Hotel, London. S.B. to all Stations. 12.0.—Close down. Announcer: J. S. Dodgson.

BIRMINGHAM (5IT)—475 Metres.

3.30-4.30.—Station Piano Quintette under the direction of Frank Cantell. 5.0.—Women's Corner. 5.30.—Agricultural Weather Forecast. Kiddies' Corner. 6.30.—Teens' Corner. 6.45.—Boy Scouts' and Girl Guides' News. 7.0.—News. S.B. from London. Percy Scholes. S.B. from London. Radio Society Talk. S.B. from London. Local News and Weather Forecast. 7.40.—Popular Classics Programme. The Station Orchestra. 9.30.—News. S.B. from London. Local News and Weather Forecast. 9.45.—Major Vernon Brook, M.I.Mech.E., on "Motors and Motoring." 10.0.—The Savoy Bands. S.B. from London. 12.0.—Close down. Announcer: H. Cecil Pearson.

BOURNEMOUTH (6BM)—385 Metres.

3.45-4.45.—The Crystals Concert Party. 4.45.—Women's Hour. 5.15.—Kiddies' Hour. 6.0.—Boy Scouts' and Girl Guides' News. 6.15.—Scholars' Half-Hour: J. C. B. Carter, B.A., A.K.C., Lon. "Shakespeare's Predecessors." 7.0.—News. S.B. from London. Percy Scholes. S.B. from London. Radio Society Talk. S.B. from London. Local News and Weather Forecast. 7.40-8.0.—Interval. 8.0.—"Chamber Music." The 6BM Trio. George Parker (baritone). Jean Gennin (flautist), and Pierre Gennin (flautist). 9.30.—News. S.B. from London. Local News and Weather Forecast. 9.45.—The Savoy Bands. S.B. from London. 12.0.—Close down. Announcer: Stanley How

CARDIFF (5WA)—353 Metres.

5.0.—"5WA's Five O'Clocks." 5.45.—The Hour of the "Kiddiewinks." 6.45.—Boy Scouts' and Girl Guides' News. 7.0.—News. S.B. from London. Percy Scholes. S.B. from London. Radio Society Talk. S.B. from London. Local News and Weather Forecast. A programme of variety. Vocalist, Dorothy Larkin (blind soprano); solo pianist, Lionel Falkman; entertainer, Jay Kaye, and Orchestra. 9.0.—Dr. Jas. J. Simpson, M.A., D.Sc., on British Mammals. 9.16.—Violin Soli by The Leadenhead. 9.30.—"Tempo di Minuetto." 9.35.—Jay Kaye. 9.30.—News. S.B. from London. Local News and Weather Forecast. 9.45.—Orchestral selection, "Carmen" (Bizet). 10.0.—The Savoy Bands. S.B. from London. 12.0.—Close down. Announcer: A. H. Goddard.

MANCHESTER (2ZY)—378 Metres.

11.30-12.30.—Concert by "2ZY" Orchestra. 5.0.—Women's Hour. 5.35.—Farmers' Weather Forecast. 5.50.—Children's Hour. 6.35.—Boy Scouts' and Girl Guides' News. 6.45.—Francis J. Stafford, M.A., M.Ed., French Talk. 7.0.—News. S.B. from London. Percy Scholes. S.B. from London. Radio Society Talk. S.B. from London. Local News and Weather Forecast. 7.45.—Carlton Main (Frickley) Colliery Band. 8.45.—Professor T. H. Pear, B.Sc., on "How to Use the Memory." 9.0.—Band. 9.30.—News. S.B. from London. Local News and Weather Forecast. 9.45.—Band. 10.0.—The Savoy Bands. S.B. from London. 12.0.—Close down. Announcer: Victor Smythe.

NEWCASTLE (5NO)—400 Metres.

3.45.—Concert: Leonie Storm (solo pianoforte). Thomas Golder (solo cornet). Rhie Golightly and Tom Golightly (duets). 4.45.—Women's Hour. 5.15.—Children's Hour. 6.0.—Scholars' Half-Hour: T. C. Wilson on "Border Life in the Middle Ages—Pacification of the Borders." 6.30.—Boy Scouts' and Girl Guides' News. 6.45.—Farmers' Corner. 7.0.—News. S.B. from London. Percy Scholes. S.B. from London. Radio Society Talk. S.B. from London. Local News and Weather Forecast. 7.40.—The Wireless Orchestra. 7.45.—David McFadzean (baritone). 7.55.—Fred Spencer (Mrs. Attrie). 8.5.—Orchestra. 8.15.—Mabel Offer (mezzo-soprano). 8.25.—Orchestra. 8.35.—David McFadzean. 8.45.—Mabel Offer. 8.55.—Orchestra. 9.0-9.30.—Interval. 9.30.—News. S.B. from London. Local News and Weather Forecast. 9.45.—Orchestra. 9.55.—Fred Spencer (Mrs. Attrie). 10.0.—The Savoy Bands. S.B. from London. 12.0.—Close down. Announcer: R. C. Pratt.

Wireless Sets any novice can work. Demonstrations daily. Grafton Motor Company, Dublin.—(Advt.)

MOTOR CAR DAMAGED.

While driving a motor car near Limerick a young man was "held up" by two armed and masked men, one of whom took charge of the steering wheel and ran the car into the wall, putting the car out of action. The men then went away.

The Grand Sheikh of Al Azhar condemns the policy of the Turkish Government in regard to the Caliphate. The news that the Moslems of India favour an Islamic Congress is received with great satisfaction here, and the question will probably be raised in the new Parliament.—(Reuter.)

An advertisement in another column directs attention to the latest Irish enterprise—A Cara Universal Polish. It is a compound for cleaning and polishing gold, silver, aluminium, brass, copper, and all kinds of glassware. It has gained considerable favour amongst hotels, restaurants, garages, etc.

NATIONAL BANK CLERKSHIPS.

Exam. announced for 7th May.

At the last exam., Nov., 1923, 15 of the 17 Students sent forward from SKERRY'S COLLEGE, 76 St. Stephen's Green, Dublin, were successful. BEST RESULT. Special Oral and Correspondence Classes now working.—(Advt.)

BANK OF IRELAND CLERKSHIPS.

Candidates should note that at the last examination 26 of the 35 appointments offered (including the first 7 places) were gained by pupils of Rosse Coates, Stephen's Green.—(Advt.)

DUBLIN UNION RELIEF.

AUDITOR'S GRAVE REPORT.

The extraordinary audit of the accounts of Relieving Officer McGuinness was the subject of a report presented to the Commissioners of the Dublin Union, at their meeting yesterday, by the auditor, Mr. F. MacBernard. Mr. MacBernard's district comprised New Kilmainham, Clondalkin, Palmerston, Cabinteely, and Dalkey.

The auditor mentioned that the examination of the receiving officer's accounts covered the period from the 1st April, 1922, to 3rd January, 1924, and was attended by Relieving Officer McGuinness, who admitted that he was guilty of grave irregularities and dereliction of duty. Cases were never visited by him personally. Applications for relief produced by applicants were in some instances, and medical certificates in other instances at the dispensary, but it was obvious that the information obtained in this manner was incomplete and inaccurate.

Relieving Officer McGuinness failed in his duties in not investigating the cases in the manner prescribed in the General Regulations. The facility in which relief could be obtained in his district created a stimulus to further applications, so that the abnormal increase in the number of cases and expenditure incurred was apparent. For the half-year ended 30th September, 1923, the records showed that 238 cases were relieved at a cost of £3,178, as compared with 154 cases at a cost of £1,629 for the corresponding period in 1922. That state of affairs was due to the regrettable action of certain Guardians, who actually assisted in and condoned the misconduct of this official, thereby encouraging wholesale extravagance.

THE OFFICER'S BOOKS.

An examination of the Application and Report Book of the relieving officer revealed that relief was "purported to be authorised" by Mr. R. O'Donohue, P.L.G., in all transfers for the current half-year, and in 44 new cases, but the records showed that this Guardian was not present at the meetings of the Admission Board on the dates set out opposite each case. In addition, relief was "purported to be authorised" by the same Guardian in 72 new cases, though he was not the presiding chairman at the specified meetings. Statements made by Messrs. McGuinness and O'Donohue established the fact that relief was granted without the knowledge or authority of the Board of Guardians. It was also ascertained that Mr. O'Donohue initialled transfers, extensions, and new applications for relief at the residence of the relieving officer, fully cognisant of the fact that the latter had not made any inquiries into the circumstances of the applicants.

In addition Mr. J. Carroll, P.L.G., at the request of the Relieving Officer, "purported to authorise relief" in some cases by affixing his initials opposite the cases in the application and report book, though he was not the presiding chairman at the Admission Board. Relieving Officer McGuinness did not always assist at the distribution of relief, which in some instances was disbursed by Messrs. Clarke, Cullen, and R. O'Donohue.

THE PAYMENT OF RELIEF.

It appeared from the statements made during the audit that some of the relief was paid at the bar in Inchicore Club, in contravention of Article 48, No. 6, of the General Regulations. Another irregularity was the leaving of relief money with Miss O'Connor, P.L.G., to be called for by the applicants. It was the practice in the Dublin Union for outdoor relief to be paid in cash. Relieving Officer McGuinness only allowed a small proportion of the amount in cash, giving an order check for the balance, to be presented to traders in the district, with whom he had made the necessary arrangements to honour same. He received every week a cheque for the full amount of relief, but he paid only a small portion in cash to the applicants, and, as the traders' accounts showed that there was over £400 unpaid at the close of the audit, it was obvious that he utilised the money for purposes other than that for which it was advanced. Mr. O'Donohue, P.L.G., distributed relief in kind and cash, although he admitted it was not in accordance with the resolutions of the Guardians.

The records of the Relieving Officer were erroneous, as they showed that all relief was paid in cash, and he did not inform his executive officer of the method adopted by him. Consequently the checking of the books was valueless, as they were not the true accounts of his expenditure. Investigations made by the supervisors and statements obtained at the audit disclosed that there were

FREE STATE PARLIAMENT.

SENATE AND MINISTRIES.

CONTROL OF COUNTRY'S TRANSPORT SYSTEMS.

HOUSING BILL IN THE DAIL.

In the Senate yesterday the Housing Bill received a second reading, and progress was made with the Ministers and Secretaries Bill. A proposal by the Labour Party to create a Ministry of Transport met with strong opposition, and was defeated.

The Dail received another report of the Committee on Broadcasting, and granted an extension of time until the 28th inst. for the preparation of the final report.

The motion by Mr. Corish which invited the Dail to express disapproval of the Minister of Local Government was defeated.

THE SENATE.

HOUSING BILL.

LABOUR PARTY'S CRITICISM.

Lord Glenavy took the chair at 3 o'clock.

When the Housing Bill came up for second reading, the Chairman explained that President Cosgrave, who, unfortunately, was unable to be present owing to illness, wanted the second reading and the Committee stage passed this week. They should proceed with the second reading, and the President might be able to attend the House for the Committee stage.

Mr. Farren opened the discussion with an expression of regret at the cause of President Cosgrave's absence. When introducing the bill the President stated that it was proposed with a view to alleviating unemployment, to providing houses at prices which those who would use them could pay, and generally to give some help towards better business. £300,000 would be provided for the purpose of making grants or giving subsidies to private persons or speculators, in order to build houses or reconstruct existing dwellings. £250,000 of the £300,000 was proposed for the provision of these subsidies for the purpose of encouraging the building of houses for the working classes. The principle underlying the bill was a departure from the usual practice.

Mr. Farren went on to refer to the million pounds which the Government voted for housing two years ago, and alleged that the failure of that scheme was due in a large measure to the attitude of the Local Government Board with regard to plans. In the circumstances, he said, it was not fair to blame the local authorities. If an inquiry were instituted he would be able to prove his charges up to the hilt.

STRONG DOUBTS.

The President had said that he expected to have 3,000 houses built under this bill in twelve months. He (Mr. Farren) hoped that he would, but had his doubts. The British Ministry had endeavoured to solve the problem by a similar system. The outcome was that 70 houses were built in Dublin during the three years that the grant had been in operation.

Proceeding, Senator Farren said that there had been a good deal of misrepresentation in statements appearing in the Press to the effect that houses could be built in other places much cheaper than they could in this country. He had noticed that a Minister of the British Government, in replying to a question, stated that 63,000 houses had been built in Great Britain under the Housing Act of 1921, at an all in cost of £1,041 each. He suggested that under the circumstances they would have done better than that in this country.

The method proposed in this bill would never solve the problem. It was merely tinkering with it. The only way the problem would be solved was by giving subsidies to speculative builders, but by the setting up of a national housing authority. Under this bill not three per cent. of the working classes would be in a position to purchase houses.

Under the bill the total subsidy on a £10 valuation house would be £300, counting that from the Government and from the local authority, plus the remission of rates. He suggested that the period to which the letting or selling of houses at a fixed figure is restricted by the bill should be extended.

WHAT IS THE POLICY?

Sir John Keane said that there were certain aspects of the bill which made him very uneasy, and his anxiety was expressed in certain amendments which he had tabled. Broadly, he would like to know what was the Government's policy? Did they think that they could solve the problem by State schemes, or did they consider that those schemes merely as an interregnum, while honestly trying to get back to private enterprise? If private enterprise in building were their policy, how did they propose to attain it?

In the bill there were certain features which were the very negation of private enterprise, and were calculated to deter private builders. There were, he considered, distinctly Socialistic tendencies in the bill, and, undoubtedly, Socialism was the greatest enemy of the State. It would be necessary for the House to examine those tendencies very closely, and, if necessary, to amend them.

He first dealt with the question of the fixed price, and said that the experience of fixing prices during the war was that prices went up. The fixing of prices would involve the going into the whole question very minutely all along the line, with the appointment of a large number of Government officials, and a large amount of Government interference. They had learned during the war that the one thing that Government interference did was to frighten away capital. He quoted the attempt to fix the price of bread, which resulted in an increase. He was afraid that the bill had already done the harm of frightening the private builder. It should be their interest to encourage capital to come to those shores and develop business. The bill contained much to make still more remote the day when private enterprise would face the housing problem.

ALLOCATION OF MONEY.

He asked how the Government grant was to be allocated; and whether there was any scheme prepared under which the areas most requiring the assistance offered were going to get it. Was the principle going to be: first come first served? He agreed with Senator Farren that there lay danger in giving power of sale within two years. The Government should reserve some lien for sale. He was also anxious for information as to the financing of the bill, whether it would be by borrowing or out of revenue.

He especially emphasised the danger of the permissive interference in the schemes of the local authorities who, under the bill, were offered temptations to add to the already heavy burden of the rates.

The final question was, could the great demand for houses be met by the free play of economic forces. The answer to that question largely rested with labour. The prices of building materials, of cement, timber, and bricks had not doubled since July, 1914. In those materials foreign competition was operating to keep down prices. In the skilled trades wages had increased two and a-half times since before the war, and unskilled labour was worse. In addition there had been a 12 per cent. decrease in the number of hours worked.

There seemed, he went on, to be something in the nature of class selfishness in the attitude of Labour, because there had been considerable wages reductions in the occupations into which foreign competition entered, such as engineering and agriculture. In the trades in which foreign competition was not felt at all, or only indirectly felt, abnormal rates far above the cost of living were maintained. The word "profiteer" applied to others besides the capitalists.

ATTACK ON EMPLOYERS.

Mr. O'Farrell (Labour) asserted that the Government had to take up the question of providing houses only because of the complete failure of the private builder. He quoted the cost prices of building materials in March of last year, showing that those were more than doubled.

The great difficulty was that in this country employers do not believe in a reasonable profit. They were all of the get-rich-quickly type. It was a notorious fact that Irish industries had been ruined by this characteristic of Irish employers, and that Irish seaside and other holiday resorts had been deserted because of the extravagant charges of the hotel-keepers. It all arose from the Irish desire to amass a fortune speedily.

Mr. John Bagwell said that it would be a pity to presume with Senator O'Farrell that private building enterprise had failed. He suggested that but for so much legislation more houses would have been built.

The bill passed the second stage without further question.

The House then took up the Committee stage of the Firearms (Temporary Provisions) Bill, 1924, which was passed without discussion.

MINISTRIES BILL.

TRANSPORT PROBLEM.

The Committee stage of the Ministers and Secretaries Bill, 1923, was next taken, and, in the absence of the President, the Attorney-General was invited to be present while the bill was under discussion.

Mr. O'Farrell moved an amendment to Section 1., Clause VII., to delete the word "transport." The effect of this, said Mr. O'Farrell, would be to take the question of transport out of the department of Ministry of Industry and Commerce. Later on he would move an amendment to provide for the establishment of a Ministry of Transport, which would deal with all transport matters, and also with post and telegraphs.

The re-organisation of the railways of the State, which they understood the Government would soon propose, would not be of very much effect unless there was an over-riding Government authority to hold the balance between the various forms of transport, and endeavour as far as possible to give the cheapest and most efficient transport service. They had a Minister for the Post Office, and he contended that the question of transport had a far greater claim to a Minister than the Post Office. Transport and communications should be dealt with by one ministry and one department, and the Post Office should only be a department within the ministry.

Mr. Douglas said that he sympathised a great deal with Mr. O'Farrell's amendment, and that the question should be very carefully considered.

The Attorney-General said that this was an organising bill for dividing the departments of the State. One, two or three departments might be assigned to a particular person. Possibly the Postmaster-General might have assigned to him one or two departments. The feature of the bill was its elasticity, and it was possible either to regroup the departments, or, under a later section, to sub-divide a department and take an intact section and put it into another department or under another Minister.

STRONG OPPOSITION.

Mr. John Bagwell strongly opposed the amendment. He considered that such an arrangement between the Post Office and the transport would be in the highest degree objectionable. The purport of the amendment was to set up a Ministry of Transport, which would include the Post Office. The Post Office was a Government department and was quite different from the other. The transport department would be a controlling department rather than, what he might call, was an operating department. The Post Office handled its own business, was responsible for it and for the money it made, lost and spent. The other, a controlling department, had to do with industries and businesses run with other people's money, and the two things seemed to him to be incapable of being assimilated in one ministry with satisfaction.

The Earl of Mayo said that he sympathised with Senator O'Farrall's amendment, but disagreed with him when he suggested that the Postmaster-General should have anything to do with transport. (Laughter.)

The Right Hon. A. Jameson said that about what the Attorney-General stated about the shuffling about of these various duties to the various Ministers, he took it that if the bill was passed these duties could only be shuffled by the Executive, or by the President, and neither House, no matter how it wished, could get an opportunity of altering the schedules of the Act, once they passed the bill.

The Attorney-General, replying, said that there would be sections of administration, more or less intact units which, under Section 12, it would be possible by an order, which should be laid on the table of both Houses, to transfer from one ministry to another. The ordinary course would be that the President elected by the Dail would select what departments he proposed to have administered within the Executive Council by the Executive Ministers. These would naturally be the departments as regarded which he and his Government had a policy. Other departments would remain outside, and the Dail could, by Committees elected on the proportional representation system, appoint Ministers to whom the Dail could assign one or two or more departments to be dealt with by external Ministers.

The Chairman—These seem to be all covered by Section 12 of the bill.

Dr. Yeats said that, with regard to the National Gallery and the Museum, he would like to ask if the Government would not keep them within the purview of a Minister belonging to the Executive Council? If the Government had no policy concerning the National Gallery or the Museum would they hand them over to the Minister for Fisheries—(laughter)—to the Minister for Agriculture, or to the Minster for Defence? (Laughter.)

Mr. O'Farrell said that he could assure the House that he had no intention of introducing a Transport and Communications Bill there, although he could inform the Attorney-General that 20 or 30 members of his (the Government) party would have voted for the bill if the Government Whips had been taken off.

The amendment was lost on a show of hands.

AN EQUAL VOTE.

Sir John Keane moved an amendment, which in substance would give every department a certain estimate to work within, and would remove from its Minister the necessity of having to apply to the Minister for Finance for the filling of every petty post, even a temporary one. The amount of writing between the Ministry for Finance and the other Ministers on questions of petty detail was appalling. His amendment would allow a Minister very wide discretion within the limits of the amount allocated for his department. The question of financial control of every little thing led to perpetual internal friction among departments.

On a show of hands an equal number voted for and against the amendment.

The Chairman said that the question raised was a very important one, and he would not give a casting vote on it. He suggested that the Attorney-General might consider if, between that and the report stage, he could put forward an amendment that would meet the wishes of the House.

The Attorney-General said that he would consult on the suggestion, and Sir John Keane's amendment was allowed to stand for the report stage of the bill.

When Clause 7, which gives power for the appointment of Parliamentary Secretaries, was reached, Sir Thomas Esmonde raised the question of representation of the Government in the Senate. The absence of a representative of the Government in that House had led to considerable difficulty and some misunderstandings in the past. He suggested that some external Minister should be permanently in the Senate able to answer for the Government. A member of the Senate could be an External Minister.

The Earl of Mayo, supporting the suggestion, said that it was very desirable always to have in the House someone, be he Minister or secretary, who could answer important questions addressed to the Government.

Dr. W. B. Yeats hoped that the Government would absolutely refuse to answer any question asked of them in the Senate. His own postbag already showed that if questions affecting all sorts of things in the Free State, which was each Senator's constituency, were to be asked and answered in the Senate, a member's life would be intolerable. (Laughter.)

The Attorney-General intimated that he would convey to the Executive Council the views put forward on the subject.

COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

To the section dealing with the position of Minister of Defence, Sir John Keane moved an amendment to delete the words "under the style of Commander-in-Chief."

At least by implication, he said, the section prescribed that the Minister for Defence must be a soldier. The supremacy of the civil power—constitutionally a matter of the highest importance—would not be adequately preserved by appointing a soldier to the post of Minister for Defence, which should be filled by an independent person with general administrative experience and knowledge of Government work.

The Attorney-General said that the whole scheme set out in the schedule was a scheme for creating civil control. As regarded the Minister for Defence, it was secured that no one serving in the Army could be elected to the Dail, and no one could be elected a Minister if he was not elected to the Dail. The present Minister for Defence had to retire from the Army before being elected to the Dail.

Dr. Yeates said that they were told that the Commander-in-Chief was vested in the Executive Council. The Executive Council was not called the Commander-in-Chief—an individual was called a Commander-in-Chief. It was an extraordinary combination of technical terms, and they would want a lot of dictionaries to explain the matter.

Mr. Douglas said they would be well advised not to pass the amendment, considering the history of the past few years. The Commander-in-Chief would be a member of the Executive Council, who would have control of the Army. He appealed to the House to leave well alone.

Sir John Keane said that he had looked at it from a business point of view. It was equally objectionable from the point of view of the Army. If they called a politician Commander-in-Chief it gave him the handle to interfere in a military sphere. It was just as objectionable as a soldier interfering with political matters.

The amendment was declared lost on a show of hands.

PARLIAMENT HOUSE.

The report of the Joint Committee on the temporary accommodation of the Oireachtas was next considered.

Mr. O'Farrell moved its adoption.

Sir T. Esmonde said they all recognised the great indebtedness which the Royal Dublin Society had placed the Senate under, and they thanked them for their hospitality for so long a period. (Hear, hear.)

Captain Greer said that he hoped that the Government would soon finish with the temporary occupation of the premises, which were absolutely necessary to the Royal Dublin Society to carry on their operations

Dr. Gogarty said that there were premises in Molesworth street very centrally situated—the Masonic Hall—which was occupied only for a day or two in the week, and perhaps those premises would be available.

The Chairman—That is a matter we cannot discuss, as it was not referred to the Committee. That is a matter for the Royal Dublin Society and the Government.

COLLECTION OF RATES.

The Report stage of the Local Government (Collection of Rates) Bill, 1923, was next taken up. Some Government amendments, which the Chairman stated had been made at the suggestion of Senators in the previous consideration of the bill were put and adopted.

Sir John Keane moved a new sub-section (4) to Section 2 as follows:—"No levy shall be made by the Under Sheriff under this section against the goods, animals or chattels of a defaulter who, prior to the issue of the warrants under the Act, has delivered to the Under Sheriff a writ or writs of *fieri facias* or a civil bill decree or decrees for execution until the Under-Sheriff has made a return to such writ or writs of *fieri facias* or civil bill decree or decrees." Sir John Keane said that the object of the amendment was to assure that where a defaulter had writs against somebody else he should have these writs executed before he was attached himself. The Government had said that they were in sympathy with the object of his amendment. He suggested that the Senate pass it, and if it were afterwards thrown out he did not think they would have a constitutional upheaval.

The Chairman—Except in the Press. (Laughter.)

The amendment was adopted, and the bill passed.

The House then stood adjourned until 3 p.m. to-day.

THE DAIL.

QUESTIONS.

EMPLOYMENT OF DEMOBILISED SOLDIERS.

The Speaker being in the chair in the Dail at three o'clock yesterday,

Mr. O'Higgins, Minister for Home Affairs, replying to a question which had been addressed to the Minister for Industry and Commerce (who was sitting a little way behind) by Alderman Alfred Byrne, said that the Ministry for Industry and Commerce had not received a requisition from the Ministry of Defence in reference to the provision of employment for demobilised soldiers.

The Executive Council had considered proposals for absorbing demobilised men into employment, and certain measures had been adopted—(1) Preference to be given to demobilised soldiers in temporary employment by Government departments outside, and the Dail could, by Committees elected on the proportional representation system, appoint Ministers to whom the Dail could assign one or two or more departments to be dealt with by external Ministers. (2) Preference to be given in Government contracts to firms employing demobilised men. (4) Appeals had been circulated to public bodies and other employers, requesting them to reinstate in their employment men who had been demobilised, and that preference be given to demobilised men in filling up vacancies. (5) It was a condition governing grants that were made available for road work that preference should be given to demobilised men, and the same thing would apply to work done out of public funds. The Minister further said that a re-settlement section had been established in the Ministry of Industry and Commerce, in conjunction with the Ministry of Defence, which would have the special duty of endeavouring to procure employment for demobilised men, and in this way employment had been found for over two thousand men since demobilisation began.

Alderman Byrne asked if the Minister was aware that a number of employers, including some public bodies, had refused to reinstate demobilised men who had left their employment in answer to the call to arms.

Mr. O'Higgins replied that he was not personally aware of that, but if it was a fact he would bring it to the notice of the Ministry of Industry and Commerce.

THE WORKLESS.

Replying to a further question by Alderman Byrne, Mr. O'Higgins gave the following figures relating to the number of persons registered as unemployed in the Dublin Labour Exchange during the first week of—

March 1921	12,174
,, 1922	13,039
,, 1923	10,486
,, 1924	11,066

These figures included men, women, boys and girls. The amount paid in benefits through the Dublin Exchange for the week ended 14th March, 1923, was £5,300, and the average amount paid for the seven weeks ended 14th March, 1924, was £5,200.

DEMOBILISATION FIGURES.

Mr. Lyons asked the Minister for Defence what the numbers of officers and men were that were demobilised from the Army from the 1st of August, 1923, till the 12th March, 1924; and the numbers of officers and men demobilised that were at present employed in the service of the Government.

General Mulcahy said that the number of officers and men demobilised during the period mentioned were 1,890 and 27,226 respectively. The number of those who were at present employed in Government service was approximately 86 and 282 respectively.

ILLEGAL FISHING.

Mr. F. Lynch, Minister for Fisheries, replying to questions by Mr. P. McFadden and Mr. J. White, said that the steam trawler Uric was reported to have been fishing illegally in the vicinity of the North Tircon-nell coast-line in July last. A *prima facie* case had been established against her, and the papers were sent to the Chief State Solicitor on the 19th August, with a view to a prosecution. So far as he was concerned, the same action would be taken on similar reports from any area, provided that the evidence forthcoming was sufficient to give a reasonable expectation of securing a conviction. He was given to understand that the delay in bringing the case of the Uric and other similar cases before the Court was due to the fact that certain legal questions arising out of the Constitution of the Saorstat had not yet been settled.

Major Cooper—Is the Minister aware that, unless cases of this kind are speedily brought, they are not a deterrent? More than two months ago a number of cases were pending, and he asked if the Minister would try to expedite these matters.

Mr. Lynch said that he had done everything in his power to urge upon the Attorney-General the desirability of expedition.

Mr. Johnson—Can the Minister tell us what is the obstacle to the Attorney-General's carrying out the Minister's wishes.

Mr. Lynch—The Attorney-General has informed me that there are certain legal questions arising out of the Constitution.

Mr. Figgis—Can the Minister tell us what the constitutional questions are?

Major Cooper—If legislation is required to settle the matter, will the Minister bring in a bill to enable the Attorney-General to proceed?

Mr. Lynch—If legislation is needed, yes.

Mr. Figgis—While constitutional difficulties remain can cases of this kind be brought before the Courts?

Mr. Lynch—I will consult the Attorney-General on the subject.

EXECUTION OF WRITS.

Mr. Johnson asked the Minister for Home Affairs how many decrees had been issued to under-sheriffs for execution, and the number executed, between the passing of the Enforcement of Law (Occasional Powers) Act, 1923, and its expiry, and between the expiry of that Act and the present time.

Mr. O'Higgins said that it had not been found possible to obtain the requisite information in respect of every county, as a number of under-sheriffs recently appointed found that their predecessors had not kept adequate records. The figures in respect of eighteen counties and four county boroughs showed that from 1st March, 1923, till the 31st August, 1923, 7,152 decrees were issued to under-sheriffs and that 5,026 were executed. The corresponding figures for the same shrievalty areas for the period 1st September, 1923, till the 15th inst. were 7,089 and 4,664 respectively. He should warn the deputy that these figures were valueless for the purpose of estimating the effectiveness of the Enforcement of the Law Act.

POLITICAL PRISONERS.

Replying to Mr. Lyons, General Mulcahy said—The number of political prisoners who have not been tried is 658, and the number who have been sentenced by military tribunals and who are still in custody is 317.

BILL WITHDRAWN.

The Electricity Undertakings Bill was passed.

The Local Government Temporary Provisions Amendment Bill was withdrawn by the Minister in charge in consequence of the ruling out of order of two official amendments which the Speaker declared to be outside the scope of the bill as defined and printed in the full title. On the suggestion of the Speaker, the Minister took the first reading of a new bill, which will be given a title covering the new sections contained in yesterday's amendments as well as the body of the withdrawn bill.

On the Juries Amendment Bill in Committee, Mr. Thomas Johnson moved the deletion of Section 4. The section provides that persons not on a register of electors shall be disqualified from acting on a jury. Mr. Johnson suggested that it would be unwise to put that temptation before citizens to get themselves written off the electors' list and so off the jurors' list. The Minister for Home Affairs had referred to the apathy of citizens with regard to exercise of the franchise, and had commented on the fact that in a recent election 50 per cent. of the electors had not troubled to cast a vote. A large proportion of those careless electors were persons liable for jury service, and if they could by getting their names off the list of electors also get off the jury list it would be a very good bargain for them.

Mr. Good seconded the motion, and said that already it was a common practice for a householder to have property rated in the name of his wife with a view to escaping jury service, and similar devices would be used to get off the electors' list, since, under Section 4, that would mean getting off jury service.

Major Bryan Cooper said that the logical extension of the principle would be to punish persons who did not exercise the franchise by making them do all the jury service.

The Minister for Home Affairs said that the provisions of the Act regarding the compilation of the electors' list left little room for evasion. Generally speaking, the qualification for jury service was rated occupation of premises, and rated occupiers could scarcely escape being put on the register.

The amendment was lost, and the Committee stage being concluded, the next stage was ordered for next Tuesday.

SUMMER TIME.

On the Committee stage of the Summer Time Bill, Mr. O'Higgins reported the result of the International Conference, as published already, and said that in view of that report, there was no factor causing the Government to suggest any alteration in the dates fixed in Section 2 of the bill.

The bill was passed through Committee, and the Report stage ordered for Tuesday.

BROADCASTING COMMITTEE.

Mr. P. O'Malley, Chairman of the Special Committee on Wireless Broadcasting, moved the adoption of the third interim report, which stated that the Committee was not yet in a position to circulate the evidence and documents in its possession, and was desirous of giving further consideration to its final report. The Committee asked for an extension of time to the 28th March.

Mr. O'Malley said that a huge mass of evidence had been taken before the Committee, and a number of statements dealing with that evidence had been ordered to be printed. It was found that all the schedules, and the statements bearing on them, could not be printed before the date assigned. It would have been possible for the Committee to present a final report, but the Committee thought that the best course was to withhold the report until they could give to the Dail the full evidence on which the report was based. They hoped to be ready by the 28th.

Mr. Hewat asked whether the Dail could take it that there would be no further development in the meantime.

Mr. O'Malley said that there would be no further development. When the deputy saw the volume that was to be issued he would not be surprised at the delay.

The report was adopted.

The Dail adjourned consideration of the report of the Joint Committee on the Temporary Accommodation of the Oireachtas until next Wednesday.

HARBOUR POLICE.

Before the Dail proceeded to private members' motions,

Mr. Darrell Figgis asked if Mr. O'Higgins could reply to the question, of which private notice had been given, as follows:—"To ask the Minister for Industry and Commerce if he is aware that a meeting of the Quay Committee of the Dublin Port and Docks Board, held at Westmoreland street on Thursday, the 13th inst., recommended seven men for appointment as harbour constables, six of whom are in receipt of pensions under the Treaty; if he is aware that no public advertisements were made in the Press to enable demobilised soldiers of the National Army to apply for such positions; if he will say if any application was made to the Soldiers' Resettlement Department respecting these appointments, and, if not, if he will make representations to the Harbour Board for consideration of the claims of demobilised and retired soldiers of the National Army."

Mr. O'Higgins read the reply, which was to the effect that no application had been received in this connection by the Soldiers' Resettlement Branch, and that representations were being made to the Board.

Replying to a supplementary question, Mr. O'Higgins said that he would inquire whether the representations covered the appointments mentioned in the question, which are due for confirmation by the Port and Docks Board to-day.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT.

CRITICISM OF MINISTER'S POLICY.

The Dail resumed the debate on Alderman Corish's motion: "That the Dail disapproves of the policy of the Minister for Local Government, so far as it has been made known through the general activities of his Ministry."

Mr. Johnson said that they wanted to know whether the Minister for Local Government approved of the Housing Bill or disapproved of it; whether he was satisfied that it met the requirements of the situation or not; whether it was with his authority that a more rigorous enforcement of the Old Age Pensions Act was being carried out. He also thought that it would be well for the Minister to give the House the text of his instructions to the pensions officers regarding the valuation of means and perquisites, and to find out what was his own interpretation of the law on the matter. The Ministry for Local Government had given instructions to county councils for the reduction of wages of road workers. Following the incitement of the Minister for Local Government, the North Tipperary County Council found itself in the position that a certain sum of money had been allocated to the county council from the road grant. That was to be set aside for road reconstruction, and was designed to meet unemployment; but of course it was not to reduce the estimate of the county council for ordinary road work. He read that there was to be a reduction of the local estimate in virtue of the fact that the county council was receiving money from this grant, and that part of the grant was actually being expended on machinery, and that machinery was not intended to relieve unemployment in this country because it was to be purchased in Scotland.

The rates of wages had been much reduced in that county, and having reduced the wages they proposed to relieve the rates, and the total amount to be spent on roads was to that extent to be reduced.

Deputy Egan had asked: What was a living wage? He presumed that he would not dissent from this definition of it: "Sufficient for a man to provide himself and his wife and family with nutritious food, sufficient clothing, and decent amenities of life and proper housing accommodation, and to provide a reserve fund for sickness and old age." Would Deputy Egan accept that as a living wage?

Mr. Egan—Will the Deputy put a figure on it?

Mr. Johnson—Will you accept the definition?

Mr. Egan—Yes; but I want you to put a figure on it.

Mr. Johnson said that if Deputy Egan and his colleagues accepted that, he asked them to consider whether the men employed on road work ought not to get a living wage. He defied the Minister for Local Government to provide that living wage out of the wage which he was insisting on as a maximum to be paid by local Councils.

MINISTER'S REPLY.

Mr. Burke, Minister for Local Government, said that he was in total disagreement with the present high salaries paid to secretaries of County Councils, and in future appointments he would see that the remuneration for these offices would be substantially reduced. He intended to make assistant surveyors whole-time officers.

It was only in extreme cases that he was in favour of abolishing local authorities. The Commissioner system was not an ideal one; it was a temporary expedient to meet the peculiar conditions of the time. With regard to the housing policy, he was in thorough agreement with the President in his housing scheme.

The Government had to meet the challenges of two extreme sections—one desiring a paper Republic and the other holding out the ideals of the Red Flag.

Mr. Johnson—What about the third section that we have now?

Mr. Burke said that all these parties were leading the country to chaos; but in spite of them the Government had saved the country from anarchy and from the intervention of a hostile Army, and even from famine. But they could not save the country from a great deal of the want and suffering which the people endured as the consequence of the reckless defiance which had been offered them for the past two years. The object of the Government was to get back to normal conditions and to alleviate the suffering that had followed as a consequence of that rash rebellion.

THE ROCK.

With that object, the Department over which he presided had to consider the resources of the country, and to see how the necessary funds could be raised by taxation, whether local or national, for the relief of distress. It should be borne in mind that the resources of Ireland were limited. Agriculture was really the rock upon which the Saorstat stood. It must be regarded as the standard by which the economic condition of the country must be judged. Agriculture was not a paying business at present, and it could not afford any higher taxation. How far was it equitable to tax the agricultural industry in view of the fact that in many cases those who received money for the relief of unemployment had been engaged in a conspiracy by strikes to smash that industry—that industry which stood between them and starvation!

Mr. Corish said it was a serious statement to make—that there was a conspiracy to smash the agricultural industry.

Mr. Burke said that he referred to the situation in Waterford and in East Tipperary.

Mr. Corish—I do not think the Minister could say that it was a conspiracy to smash the industry.

A Deputy—A great many of the Minister's statements are objectionable.

Mr. Burke asked if he would be justified in extracting money from the farmers of the West of Ireland in order to help County Dublin farmers to pay £5s. a week to labourers, and to pay 50s. a week to workers on roads, in order to relieve unemployment?

High taxation and industrial turmoil frightened capital away, capital that would be invested in Irish enterprises. The Government were prepared to do their utmost with their limited resources to relieve distress and unemployment, within the limits of their resources, and no man who was prepared to do an honest day's work need go hungry this spring. Those who had first call upon the Government were the demobilised soldiers—the men who had played a dangerous and difficult part in saving the country from anarchy. That was the standpoint from which he viewed his duty, and the policy of his Department was not so much a policy as a necessity.

COMPARATIVE FIGURES.

Continuing, the Minister referred to the establishment within his Department, in the year 1921, of the Trade Department, which, by collective purchase, had reduced the cost of supplies to local authorities. He gave the following examples of the differences between local authorities' contract prices in the middle of 1922 and the Trade Department prices:—

	s.	d.	s.	d.
Calico	1	3½	0	9
Flannel	2	6	1	8
Cotton Sheeting	5	9	1	5½
Serge	17	11	10	6
Cocoa	24	0	12	0
Insole Leather	1	2	0	8

The second column gives the Trade Department's prices quoted by the Minister. These, he said, with many other examples he could quote, represented the Department's effeorts at economy, and nobody could say that those economies were being effected at the expense of the Labour Party.

Mr. David Hall referred to the working of the amalgamation scheme in County Meath. He was referring to an appointment made by the Minister.

The Minister for Local Government, interrupting, asked whether the deputy suggested jobbery and corruption on the part of the Minister.

Mr. Hall—I do not suggest it in this instance.

The Minister said he thought the Speaker should insist on withdrawal of the accusation.

Mr. Hall withdrew his charge.

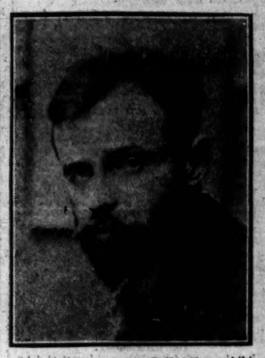
Concluding the debate, Mr. Corish said that Mr. Burke was an abler man than he was given credit for, because in his statement he sought to get the farmers to array themselves on his side with the definite object of cutting down wages in this country. Why was not an effort made to bring down prices to what they were when these wages were fixed? Mr. Burke's statement was an economic lecture, which they could find any day in the newspapers. He charged that the Government were deliberately making blacklegs of ex-Army men by getting them to work on the roads at a wage lower than that paid to other road workers. It was with the object of reducing wages generally.

The motion was declared lost without a division.

FATAL FALL FROM HORSE.

Mr. Samuel O'Neill, Cummerstown, Collinstown, Co. Meath, was found dead in a field near his house on Tuesday, having apparently fallen from his horse while returning from a meet of the Ballymacud Harriers. Mr. O'Neill's neck was broken.

Mr. Robert Orr's Group of Three Bulls, bred and owned by exhibitor, which secured the Royal Ulster Agricultural Society's Silver Medal.



Mr. Charles V. Lamb, A.R.H.A., an exhibition of whose pictures is being given at the Stephen's Green Gallery, 7 St. Stephen's Green, Dublin.

Dr. Good, the Business Candidate for Dublin County (left), shaking hands with a supporter at Rathmines Town Hall yesterday.

Devlin's Public-house in Parnell street, Dublin, which was raided by the Military on Tuesday night.

The First Baby

No. 4

Baby Joy begins to take an interest in his surroundings.

Master Joy "takes notice"

There are few things in life more fascinating than to watch the gradual growth of baby's intelligence; the first time he shows an interest in those who care for him is an occasion that is always remembered. To ensure the proper development of the brain as well as the body correct feeding is the first essential. This is provided for in the

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Progressive System of Infant Feeding

in which is used a graduated series of Foods specially adjusted to promote normal and healthy development. The 'Allenburys' Milk Food No. 1 is the first of this series and is specially adapted for babies from birth to the age of 3 months.

May we send you a sample of Food and a copy of 'Infant Feeding & Management'? If so

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will be pleased to receive, free of charge, a copy of the 'Allenburys' book on 'Infant Feeding and Management' and a sample of Food.

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Her baby's age is.....

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Hundreds of weak, fragile, nervous children could be made well and strong if their parents only realised the splendid building-up power of Dr. Cassell's Tablets.

Try them for your child. They must infallibly bring health improvement.

Mrs. A. Marsh's Statement:

Mrs. A. Marsh, of Hanging Bank, Ide Hill, near Sevenoaks, says: "I am writing to thank you for the benefit my little girlie derived from Dr. Cassell's Tablets. She had been under treatment for nearly three months, and was given up. Indeed, we were told that she had only three days to live. She was a mere skeleton. But I felt I would not give in without a final struggle, so I gave her Dr. Cassell's Tablets, and after the second or third dose she sat up and ate bread and milk. Now to see her you would not believe she had been so terribly ill. She has a fat, healthy little face. I wish you could see her, then you would understand me thanking you so much."

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Specially Valuable for Nursing Mothers and During the Critical Periods of Life.

TAKE TWO AT BED-TIME and note how well you sleep, and how refreshed and fit you feel in the morning.

Dr. Cassell's TABLETS

Price 1/3; Family size, 3/-. All Chemists

DUBLIN UNION COMMISSIONERS AND FOOD SUPPLIES.

The Commissioners of the South Dublin Union, in reply to a complaint of the Secretary of the Retail Purveyors' and Grocers' Association against their decision to get foodstuffs from the Dublin Food Supply Depôts for outdoor relief recipients, state that the depôts are run by a Co-operative Society, the rules of which proscribe the making of any profit. The price of milk was far below the usual retail price, and the Society contended that the prices of other goods were also below the usual retail prices.

The Commissioners, in their letter to the Ministry of Local Government, added the belief that they were acting in accordance with the wishes of the ratepayers in endeavouring to get the maximum return for the poor from the money expended, irrespective of a section of shopkeepers. The utilisation of voluntary philanthropic bodies was a well-established practice in other countries, and was "neither a scandal nor a job."

THE CHURCH OF IRELAND.

The Rev. J. B. Tarleton, rector of Kilbarron, in the diocese of Raphoe, has been appointed a canon of St. Ennan's Cathedral, in succession to Canon A. E. Carson, who has resigned. Mr. Tarleton gained academical distinctions at Trinity College, Dublin. He was ordained in 1906 for the curacy of St. George's, Dublin; was curate of Christ Church, Londonderry from 1907 to 1909, and incumbent of Castledawson from 1909 to 1916, when he became rector of Kilbarron.

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The best thing for steady use is Mulsified cocoanut oil shampoo, which is pure and greaseless, and is better than anything else you can use.

Two or three teaspoonfuls is sufficient to cleanse the hair and scalp thoroughly. Simply moisten the hair with water and rub it in. It makes an abundance of rich, creamy lather, which rinses out easily, removing every particle of dust, dirt, dandruff and excess oil. The hair dries quickly and evenly, and it leaves the scalp soft, and the hair fine and silky, bright, lustrious, fluffy, wavy and easy to manage.

You can get Mulsified cocoanut oil shampoo at all chemists; it is inexpensive, and a few ounces will supply every member of the family for months.

Be sure your chemist gives you Mulsified. Beware of imitations—look for the name Watkins on the package.

GOSSIP FROM THE COURSE.

LINCOLN BETTING.

DRAKE WELL SUPPORTED.

SANDOWN FANCIES.

FROM OUR TRAVELLING CORRESPONDENT.

LONDON, Wednesday Night.

There was very little doing in London today over either the Lincolnshire or the Grand National. Indeed, at the moment every one seems to be taking a breather, in view of the opening of the flat racing season on Monday next. Very little interest attached to the little Wye Meeting this afternoon, which seems to have been distinguished by the victories of a procession of outsiders.

Mrs. Whitburn's colt, Drake, has been really well supported for the Lincolnshire Handicap during the last few days. There seems to be an idea that Beary will ride the colt, but this is not so, for the clever boy, R. A. Jones, who will ride first jockey to Cottrill this season, is sure to have the mount. Evander is easy to back at the moment, but the stable confidence in the horse remains very strong.

Sir Gallahad III. seems to monopolise most of the conversation in racing circles. I know one man who greatly fancies the chance of the French colt, and that is Donoghue, who saw a good deal of him in France last year. Another jockey who also saw something of him last year, and who is also much inclined towards his chance, is Joe Childs.

AN INTERESTING TRIAL.

I saw quite an interesting mixed trial at Newmarket this morning, when Major Beatty's Ecila and Linby were galloped with young Felix Leach's Americus Boy. Archibald rode Linby, F. Lane Americus Boy, and the stable lad, R. Parsons, was on Ecila. As usual, Americus Boy showed devastating speed until they had covered four furlongs, when he began to shut up as he did in all his races last year. Linby won the trial from Ecila in a common canter, almost pulling Archibald out of the saddle. Ecila may have been a bit short of work, but Linby is obviously in great form and retains all his old brilliant speed.

SOLDUMENO'S GOOD PROGRESS.

A horse who has done remarkably well this winter is Soldumeno, who is now in J. Jarvis's stable. This trainer, I know, is immensely pleased with the progress he has made, and he has very high hopes that he will attain considerable distinction this season.

I saw Pharos out this morning, but Lord Derby's colt was a little disappointing, for he has grown very little, and at the moment one is inclined to describe him as undersized. He has not accepted for the Liverpool Cup, but his stable companion, Moabite, remains in. This horse has done more work than any other in Mr. Lambton's string, and will certainly take a lot of beating at Liverpool.

SANDOWN SELECTIONS.

To-morrow the last clear jumping fixture of the season begins at Sandown Park. After its conclusion on Saturday jumping will have to occupy a secondary place. It is just possible that Silvo may be started for the Murland Steeplechase at Sandown, a two mile event, in which he could be opposed by Habton—conceding him 2lb.—Dudley, and Mr. Madcap. I should expect SILVO to win if he were started, but in his absence I would rely to MR. MADCAP, who will be meeting Dudley on 2llb. better terms than at Cheltenham. In the Select Handicap Steeplechase I think OCEAN STAR has a good each way chance, while VILLARS should win the Warren Hurdle.

GALTEE MORE.

BETTING FORECAST.

SANDOWN.

1.45 Race—9 to 4 agst. Halberdier, 7 to 2 Young Man's Fancy, 4 to 1 Rossleney, 6 to 1 Another Attraction, 7 to 1 Llangarren, 8 to 1 each Honeycomb and Tibet, 10 to 1 each Kwang Su II. and Elderton, 100 to 6 each Hogier and Frost Line, 100 to 6 any other.

2.15 Race—11 to 4 agst. Winnall, 7 to 2 Vaulx, 9 to 2 each Harrismith and Drummond, 6 to 1 Hawker, 7 to 1 Ocean Star, 10 to 1 each Rattle Snake and White Surrey, 100 to 8 any other.

2.45—3 to 2 agst. Kiwi, 4 to 1 Scapin, 9 to 2 Tranquility, 5 to 1 Prince Regent, 7 to 1 Waterford Glass, 8 to 1 each Lukeston and Red Conrad, 10 to 1 each Waterbottle and Noctifer, 100 to 8 each White Friar and Devonport, 100 to 7 any other.

3.15 Race—2 to 1 agst. Habton, 3 to 1 Dudley, 4 to 1 Mr. Madcap, 11 to 2 Gem, 7 to 1 Sir Huon, 8 to 1 each Lovely Bird and What Luck, 10 to 1 each Ardnoon and Good Points, 100 to 8 any other.

3.45 Race—5 to 4 agst. Villars, 3 to 1 Gianforte, 9 to 2 Despard, 6 to 1 Gerald Junior, 7 to 1 Kinnaird, 8 to 1 Gavotte, 10 to 1 any other.

4.15 Race—6 to 4 agst. Hymir, 11 to 4 Ferdia, 4 to 1 Wild Times, 5 to 1 Ellendune, 7 to 1 Troon, 8 to 1 Southport, 10 to 1 any other.

"FORM" HORSES.

SANDOWN.

1.45—Halberdier.
2.15—Vaulx.
2.45—Kiwi.
3.15—Habton.
3.45—Villars.
4.15—Hymir.
Double—Vaulx (nap) and Villars.

A Student of Form.

SPECIAL SELECTIONS FOR TO-DAY.

Daily Mail :—Special selection—Villars.
Daily Mirror :—Double — Vaulx and Mr. Madcap (nap).
Daily News :—Double — Halberdier and Villars.
Daily Graphic :—Double — Despard and Waterford Glass II.
Daily Express :—Double—Mr. Madcap and Villars. Safety bet—Mr. Madcap.
Daily Chronicle :—Double — Winnall and Dudley. "To Beat the Book"—Dudley.
Westminster Gazette :—To-day's best — Halberdier. Double—Halberdier and Drinmond.

SPORTING PARAGRAPHS.

Waving Pin and Maries were struck out of the Grand National at 10 p.m. on Tuesday.

In the opinion of a prominent Newmarket trainer, all the horses there are very backward.

Entries for the Meath Hunt Sportsman's Races close to-morrow with Mr. F. Deane Cullinan, Carrolstown, Trim.

Mr. Stephen Sanford, owner of Sergeant Murphy, winner of last year's Grand National, and a probable starter this year, is among the passengers on board the Cunard liner Aquitania, which is due to arrive at Southampton from New York this week-end.

The Gloucestershire County Cricket Club report a loss on last season of £1,030 16/10. The balance sheet issued yesterday shows that expenditure was £6,042 10/1, while the receipts included gate money £1,596 9/6.

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WYE RESULTS.

2.0—WYE HURDLE HANDICAP (3), £80. Second £25. 2m.

Mrs. Horne's b. g. SEMPROLIN, aged, by Bedo—Paramin Lass. 5. 11-4.....Francis 1
Mrs. W. Simpson's MY RAMBLER, 4, 11-3.....Dodd 2

Mr. F. Goodman's ROY MAC, 4, 11-4 Smallpiece 3

Also ran—Jo-Bedella (C. Butler), Flyaway Gnat (Haslewell), Molly O (G. Hogan), Emphatic (Williams), Cumberland (L. Hall), Cul De Sac (Lathbee), Kitty (Mr. Pulford), Bachelor's Gamble (Mr. Goodman), Chloe (F. Fleming), Gaunt Boy (Gill), Maraskin (Parsons), Wager (Parvin), The Squire (Avery), Archie's Lass (Gal. Blacker). Off 2.2. (Winner trained by H. Turner.)

Betting—2 to 1 agst. Bedella, 4 to 1 My Rambler, 7 to 1 Molly O, 8 to 1 each SEMPRO-LIN, The Squire and Cumberland, 20 to 1 each Chloe and Flyaway Gnat, 30 to 1 any other.

Won by three lengths; three-quarters of a length. Flying Gnat fell.

An objection to the winner for crossing and jumping was overruled.

2.30—ASHFORD 'CHASE HANDICAP (3), £80. Second £25. 3m.

Mr. A. Howe's b. g. RAEBURN'S GLASS, by Rising Glass—Highwaire, aged, 10-7 Trendill 1
Mr. O. Stanley's SNOW MAN, a. 11-13 T. Costello 2

Major Methven's THE ANTELOPE II.....P. Nolan 3

Also ran—Hilaire (G. Green), Olive Bough (Mr. Bigood), Last Born (L. Hall), Steady March (F. Brookes), Beacon (P. L'Estrange), Ruskyford (Sneck), Ladonnine (O'Sullivan), Red Finch (Lefebre), Gulliver (J. Kelly). Off 2.30. (Winner trained by Hammond.)

Betting—2 to 1 agst. Ladonnine, 3 to 1 Steady March, 5 to 1 each Snow Man and Olive Bough, 7 to 1 Ruskyford, 100 to 8 RAEBURN'S GLASS or any other.

Won by eight lengths; same. Hilaire, Last Born, Olive Bough, Ruskyford, and Beacon fell. Ladonnine broke a blood-vessel and was pulled up.

3.0—CANTERBURY HURDLE HANDICAP, £80. Second £25. 2m.

Mr. T. Wall's b. g. FAIR CHARLIE, by Charles O'Malley—Fairy Ring, 5, 10-0.....Speck 1
Miss Cashman's PHARAOH, 5, 11-2....Pollard 2
Mr. E. Humphrey's PETER PAX, 4, 10-9 S. Smyth 3

Also ran—Goldsmith's Alliance (Mr. Rayson), Indian Canoe (Trudgill), Atholhampton (L. Butchers), Transform (G. Duller), Dominican (Reading), Cormac (T. Costello), Star of Rose (Corbett). Off 3.2. (Winner trained by Wall.)

Betting—7 to 4 agst. Transform, 5 to 2 Pharaoh, 5 to 1 Goldsmith's Alliance, 6 to 1 Dominican, 7 to 1 Peter Pax, 100 to 8 FAIR CHARLIE or any other.

Won by a short head; two lengths. Dominican and Cormac pulled up; Transform ran out.

3.30—DOVER STEEPLECHASE HANDICAP, £75 to winner and £25 second. 3 m.

Mr. F. Rathbone's b. m. GREEN LAREL, by Helonas or Cedrus—Red Label, a, 10-6 Fleming 1

Mr. S. Bunker's SEE TOO, 6, 10-9 .....Brooks 2
Mr. O. Stanley's FAIR VIEW, a, 10-12 Costello 3

Also ran—Northbrook (Calder), Lancaster Rose (J. Kelly), Ward of Honour (Carroll). Off 3.32. (Winner trained by J. Kelly.)

Betting—5 to 1 agst. See Too, 7 to 2 Northbrook 4 to 1 Fair View, 5 to 1 Ward of Honour, 6 to 1 GREEN LARKEL, 7 to 1 Lancaster Rose.

Won by a length and a half; four lengths. Lancaster Rose and Ward of Honour fell.

4.0—HARVILLE HURDLE RACE, £80. Second, £25. 2m.

Mr. M. Rhodes' br. g. OWEN, by Torloish—Blameless, 5, 11-10.....Butchers 1
Mr. A. Goldsmith's SERAPHIM, 10-5 Rogers 2
Miss Knight's KING THROSTLE, 5, 11-3 C. Duller 3

Also ran—Rahvan (T. Costello), Town Bird (W. Parvin), Ardmona (G. Morrison), Flas Newydd (P. Brookes), Lindholm (Speck), Brown Magic (G. Calder). Off 4.2. (Winner trained by Hilton.)

Betting—2 to 1 agst. King Throstle, 3 to 1 Flas Newydd, 5 to 1 each OWEN and Lindholm, 6 to 1 Seacraft, 10 to 1 any other.

Won by a length and a half; four lengths. Flas Newydd fell.

4.30—HUNTERS' STEEPLECHASE HANDICAP, £50. Second, £10. 3 m.

Mr. H. Kinnaird's b. g. SERAPHIM, by The Forest, by The Glen—Blackbird, a, 11-3 Owner 1
Colonel Croft's KARAKI, a, 10-7 Mr. Rayson 2
Miss Downey's ROSSILL, 10-7 Mr. Pollard 3

Also ran—Culprit (Owner), Battledore (Mr. G. Poole), St. Fanahan (Mr. T. Bodey), Bridgewood (Mr. Pilcher), Brindle (Mr. Michael Blacker). Off 4.34. (Winner trained by S. Bennet.)

Betting—11 to 8 on SWARF OF THE FOREST, 6 to 1 each Karaki, Culprit and Karaki, 10 to 1 any other.

Won by two lengths; twelve lengths. Battledore refused; Bridgewood and St. Fanahan fell.

LONDON BETTING—YESTERDAY

Last night's wagering on the Lincolnshire Handicap found Old Bill quite favourite, with no more money going on Cecdower, Evander and Drake, while Sorel, Sir Greysteel, Jarrie and Dinkie all went west.

For the Grand National, Conjuror II. was a nominal favourite at 11 to 2. Olive was backed to win over £11,000 at from 100 to 2 down to 25 to 2 offered. Details—

THE LINCOLNSHIRE HANDICAP.

(Run Wednesday, March 26. Distance—1 mile.)
6 to 1 Sir Gallahad III. (O. Lyne).....Prince 4 8 5

				Age st. lb.
100 to 1	Cecdower (t. and o.).....	Harper	5	8
100 to 9	Evander (t. and o.).....	Speck	5	8
15 to 1	Drake (t. and o.).....	Cottrill	4	7
18 to 1	Sorel (t. and o.).....	Wane	4	7
200 to 1	Jarrie (t. and o.).....	Butler	4	7
20 to 1	Sir Greysteel (o., after 25 to 1 &)			
		H. Harrison	5	7
25 to 1	Perimeter (o.).....	J. Bosley	6	7
33 to 1	Swinderby (o., after 30 to 1 &)			
		W. Collins	4	6
22 to 1	Dinkie (t. and o.).....	Wells	4	6
30 to 1	Westmeat (t. and o.).....	Cottrill	5	7
100 to 3	Old Nic (t. and o.).....	Barnard	4	6
40 to 1	Crimson Dawn (t. and o.)			
		C. Parks	5	6
80 to 1	Bologna (t. and o.).....	Wylie	4	6
50 to 1	White Rod (o., after 66 to 1 &)			
		McCall	4	6

THE GRAND NATIONAL.

(Run Friday, March 28. Distance—About 4 m. 856 yds.)

11 to 2	Conjurer II. (o.).....	Coulthwaite	12	11
13 to 2	Silvo (o., after 10 to 1 &)			
		Whitaker	9	12
100 to 6	Eccleston (f. (o.).....	Green	7	11
100 to 6	Shaun Spadah (o., after 16 to 1 &)			
		Poole	11	12
20 to 1	Sergeant Murphy.....Blackwell		14	11
20 to 1	Ballinode (o.).....	Barshropp	8	10
20 to 1	Fly Mask (c., after 25 to 1 &)			
		Coulthwaite	10	12
40 to 1	Old Tay Bridge (c., after 50 to 1 &)			
		F. Hartigan	10	11

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120 to 1 Evander and Shaun Spadah.
150 to 1 Drake and Silvo.
250 to 1 Drake and Eureka II.
150 to 1 Drake and Shaun Spadah.
175 to 1 Sorel and Silvo.
300 to 1 Sorel and Eureka II.
300 to 1 Sorel and Shaun Spadah.
200 to 1 Sir Greysteel and Silvo.
350 to 1 Sir Greysteel and Eureka II.
350 to 1 Sir Greysteel and Shaun Spadah.
250 to 1 Swinderby and Silvo.
420 to 1 Swinderby and Eureka II.
420 to 1 Swinderby and Shaun Spadah.

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LEOPARDSTOWN SECOND MARCH MEETING, 1924.

SATURDAY, MARCH 22nd.

FIRST RACE 2.30 p.m.

A Train, with reserved carriages for Members, leaves Harcourt street Station at 2.45 p.m.

Carriages for Members will also be reserved on the Special Train leaving Foxrock at 5.20 p.m., after racing is over.

Members will only be admitted to reserved carriages on production of their badges.

On the introduction of a Member, tickets admitting to the Members' Enclosure can be obtained at the Members' Ticket Office on the Course. Gentlemen 2 gns., Ladies 5/6 per day.

Combined Tickets for Course and Enclosures (except Club Enclosure) can be obtained at the Booking Offices at Harcourt street Station on day of races. —(Advt.)

NEWMARKET TRIAL.

The following trial took place at Newmarket yesterday:—

Major Beatty's Gabrielle, 1; Nora McTavish, 2; Quip, 3; Helsby, 4. Distance—1 mile. Won by half a length; a bad third.

OFFICIAL SCRATCHINGS.

Grand National—Waving Pin and Maries, at 10 p.m. Tuesday.
Jubilee Handicap, Manchester—Castile and Red Ensign, at 5.45 p.m., Tuesday.

LIVERPOOL MEETING.

Stanley Steeplechase—Ironesa.
Lancashire Breeders' Produce Stakes, Summer Meeting—Worksop.
Molyneux Stakes—Alliteration, Banishment.
Liverpool Handicap, Race—Morehaven.
Liverpool Spring Meeting engagements—Spithead, Burnt Senna.

LINCOLN MEETING.

Lincoln engagements—Mallot, Hong Kong.
Lincoln Spring Meeting engagements—Abbot's Choice.
Elsham Welter Handicap—Black Orator, Firing Line, Claringo.
Cranwick Maiden Plate—Black Dawn, Hill Star.
Brocklesby Trial Stakes—Detrimental.
Brocklesby Stakes—Crystal, Racia, Banishment, Compensation.
Lincoln Plate—Lancashire Embroidery.
Doddington Selling Plate—Glengofa.

MISCELLANEOUS.

All engagements under N.H. Rules—Ethereal, Royal Grosvenor, Molesida, Irish Delight, Templetyon, Desmond Dale.
Sandown Open Hurdle, Grand Military Meeting—Firing Line, Holdfast.
Imperial Cup, Grand Military Meeting—Firing Line.
Sandown Park and Grand Military Meeting engagements—Harrovian.
Colchester Handicap Hurdle, Chelmsford, March 26—Treviso.
Prince's Handicap, Galwick, April 10—Perry Hill.
Tinker Jack Stakes, Liverpool—Pompoina.
Newark Three-Year-Old Handicap, Nottingham—Whitechurch.
Weak Riding Produce Plate, Pontefract—Oman.

SANDOWN PARK

TO-DAY'S PROGRAMME AND SELECTIONS.

The three days' fixture which opens here to-day is usually the most interesting gathering of the year at Sandown Park, with the exception of the "Eclipse" meeting in July, and society will doubtlessly be strongly represented on Friday, when the race for the Grand Military Gold Cup will be the principal attraction. The meeting starts with one day devoted to Sandown Park events; the next two afternoons are devoted to races under the jurisdiction of the Grand Military. In to-day's programme the pick of the hurdling platers will be found engaged in the Lammas Hurdle Race, which should be won by Halberdier, who not so long ago was winning in high company. The Select Steeplechase could furnish a stirring contest, and the presence of Silvo would ensure the success of the affair, but I doubt his being started again so near to his Aintree engagement. Blazing Corn has been eased in his work lately, and Hawker, good horse as he is, appears to have two ways of running. Harrismith is fit and very useful at this distance. Winnall is attractively handicapped, and on his recent Hurst Park form, where he won, but lost the race on an objection, he must take his own part here, while Whitaker's selected, Catamaran, may turn the Lingfield tables upon Drimmond. It is an open race, indeed. Selections:—

Lammas Hurdle—Halberdier.
Select Steeplechase—Harrismith; if absent, Winnall.
Alsiade Hurdle—Scapin or Lukeston.
Muriand Steeplechase—Habton.
Warren Hurdle—Villars; if absent, Corazon
Newtdale Steeplechase—Hymir; if absent, Ferdia.

1.45—LAMMAS HURDLE RACE (3), £300. Age, st. lb.

KWANG SU II. (Mr. J. Heaney).....Whitaker a 11 7
Roman Bachelor 4 9 0 Star Chamber.....4 9 4
Whitehead ..... 6 9 0 Mangrove 4 9 4
Double ..... 5 9 0 Silver Maid 4 9 4
Carnation ..... 5 9 0 Silver Maid 4 9 4
Gianforte ..... 5 9 11 Lady Caroline.. 6 9 0
Spot D'Argent .. 5 9 7 Mackerel 4 9 0
Pinello ..... 5 9 7 Advantage 4 9 0
Lord Orby 5 9 7

FRIDAY, MARCH 28.

HYLTON HANDICAP, a plate of 1,000 sovs. Second to receive 100 sovs. and the third 50 sovs. from the plate. Six furlongs.

	Age, st. lb.		Age, st. lb.
Precious	3 8 2	Rapsal	4 7 9
Rock Town	4 8 2	Golden Hero	4 7 9
Bob Cherry	4 8 0	Bob Bolt	3 7 7
Holy Friar	4 8 0	Bailiff	5 6 9
Torlonia	4 7 10		

SATURDAY, MARCH 29.

LIVERPOOL HANDICAP HURDLE RACE of 300 sovs. with a 1,000 sovs. added. Second to receive 150 sovs. and the third 70 sovs. from the stakes. Two miles one furlong.

	Age, st. lb.		Age, st. lb.
Parkay	5 12 7	Bobsheim	4 11 5
Song Sparrow (10lb. ex.)	5 12 7	Phantom Charley	5 11 5
Civic Guard	5 12 1	Old Times	6 11 4
West Countryman	6 11 13	Barrackbuck Lad	5 11 3
Sing Green	5 11 12	Smoke Cloud	5 11 1
Southend	5 11 11	Lukeston	5 11 0
Cairngorm	6 11 10	Sufton Stamp	6 10 11
Gentle Dame	5 11 8	Ketamelcea	4 10 7
Assange	5 11 6	Mary Selby	4 10 1
Sancreil	5 11 5	Kilgrubbin	4 10 1

HUNTING.

HUNTING APPOINTMENTS.

THE WARD UNION.

Date—March.	Meet.	Hour.
Saturday, 22nd.....	Rathgate	1.30

THE KILDARE.

To-day	Kilshigan	11.30
Saturday, 22nd.....	Celbridge	11.30

THE MEATH

Friday, 21st.....	Priestown Cross	11.30
Saturday, 22nd.....	Ballinlough Castle	11.30

BALLYMACAD HOUNDS.—Owing to the death of Mr. S. O'Neill the Ballymacad Hounds will not hunt this week.

HOCKEY.

JUNIOR INTERPROVINCIAL.

LEINSTER v. ULSTER.

The following team has been selected to represent Leinster against Ulster on the Y.M.C.A. ground, Claremont road, on Saturday next at 1 o'clock sharp:—

Goal—C. Pinlow (Railway Union).
Backs—W. J. Peckham (Dublin University), I. McIlveen (Railway Union).
Halves—J. Wilson (Three Rock Rovers), C. Little (Pembroke Wanderers), S. O'Donohoe (Railway Union).
Forwards—O. Wilde (Dublin University), J. Crawford (Pembroke Wanderers), W. A. Fletcher (Dublin University), R. A. Travers (Monkstown), W. Keegan (Y.M.C.A.).

SENIOR SCHOOLS' CUP—FINAL.

Just a week ago Avoca School defeated Kingstown Grammar School in the final of the Junior Schools' Cup, and yesterday at Park avenue, in the Senior Cup they won again, defeating the Grammar School by exactly the same score—two goals to one. Fine and bright, although the wind was cold, the ground was in good order, and a keen, fast game produced some first-class hockey. Each of the teams soon carefully reached, but they proved themselves apt pupils, and the sidework and combination of both winners and losers was one of the features of the town game advanced.

The opening half was very closely fought. Both sides had the ball, but the defences prevailed, and only one goal resulted prior to the interval, C. W. Cook scoring for Grammar School. Early in the second half Phillips equalised with a splendid shot, and shortly before the final whistle Darling scored the winning goal from a penalty corner, leaving Avoca good winners.

IRELAND v. ENGLAND.

It is announced that Major R. A. Brooks will take the place of S. Varcoe in the England team. Major Brooks is the brilliant centre forward of the United Services, and it will be interesting to see how he shapes as inside left to T. W. Mansergh.

SCHOOLS' CUP FINAL—LADIES.

Played at Claremont road on Tuesday, this match between Wesley and Alexa proved fast, and produced some clever hockey. Defence beat attack throughout the opening half, and at the interval there was no score. Soon after the re-start Miss Moore opened the scoring with a good shot, and shortly afterwards Miss Booth, captain, wound up a brilliant run by scoring from a second goal, and the score—2 goals to nil—Wesley all got home winners. The Cup was presented to the winners by Mrs. Irwin, wife of the Headmaster of Wesley College.

TO-DAY'S FIXTURES.

Ladies' Senior Cup Final (re-play). Old College v. Monkstown. Claremont road, 4 o'clock.

TEAMS FOR TO-DAY.

Monkstown—Miss Exshaw; Dr. Flavelle, Mrs. Pickman; Mrs. Horridge, Miss Tavlour (captain), Mrs. Maingay; Miss O'Donel, Mrs. C. Blair White, Misses Heraldge, Glck, White.

LEINSTER LADIES' HOCKEY UNION.

SENIOR LEAGUE.

	Goals.		Goals.
Muckross	4	Maids of the Mountain 2nd	0
Monkstown	1	Old College	0
Optimists	5	Civil Service	0

MIDDLE LEAGUE "A."

Trigonia	1	Dublin University ...	0

MIDDLE LEAGUE "B."

Old College 2nd	4	College of Surgeons...	4
Victoria	4	National Bank	0
Trefoil	4	Muckross	0

MIDDLE LEAGUE "C."

Bray	5	R. and S.P.U.	1
Trefoil 2nd	w.o.	Enfield	scr.
Aghandale	w.o.	Maids of the Mountain 3rd	scr.
Pembroke Wand. ...	w.o.	Optimists 2nd	scr.

JUNIOR LEAGUE "B."

National Bank	2	Nutgrove	1
Bray 2nd	w.o.	Dublin Univ. 3rd A..	scr.
Antiquity 2nd	w.o.	Rosemount	1

*Double points.

JUNIOR LEAGUE "C."

Victoria	5	R. and S.P.U.	0
Trigonia 4th	3	Pembroke W. 2nd...	1
Annadale 2nd	w.o.	Dublin Univ. 3rd B..	scr.

Maids of the Mountains—Practice to-day Foxrock, 2.30 p.m.

GYMNASTICS.

Members of the P.A. (Sackville Hall) Gymnasium will please turn out sharp at 7.30 p.m. this evening, as there is to be a competition for medals, which will be presented at the display on the following Wednesday.

RUGBY.

LEINSTER SENIOR CUP.

PALMERSTON (9) V. CLONTARF (0).

The replay of this match, which ended in a scoreless draw at Lansdowne road last Saturday, took place yesterday, Palmerston winning easily by a trice to nil. Both sides made a couple of changes from Saturday's teams, Cooke and Lyons re-placing Hopkins and C. Roche while Palmerston played C. Lochlie and Halliday instead of Armstrong and Dellagina. Palmerston had all the best of the game right through, and won easily by a trice to nil. The match was very keen, but never approached first-class form, and the best that can be said of it was that it was not so moderate as Saturday's.

Early on Palmerston attacked, and in a forward rush Hill crossed for an unconverted try. After this there was a lot of loose play, but there was no further score to the interval. Palmerston again pressed on re-starting, but V. E. Kirwan secured a couple of good chances by dropping at goal, Neal at once got the ball out to him, and following a cross-kick C. Lochlie scored, but Smith's kick failed. Near the finish a fine forward rush by the Palmerston men resulted in V. E. Kirwan getting a try, but Campbell's kick went wide, for the winners. Hunter, Kirwan, Kirwan and Stephens did splendid work, Massiter, V. E. Kirwan, and Kerr (forwards) showed up well. The best of the Clontarf men were Browne, Freehill, and Cooke (backs), and McMahon, Carey, Barrett, and Brady (forwards).

Teams:—

Palmerston—F. Massiter; J. E. Smith, C. Lochlie, V. E. Kirwan, R. Campbell; Talbot, R. D. Stephens; R. A. Halliday, G. Hill, H. Kirwan, G. Kane, T. Kerr, V. V. Lochlie, C. E. Macmahon, Whitaker.

Referee—Mr. W. Dalsh.

TO-DAY'S FIXTURE.

Blackrock College v. Castleknock College (Junior Schools' Cup replay). Lansdowne road, 4 o'c.

WANDERERS F.C.

Wanderers held their annual kicking competition on Tuesday, with the following results:—

Place Kicking—P. Wynne, 1st.
Drop Kicking—P. Johnston, 1st.
100 Yards Handicap—Dr. W. H. Lowe, 1st.
Punting—Major Wynne, 1st; Archie Collins (G. D. Johnston, 2nd; H. Lett, 3rd; Lafayette, R. Davies). Also competed—Mountjoy School, Morgan's School and Trinity College Boys.

GOLF.

YORKSHIRE 1,000 GUINEAS TOURNAMENT.

In order to avoid the clashing of important dates, the 1,000 Guineas Yorkshire Evening News Tournament will be decided on the Adel course, Leeds, from May 27th to May 31st, and not from June 3rd to June 7th, as previously arranged. It is proposed to play a professional international match between England and Scotland during this meeting.

LADIES' INTER-COUNTY CHAMPION. SHIP.

Staffordshire beat Derbyshire by seven matches to none at Handsworth yesterday in the Ladies' Inter-County Championship. The Worcestershire Ladies beat Warwickshire Ladies by five matches to two on the North Worcestershire course.

LADIES' OPEN MEETING AT ROEHAMPTON.

One hundred and twenty-five players took out cards at the Ladies' Open Meeting at Roehampton yesterday. Amongst them were many well-known players, but they did not fare particularly well. The scratch prize was won by Miss Jean Stocker and with a score of 79. The Miss Jean Stocker and Miss D. E. Holme tied for second place with 80, the latter having a great homeward half of 34. Mrs. Cotbell, who, as Miss Rhona Adair, won the Ladies' Championship twenty-one years ago, followed with 81, while Miss Cecil Chambers, the lady champion, and Mrs. Collie Browne returned 83 each. Miss Cecil Leitch spoilt her card by taking 7 to the 6th, and finished in 88. The first division handicap awards went to Mrs. Cuthell (7) and Mrs. Major (11), with 74 and 75 respectively.

SUSSEX LADIES' CHAMPIONSHIP.

In the first round of the Sussex Ladies' Championship at Brighton and Hove yesterday, the most interesting game was the defeat of Mrs. Kenion, a former British Champion, by Miss Heming Johnson at the 21st hole. Among the players who qualified for the semi-final round were Mrs C. M. Archer (Willingdon), the holder, and Miss Sarson (Cooden Beach), the former girl champion.

CLUB NOTICES AND REPORTS.

WARRENPOINT.—St. Patrick's Day sweepstake. The following were the best scores:—K. H. Johnston (16), 74; F. P. McAteer (22), 75; W. J. Buller (16), 76; T. J. Montgomery (24), 79; G. D. Harbinson (10), 79; Patrick Corbett (26), 79.

KILLARNEY.—Men's stroke competition, for cup presented by the late Mr. M. S. O'Callaghan (a mistrial):—Sir M. O'Connell (17), 68; T. G. O'Sullivan (12), 74; J. J. McCarthy (12), 76; Mr. O'Callaghan, 79. Ladies' stroke competition, for cup presented by Mr. A. P. Vincent (16 entries):—Miss Russell, 74; Miss M. O'Callaghan, 79. Ladies' and gents' best-ball foursomes, against bogey:—D. O'Connell and Kennedy, 6 up; T. G. O'Sullivan and J. J. McCarthy, 3 up. Men's singles, against bogey:—D. O'Connor, 5 up; J. O'Brien, 4 up. Mixed foursomes:—Miss Hilliard and J. Hartnett, 7up; Mrs. O'Shea and G. Morrison, 7up.

CASTLE (Ladies' Branch).—Elvery's Prize, March 25—Flag competition. Draws at 10.30, 11, 2, and 3.

KILLINEY (Ladies' Branch).—March 14—Medal:—Miss Ross (28), 76; Miss Finebury (26), 78. Putting competition—Miss Ryvenagh, 7; Miss Ross, 8. Miss Fry's competition, March 21—18 holes, bogey. Draw 11, 2, 3.30 o'clock.

MALAHIDE.—March monthly cup:—J. Murphy and L. Archbold tied with 70 nets.

ST. ANNE'S.—1925 Monthly Medal.—Final played on Sunday last won by J. O'Loughlin (19), 77. St. Patrick's Day Competition—Captain's Team v. Secretary's Team, 18 holes, match play. Resulted in a win for the Secretary's Team by 8 matches to 7 two matches being halved.

CASTLE.—Saturday, 22nd inst., monthly medal (strokes).

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GOLF SPECIALISTS.
GOLF CLUBS by Leading Makers.
CADDIES, BALLS, SHOES, Etc.,
All Accessories.
DUBLIN, CORK, LONDON. —(Advt.)

MOTOR CYCLING.

THE RAMBLERS.

Intending competitors in the open handicap hill climb to be held at Carrickmount on Saturday after noon next should remember that the wearing of approved pattern safety helmets is compulsory, and that no rider will be permitted under any consideration whatever to start in any event unless he is so equipped. Entries, which promise to be very numerous, should reach 45 Grafton street not later than 5 o'clock this evening, when the handicapping and final arrangements for the competition will be completed. The services of club members who may not be competing will be gratefully received by the Chief Marshall at the Hill.

CRICKET.

SCHOOLS' CUPS.

At a meeting of the Schools' Committee the following draws were made:—

"A" Division.	"B" Division.
Mountjoy School.	C.U.S.
King's Hospital.	St. Andrew's College.
Diocesan School.	Belvedere College.
Wesley College.	High School.
Sandford Park School.	Mount St. Benedict's.
Masonic School.	

All matches, except final, to be played by June 14th.

JUNIOR CUP.

Preliminary Round.
A—High School v. Mountjoy.
(B)—Sandford Park v. Wesley.
First Round.
(C)—St. Andrew's v. Belvedere.
(D)—Mount St. Benedict's v. Masonic.
(E)—C.U.S. v. Winners of A.
(F)—Winners of B v. King's Hospital.
Semi-finals.
(G)—Winners of C v. D.
(H)—Winners of E v. F.
Final.
—Winners of G v. H.
Preliminary and first rounds to be played before May 24; semi-finals by June 7.

BILLIARDS.

SMITH v. INMAN.

Play was continued yesterday at Piccadilly. Smith's breaks included one of 402. Closing scores:—Smith, 4,001; Inman (rec. 1,500), 3,315.

REECE v. NEWMAN.

Continued yesterday at Leicester square, London. Closing scores:—Reece (rec. 1,500), 8,126; Newman, 3,504.

SELECTIONS FOR TO-DAY'S SANDOWN MEETING

| PAPER. | 1.45 RACE. | 2.15 RACE. | 2.45 RACE. | 3

FINANCIAL NEWS AND NOTES.

IRISH STOCK EXCHANGES.

DUBLIN.

NATIONAL LOAN FIRM. BREWERIES NEGLECTED. BOLANDS STEADY.

There was a shrinkage in the volume of dealing on 'Change yesterday, and the balance of price movements was adverse. Government National 5 p.c. Sterling Loan held firm, with the ex coupon issue better. Dulness was again shown for British Funds, but War Loan 5 p.c. finally closed harder. Banks were entirely neglected. Breweries and Distilleries scarcely moved, but Guinness Pref. were dull. Grand Canal Ord. fell back on sale of an odd lot. Further selling pressure was shown for Marconi Shares, on general dissatisfaction at absence of official intimation regarding interim dividends, now three months overdue. Home Rails were irregular. Great Northern issues gave way, but the demand for Great Southern and Western Stocks was continued and further gains established. Dublin United Tram-Shares were sellers for choice, but the 3½ p.c. Debs. of the company were still bid for. Parent Tyres Pref. recovered the previous day's few pence decline. Alliance Gas again hardened. Bolands were maintained at the previous day's reduced level. Textiles varied, and Imperial Tobaccos closed firm.

Government National Loan was slightly harder. The fully-paid on application repeated 97½, the Deed Stock rose ¼ to 97½, and the ex coupon scrip ¼ to 93⅞.

In British Funds, War Loan 5 p.c. rose ⅛ to 101¼ ⅞, but Conversion 3½ p.c. fell ¼ to 75, and Irish Land 3 p.c. ⅛ to 62½, while Consols repeated 55. "Matured" Land Stock 57½, and Victory Bonds 91¼.

In Breweries and Distilleries, Guinness Pref. fell ¼ to 11¼, but the Ord. repeated 39½, and Dublin Distillers Ord. 23s.

Grand Canal Ord. fell 3s. 6d. to 42s. 6d. Marconi opened 1s. lower at 33s., fell to 32s. 7½d., and then rallied to 33s. for odd lots.

Home Rails fluctuated somewhat. Great Southern and Western rose ½ to 50½, the Guaranteed 2 to 65, and the Debs. 1 to 73; but Great Northern Ord. fell 1 to 64, and the Guaranteed 1 to 64 also. Midland Great Western 4 p.c. Pref. rose ½ to 51 x.d., while the 5 p.c. Pref. repeated 63½ x.d., the 4 p.c. Debs. 68, and the 4½ p.c. Debs. 70.

In Tramways, Dublin United Ord. fell ⅛ to 7, and the Pref. ⅛ to 9¾, after opening at 9¾, but the 3½ p.c. "A" Debs. rose ½ to 60, and the "B" Debs. 1 to 70.

Parent Tyre Pref. rose 4½d. to 12s. 4½d. for a few shares.

In Bakery Shares, Bolands Ord. repeated 47s. 6d.; and in Drapery Shares, Pim Bros. Ord. rose 1s. to 74s.

Among Manufacturing Shares, Coats Ord. were a shade harder at 60s. 10½d.-61s., and Cottons rose 6d. to 49s. 9d.-50s.; but Bleachers fell 1s. 3d. to 47s. 6d., and Spinners 10½d. to 45s. 9d. British-American Tobacco fell 6d. to 102s., but Imperials rose 6d. to 68s. 9d. Lever Bros. 7 p.c. Pref. rose 1½d. to 20s. 7½d., but the 8 p.c. repeated 20s. 9d. Courtaulds were easier at 61s. 1½d.

In Trading, etc., Shares, Burke Ord. fell 1s. 10½d. to 70s. 6d., but the Pref. rose 6d. to 76s. H. Williams and Co. rose a further 2s. 6d. to 62s. 6d. x.d. Dublin Artisans' Dwellings closed ⅛ higher at 5⅞ to 6 nominally. Merchants' Warehousing Shares repeated 27s.

BUSINESS DONE AT ALL SESSIONS.

Transactions for cash marked .c."

National Loan (97½)	97½	Dublin Trams. (7¾)	7
Do. Deed (97)	97½	Do. Pref.... (9½)	9½ x
Do. Instalment (95½)	95⅜ x.c.	Do. A Deb.... (68½)	69
Consols (55)	55	Do. B Deb.... (69)	70
5% War Loan (101¼)	101¼ x	Parent Pref. (12½)	12/4d.
Victory Bonds. (91⅜)	91⅞	Pim Pref. (73½)	4/7d. x.d.
Conver. Loan.... (75¼)	76	Bleachers .... (48/9)	47/6
5½% Exch. Bonds.	#10/6	Coats .... (60/10½)	60/10½ x.d.
War Bonds 1927....	105⅛	Do. Pref.... (11¾)	11¾
War Bonds 1928....	105½	Cottons. (49/6)	49/9 50/-
Guar. Ord.... (87½)	87½	Cottons. Debs. (61/6)	61/4
3½ Land Act.. (62½)	62½	Spinners.... (46/7½)	#45/9
Dublin Dist.... (23½)	23½	B.A.T. .... (102/6)	102/-
Guinness .... (39½)	39½	Do. Pref.... (11¾)	11¾
Grand Canal. (46½)	#42/6	Lever 7% .... (20/6)	20/7½
Marconi .... (34½)	33/-	Do. 8% .... (20/9)	20/9
G.N. Ord.... (65)	64	Do. Pref.... (77½)	76/
Do. Guar.... (65)	64	Williams (H.). (60½)	62/6
G.S.W. Ord.... (50)	50½	Irish-American .... (20/3)	#20/3
Do. Guar.... (x.d.)	65	Dublin Art. Dwellings .... (6¾)	6¾ ex
Do. Deb.... (72½)	73		
M.G.W. 5% Pref. (63¾)	63⅝		
Do. 4% Pref. (60½)	61	Mer. Wrehsg. (27/)	#27/-
Do. 4½% Deb.... (69)	68		
Do. 4½% Deb.... (70)	70		

#Odd lot: b bid, a asked.

(Last business done given in parentheses).

IRISH BANK RATE.

Discount	5 p.c. 5th July, 1923.
Deposit	2 p.c. 5th July, 1923.

STOCK EXCHANGE SETTLEMENTS.

Mining contango day	March 31
General contango day	April 1
Ticket day	April 2
Account day	March 20 April 3

BELFAST.

The Exchange was moderately active yesterday, and prices maintained strength. War Loan closed at 101⅛, Funding Loan 87½, Conversion Loan 75⅝, Midland Bank 5⅛, Belfast and Co. Down Rly. 4 p.c. Debs. 70½, Great Northern Rly. Stock 64½, and the 4 p.c. Pref. 51; Coats Ord. 61s. Robertson, Ledlie and Ferguson improved ⅛ to 6⅛. Milligens repeated 8s. British-American Tobacco Ord. declined 6d. to 102s. 6d. Imperial Tobacco firm at 68s. 7½d.; Dunlop Rubber 8s., Lever Bros. 8 p.c. Pref. 20s. 9d., Vickers tax free Pref. 17s.

PROVINCIAL EXCHANGES.

BIRMINGHAM.—Motors not so strong; Singers relapsed; Standards and Rolls Royce lower; Austin Debentures drooping; Stevens buoyant again, 28/10½. Austins, 2½ p.c. Debs., 70; Stevens, 37/3; Calthorpes, 4/9; S.T.D., 5/-; Enfields, 23/-; Humber, 28/-; Rolls, 29/3; Rovers, 14/6; Singers, 33/-; Standards, 66/6; Swifts, 8/3; Triumphs, 28/3; Vauxhalls, 7/-; Dunlops, 8/-; Parent Def., 23/1½; Harper Rear, 1/1½.

MANCHESTER.—Textiles still a rather unsettled market. Bleachers—47/-47/6; do. Pref., 20/9; Calicos, 35/6-35/9; do. Pref. 17/9-18/-; Overs, 66/-67/-; do. Pref., 20/-20/6; Cottons, 49/6-50/6; do. Pref., 16/6-16/9; Spinners, 44/6; do. Pref., 18/9-19/3; "Stubbers," 8/9-9/-; Coats, 60/6-61/6; Ship Canal, 7⅛-8; do. Pref., 8½-8¾; Velvets, 26/6-27/5.

FINANCIAL PARAGRAPHS.

The small recovery that has taken place in French Government Bonds following the violent advance in the value of the currency is evidence of the distrust felt at the maintenance of the improvement. Tuesday's quotation, 84.50, were 18¾ for the 4 p.c. and 22½ for the 5 p.c., whereas in December, when the franc was at the same figure, the respective quotations were 20 and 25.

A new and important development in connection with the scheme for remodying the French exchange position has now come to light. What has been done at the instigation of the French Government to squeeze the bears has the effect of creating a scarcity of francs. Relentlessly it has been decided that those who cannot deliver the francs at due date must be charged interest at 60 p.c. until they are in a position to complete the transaction. It is a drastic measure and the conception an unusual one. The effect for the time being will be to accelerate the movement in the franc; it can hardly be permanently operative or effective.

The transfer books of Benzole By-Products Preference Shares will be closed from 24th to 31st March, inclusive, for preparation of dividend warrants.

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UNITED STATES LINES

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Splendid United States Government Ships

Unsurpassed Table

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COMPANY NOTICES.

BENZOL AND BY-PRODUCTS, LIMITED.

The Transfer Books of Benzol and By-Products, Limited, will be Closed from the 24th to 31st March, 1924, inclusive, for the preparation of Preference Dividend Warrants.

By Order of the Board,

N. B. HOROWITZ, Secretary.

16 Grosvenor place, LONDON, S.W.1.

18th March, 1924.

LONDON STOCKS STILL DULL.

OILS A BETTER MARKET.

The Stock markets were extremely dull and idle yesterday, business being almost in most of the departments absent pending the conclusion of the settlement. The undertone was moderately firm, but there was little sign of activity anywhere, except in the Oil market, where further support was given to the leaders. In the gilt-edged market British Funds were unchanged. India 7 p.c. Loan fell 1 to 110 x.d.

In FOREIGN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES the feature was a fall of ¼ to 22 in French Fives, while German Threes rose ¼ to 1½. Chinese Fives of 1896 rose 1 to 95. Peruvian Corp. Pref. fell ¼ to 27½.

HOME RAILS were very quiet, the only changes being a rise of ¼ to 75½ x.d. in Metropolitans and a fall of 1 to 78 in London and North-Eastern First Pref.

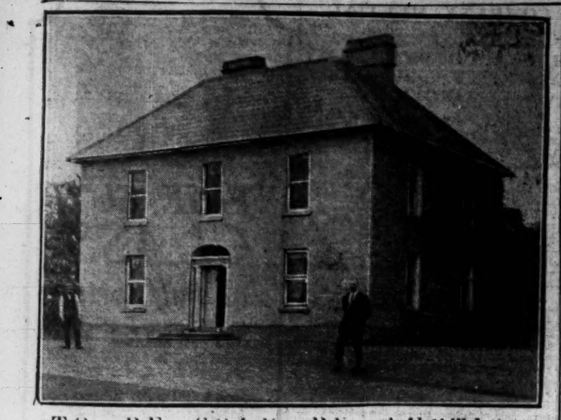
COLONIAL AND FOREIGN RAILS remained quiet, and changes were few. Leopoldinas fell 1 to 26, and United Havana 1 to 87½.

OIL SHARES IRREGULAR.

BUSINESS ON SMALL SIDE.

General business in Oil Shares yesterday remained small, and an irregular tendency prevailed throughout the day. Generally prices moved within narrow limits. International counters were subjected to moderate realisations on the part of Continental operators, who have been hardly hit by speculation in the franc. Royal Dutch gave way, and Shells were also easier. Paris came in a seller of Mexican Eagles, following the overnight's improvement, and, although operators in that centre turned small buyers later in the day, a small loss was finally recorded. Anglo-Persians and Burmahs left off slightly easier. An outstanding feature of strength was again provided by Lobitos, which created a new record. Anglo-Ecuadorians, which are an offshoot of the Lobitos, also continued to command a good deal of attention, and further advanced. Closing prices:—

M.U.		
March 19.		
50	Agwi Petroleum	⅝
4	Anglo-American	5⅛
2½	Anglo-Ecuadorian	2½
1¾	Anglo-Egyptian	1¾
23/0	Anglo-Persian 8 p.c.	27½ 26¾ 27½
23/3	Do. 8 p.c. 2nd Pref.	23/9 23/6
2/-	Do. Ord., issued 5½ p.c.	2/-
9½	Do. 5 p.c. Deb.	9½
2½	Apex Trinidad	2½
2/-	Attock	2/-
8/-	Brit. Borneo Pet. (10/-)	7½
9/9	British Burman (8/-)	8⅞
7¼	British Controlled	7¼
9/0	Do. Pref.	9/-
8/-	Burmah	8⅛
23/0	Do. 6 p.c. Pref.	23/-
2/0	Caltex	1⅞
11/6	Dacia Romano	11/-
4/3	Eagle Transport	4/3
2/-	Glenherrie	2/3
1/6	Golden Hope	1/6
1/-	Kern River	1/-
1/-	Kesar Para	1/-
1/-	Kastrinos	1/-
1/-	Kopiagalla	7½
4/3	Kombok	2½
1/-	Langkailum	1½
1/-	Lobitos	27/-
1/-	Malacca dob.	20½
1/-	Mexican Eagle	5/-
1/-	Mexican Panuco	1/-
1/-	Mexican Petroleum	1/-
1/-	Mexican Sovereign	1/-
1/-	Mexican Star	1/-
1/-	Mexican Tramways	1/-
1/-	Mexican Transandine	1/-
1/-	Mexican Union	1/-
1/-	Mexican Z. Pet.	1/-
1/-	Mexico Oil Corp.	1/-
1/-	Mexico Pacific	1/-
1/-	Mexico Petroleum	1/-
1/-	Mexico Southern	1/-
1/-	Mexico Tampico	1/-
1/-	Mexico Transcontinental	1/-
1/-	Mexico Tropical	1/-
1/-	Mexico Union	1/-
1/-	Mexico Z. Pet.	1/-
1/-	Mexico Zacatecas	1/-
1/-	Mexoleum	1/-
1/-	Mexpan	1/-
1/-	Mexpetrol	1/-
1/-	Mexpetrol Bearer	1/-
1/-	Mexpetrol Preferred	1/-
1/-	Mexpetrol Warrants	1/-
1/-	Mexsalt	1/-
1/-	Mexsalt Preferred	1/-
1/-	Mexsalt Warrants	1/-
1/-	Mexsulphur	1/-
1/-	Mexsulphur Preferred	1/-
1/-	Mexsulphur Warrants	1/-
1/-	Mextex	1/-
1/-	Mextex Preferred	1/-
1/-	Mextex Warrants	1/-
1/-	Mexvalley	1/-
1/-	Mexvalley Preferred	1/-
1/-	Mexvalley Warrants	1/-
1/-	Mexwest	1/-
1/-	Mexwest Preferred	1/-
1/-	Mexwest Warrants	1/-
1/-	Mexzinc	1/-
1/-	Mexzinc Preferred	1/-
1/-	Mexzinc Warrants	1/-
1/-	Mexzinc Warrants	1/-
1/-	Mexzinc Warrants



TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION
ON THE LANDS
ON MONDAY, MARCH 24TH, 1924, AT 2 O'CLOCK,
THAT MAGNIFICENT HOLDING, WITH GENTLEMAN'S RESIDENCE,
RIVERSDALE.

LOT 1.—Part of the Lands of KILLABEGS, containing together 112 acres 1 rood 32 perches, or thereabouts, Statute measure, with Dwellinghouse and Out-offices thereon, held in fee-simple, subject to a terminable Land Purchase annuity of £45 19/6, third decade. The Poor Law Valuation is £91 10/- There are two Cottages on the Lands, occupied by caretakers, the Poor Law Valuation of each being 15/ This is one of the finest investments in Ireland, excellent land, ideally situated, splendid residence, most extensive, substantial out-offices, and all conveniences for a modern farm and gentleman's residence.

The Farm contains 112 acres of the best Grazing and Tillage Land in the County, and lies compactly bounded by the Slaney and its tributaries on three sides, and by the main road on the fourth. It is three miles from Enniscorthy and the same distance from Ferns. The Out-offices are large, roomy and well built, and form a rectangle round the spacious farm, and shut off completely from all interference. They include 6-horse stable, feeding house for 30 cattle, coach-house, piggeries, calf-house, hay barns, etc., many of the buildings having fine lofts. There is a pump in the yard, and a second water supply from the River Slaney, either of them adequate to the needs of the place. All outgoings paid to date.

The Residence is situate on an eminence overlooking the river, and commands an exquisite prospect of the well-wooded Slaney Valley. It is approached by a short avenue of fine trees, and is surrounded by full-grown plantations, which set it off as a most attractive home. The building itself is commodious, well planned, and in first-class repair, standing in its own lawns and gardens, with extensive greenhouses attached, and a never-failing supply of water. The Gardens contain well over 100 fruit trees That portion of the River Slaney bounding the Farm for about a mile is of wide repute as a salmon and trout fishing ground. There are numerous coverts drawn by two packs of foxhounds within easy reach. There is excellent shooting in the neighbourhood and on the lands. The lands are particularly well fenced, well timbered and watered, contain no waste, and are noted as being easily capable of finishing cattle. There are two substantial slated Workmen's Cottages belonging to the Farm. One is at present 5 acres ploughed for barley, 3 acres under winter oats, 1 acre potatoes, 4 acres ploughed for green crop, and 11 acres first crop meadow.

LOT II.—Part of the Lands of BALLYNAHALLIN, known as Ballynahallin Wood, containing 14 acres and 22 perches, held in fee-simple, free of rent, situate in the Barony of Scarawalsh, and County of Wexford. The Poor Law Valuation is £3 5/-. There is some splendid oak in this lot, and plenty of rough grazing.

THOMAS B. DUNBAR, Solicitor, Enniscorthy.

P. O'NEILL, SONS, & CO., LTD.,
AUCTIONEERS, ENNISCORTHY.

DOCKRELL LIMITED, M.I.A.A.

PROPERTY SALE TO-DAY (THURSDAY), 20TH MARCH, AT OUR PROPERTY SALEROOMS, AT 1.15 O'CLOCK.

27 BEREA TERRACE, RATHFARNHAM.

A Semi-detached, Modern, Non-basement HOUSE, in a most attractive position, with open country behind; tram passing the door, and within a few minutes' walk of 2 golf links. Two reception rooms, with folding doors, 3 bedrooms, maid's room, bath, bath, pantry, 2 w.c.'s, electric light; garage; good garden in front and rear. Head rent £5. Lease 999 years. The House can be seen only on order to view from the Auctioneers. Possession to purchaser

Messrs. SUTTON and CO., Solicitors, Dame street, Dublin.

33 CHERRYFIELD AVENUE, SANDFORD ROAD.

A neat Modern Style House, without basement, and within a few minutes' walk of tram line; 2 reception rooms, three bedrooms, maid's room, hot bath, kitchen and pantry. Possession to purchaser. Head rent £4 10/-. Lease 999 years. The House can be inspected on Order to View from the Auctioneers, between the hours of 2 o'clock and 4 o'clock, or by appointment.

Messrs. HUNTER and BURLAND, Solicitors, Dame street, Dublin.

20 BELGRAVE ROAD, RATHMINES.

A Terrace House in quiet convenient residential district, containing 2 reception, 3 bedrooms, maid's room, hot bath, kitchen, garden, electric light. Held for 900 years, subject to £3 7/6 per annum.

R. H. MORRIS, Esq., Solicitor, 33 Westland row.

DOCKRELL LIMITED, M.I.A.A.,
AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS,
SOUTH GREAT GEORGE'S STREET, DUBLIN.

SALE THIS DAY (THURSDAY).
IMPORTANT SALE BY AUCTION OF
30 BENT STEEL SAFES.

From 20 inches to 4ft. high, and made by the old-established firm of Samuel Withers and Co., Ltd., West Bromwich, who, owing to the continued depression in the Overseas trade, have instructed JAMES HILL and SON to SELL by PUBLIC AUCTION every one of which has been made direct from Messrs. Withers' Works), in JAMES HILL and SON'S SECOND AUCTION ROOMS, 9 BACHELOR'S WALK, on THIS DAY (THURSDAY), 20th INST. Sale at 1 o'clock. Purchasers to pay 5 per cent. Fees.

JAMES HILL & SON, M.I.A.A.,
AUCTIONEERS & VALUERS, 9 & 10 BACHELOR'S WALK.

ON VIEW TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY NEXT
SALE THURSDAY, 27TH MARCH, 1924,
OWING TO EXPIRATION OF LEASE,
MESSRS. JAMES HILL AND SON, M.I.A.A., WILL SELL BY AUCTION THE
CONTENTS OF THE CABINET FACTORY,
2 NORTH LOTTS, DUBLIN,

Comprising the following Machines:—Two Electric 6 h.p. Motors, with starters, complete; Circular, Band, Jig and Cross-cut Saws; 2 Planing Machines, Spindle, with dove-tail attachment, boring, power grindstone, etc., etc. The Stock comprises—Mahogany, Oak, Satin Walnut and other Timbers; Plywood, bone dry; Marble Slabs, Silver-d Plates, Handles, Locks, Screws, Castors, etc.; Bed Fittings; a number of Bedroom Suites under construction; number of Benches, Tools, Factory Clock, etc., etc.

Terms cash. Purchasers to pay 5 per cent. Fees.

JAMES HILL & SON, AUCTIONEERS 9 & 10 Bachelor's Walk.
AND VALUERS.

JAMES H. NORTH & CO.'S SALES.

TUESDAY NEXT, 25TH MARCH.
DALKEY.

A CHARMINGLY SITUATED DETACHED RESIDENCE, WITH POSSESSION TO PURCHASER.
SPRINGFIELD, COLIEMORE ROAD, DALKEY.

Occupying an enviable position, standing detached upon about 2 acres of ground, including tennis grounds, fruit and flower gardens, and long frontage to Coliemore road. HELD FOR EVER FREE OF RENT. The Residence, which occupies an elevated position overlooking Dalkey Sound, contains three reception rooms, five bedrooms, bathroom, hot and cold; servants' rooms, kitchen, pantry, scullery, etc., with lofted coach-house and stabling in enclosed yard; pleasure grounds, garden, greenhouse; Variety walking gas thoroughout.

Messrs. MURPHY and MALLINS, Solicitors, 23 Kildare street.

SALE TO-DAY (THURSDAY).
3 CASTLEWOOD PARK.
FURNITURE AND EFFECTS AND JEWELLERY.
SALE 12 O'CLOCK.

JAMES H. NORTH & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS & VALUERS, 110 GRAFTON STREET.

IMPORTANT FURNITURE AUCTION

TO-DAY AT 1 O'CLOCK,

Comprising—Seven Bedroom Suites, in mahogany, walnut and ash; eight 7-Piece and three 8-Piece Parlour and Drawingroom Suites; seven 3-Piece Chesterfield Suites, in moquette, stamped velvet, damask and tapestry coverings; several Mahogany Enclosed Sideboards, in sizes from 4ft to 6 feet; four large Mahogany and Walnut Wardrobes, with and without Mirror; five Mahogany and one Oak Screw Dining Tables, in sizes from 6 to 12 feet; Mahogany and Walnut Overmantels, Inlaid China Cabinets, Chiffoniers, and Bookcases, in great variety; Sheraton and Brass and Iron Beds and Bedding, along with a useful collection of Paintings, Pictures, and clean Kitchen Furniture, etc., etc.

CENTRAL AUCTIONEERING COMPANY,
19-20 BACHELOR'S WALK,
JAMES MULLINS, AUCTIONEER
(PROPRIETOR).

DUN LAOGHAIRE—9 EDEN PARK.
ANTIQUE AND SUPERIOR MODERN FURNITURE.
SALE BY AUCTION ON TUESDAY NEXT, 25th MARCH.

Of the high-class Furniture and Effects, including—Piano (upright Grand), by Pleyel Wolff and Cie, Paris; Sheraton Inlaid Cellarette Sideboard, fine old Mahogany Glazed Bookcase, Chippendale Escritoire Bookcase, Rosewood Table, with lofty glass over and pair Girandoles en suite; Overmantels, Mahogany Plate Buckets, Bronzes and Ormolu, Couches and Settees, Occasional Chairs, Inlaid Sutherland Tables, Chippendale Side and Carving Tables, Fourteen Walnut Chairs, Oil Paintings, Jardinier Stands, Window Hangings, Axminster Bordered Carpet, 24ft. x 16ft., and various others; Inlaid Rosewood Writing Table, Brass Curb Suites, Copper Coal Scuttle, Domingo Mahogany Dining Table, Chippendale Side and Carving Tables, Four-tier Whatnot, Mantel Clocks, Oil Paintings, Engravings, Sheffield and Electro Plated Ware, Mahogany and Walnut Dining Chairs, China Cabinets; All-Brass and Brass-mounted Bedsteads, Chippendale Inlaid Gent.'s Wardrobes, Mahogany Bedroom Suite, Ash and Satin Walnut Suites, Dressing Tables, Chest of Drawers, Grandfather Clock, in case with original brass dial (Richard Lawton); Axminster Stair Carpeting, Mahogany Hall Stand, Nelson Table, Carved Oak and Mahogany Tile-back Hall Chairs; Kitchen Furniture, Glass, China, old Belleek Dessert Services; Croquet Set, Tennis Net and Poles; Gas Pendants, etc.

Sale 12 o'clock. On View Monday.

TALBOT COALL & SON, AUCTIONEERS, DUN LAOGHAIRE

LAWLOR, BRISCOE & CO., LTD. (AUCTIONEERS).

ATTRACTIVE FURNITURE AUCTION. THIS DAY, AT 1.30 P.M., IN OUR SALEROOMS, 34 and 35 LOWER ORMOND QUAY, HIGH-CLASS HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIANOS, CARPETS, etc., comprising—7ft. Carved Mahogany Mirror-back Sideboard, 8ft. Pollard Oak and Walnut ditto, Inlaid Rosewood and Mahogany China Cabinets, with Overmantels to match; Mahogany Diningroom Chairs, in various coverings; Inlaid Mahogany Drawingroom Suite, covered in tapestry, plush; 3-Piece Chesterfield Suite, in best damask; Divan Chairs, Walnut Bookcase, Mahogany and Walnut Telescope Dining Tables, Gilt Overmantels, French Clock Set; Oil Paintings, Mahogany Loo Tables, GRANDFATHER CLOCKS, IN MAHOGANY AND OAK CASES; WESTMINSTER CHIMES; Chesterfield Settees, Plated Dish Covers, Plated Tea and Coffee Sets, Mahogany Writing Table, Walnut 8-Drawer Desk, Oak Roll-top Desks; Axminster and Tapestry Carpets and Rugs; 6ft. Burr Walnut Bedroom Suite, 4' 6" S. Walnut ditto, 7ft. Mahogany Half-hanging Wardrobe, 4ft. Mirror-door Wardrobes, Bedsteads and Bedding, Duchess Toilet Suite, Cheval Mirror, Chests of Drawers, Kitchen Furnishings, etc., etc.

'PHONE 155. LAWLOR, BRISCOE, & CO., LTD., M.I.A.A.,
AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS, 34 AND 35 LOWER ORMOND QUAY.

SUPERIOR DUBLIN-MADE FURNITURE AND PIANOS.
AUCTION TO-MORROW AT 29 BACHELOR'S WALK
COX'S AUCTION ROOMS, AT 12.30 O'CLOCK.

Comprising:—Goods removed from Beverly Smyth's Stores, the contents of 9 Casimir av., etc.—i.e., Chippendale and French Ormolu-mounted China Cabinets; Gilt, Walnut, and Chippendale-framed Overmantel Glasses; Music Cabinets, Coal Cabinets, Drawingroom Suites, Hair-stuffed Chesterfield and pair Lounge Arm Chairs, Hall Stands, Hall Chairs, Mahogany and Walnut lofty Glass-back Enclosed Sideboards, richly carved; Sets of Screw Dining Tables, 6, 8, 10 and 12 feet long; Mahogany and Walnut Oval and Round Tables, on pillar and claw; 4ft. and 5ft. Mahogany Cabinets, Dumb Waiter, Revolving Bookstands, several Sets of Mahogany-framed Dining Chairs, 6, 8 and 12 in each; Whatnots, small Mahogany Cabinets, Mahogany Carved-back Pedestal and Enclosed Sideboards, Brass Fenders, Fire Brasses, Decorative and other China; Pictures, Coloured Prints, Engravings; Occasional Drawingroom Tables and Chairs; Bedroom Furnishing, including two magnificent 6ft. Glass-door Mahogany Wardrobes, Mahogany Duchesse Dressing Tables, Marble-top Washstands, 6ft. Burr Walnut Suite, 5 pieces; 5ft. Burr Walnut Double Glass-door Wardrobe, Pine and Birch Glass-door Wardrobes; Inlaid Mahogany, Dark Walnut and Satin Walnut Suites, in sizes from 3ft. to 5ft.; Mahogany Chests of Drawers, Birch, Pine, and Stained Wood do.; Mahogany-framed Toilet Glasses, Bedside Pedestals, Furnished Commodes, Towel Rails, Combination Dressing Chest and Washstand; Single and Double Beds, with 4-ply Wires and Curled Hair Mattresses; Kitchen and Deal Furniture in variety, Dressers, Tables, Chairs; Pots, Pans and Saucepans; and a few Axminster and other Carpets. Goods on View. Auction commences at 12.30 o'clock.

JOHN H. COX, F.A.I., AUCTIONEER.

McMULLAN & CO.'S FURNITURE AUCTIONS,
EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY.

ON TO-MORROW (FRIDAY), COMMENCING AT 12.30 O'CLOCK,

WE will SELL BY AUCTION, an exceptionally large and varied collection of Superior ANTIQUE and MODERN HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND VALUABLE EFFECTS, including the Entire Contents of a County Dublin Mansion and the Furnishings of the Sinn Fein Bank, Harcourt street (per instructions of the Official Liquidator). Briefly comprising—Upright Iron-framed Pianos by eminent English and German makers; several luxuriously Upholstered Chesterfield Suites, in silk damask, French tapestries, and coloured hair cloth; Chesterfield Settees, Occasional Chairs, Inlaid Mahogany, Mahogany and Walnut China Cabinets, Occasional Tables, in inlaid mahogany, walnut and oak; Inlaid Mahogany and Mahogany Work Tables; Sheraton Bureau Bookcase, Sheraton Bureaux; MAGNIFICENT CHIPPENDALE DINING TABLE, BEAUTIFULLY CARVED, ON BALL AND CLAW FEET; Mahogany and Stained Bookcases, Oak Revolving Bookstand and complete Edition of Encyclopædia Britannica; Dumb Waiters, several Sets of Mahogany and Walnut Dining Chairs, Mahogany and Oak Dining Tables, Mahogany and Oak Falling-leaf Tables, Sheraton Sofa Table, Mahogany Cottage Sideboards, Mahogany Cabinets; VERY FINE CHIPPENDALE PATTERN SIDEBOARD, ON BALL AND CLAW FEET, and others in mahogany, carved oak and walnut, with mirrored and plain backs, various sizes and designs; Dining Suites, Mahogany and Walnut-framed Couches, in tapestry, leather and hair-cloth; Mahogany and Walnut-framed Arm Chairs, beautifully made 5ft. Inlaid Mahogany Bedroom Suite, seven other Bedroom Suites in dark and satin walnut, brass and enamelled, in Adam designs and sizes; Mahogany Mirrored-door Wardrobes, Stained Wardrobes and Linen Presses, Mahogany, Ash, and Stained Chests of Drawers, Dressing Tables, Washstands, Commodes, Overmantels, Wall Glasses, Convex Mirrors, Oak and Brass Stick Stands, All-Brass, Black and Brass and Inlaid Mahogany Bedsteads, Bedding; Silk, Tapestry, Damask, Plush and Lace Curtains, Curtain Poles; Dinner and Tea Services; Paintings, Engravings, Prints, Ornaments, Kerbs and Fenders, in oxydised silver, brass and copper; Rosewood, Mahogany, Walnut, Brass and Copper Coal Vases; Iron Safes, several Parlour Suites, Kitchen Furniture and Utensils, Linen, Bookcase, enclosed with glass doors; large Mahogany-top Counter, Mahogany Stand-up Desk, 36 Kitchen Chairs, Carpets, Rugs, Stair Carpeting, Stair Rods, and a quantity of Miscellaneous Effects. On View from noon to-day. Auction to-morrow (Friday) at 12.30 o'clock sharp.

'PHONE, 2337.

McMULLAN & CO., AUCTIONEERS,
30 BACHELOR'S WALK.

FURNITURE SALES,
277 NORTH CIRCULAR ROAD,
WEDNESDAY, MARCH 26TH, AT 12 O'CLOCK.

HAVING SOLD THE HOUSE, we are further instructed to SELL BY AUCTION on the Premises, on the above date, the Furniture and Effects, comprising as follows:—Carved Mahogany Pedestal Sideboard, with Mirror Back; Set of 6 Carved Mahogany Chairs in Leather, and Armchair; Mahogany Framed Sofa in Leather Cloth, Walnut Small Screw Dining Table, Mahogany Small Cabinet Sideboard with Mirror Back Overmantels, etc.; Oak Hall Furniture, Axminster Stair Carpet, Mahogany Bedroom Furniture, Bedsteads and Bedding, Kitchen Furniture and Utensils, Plated Ware Daisy Vacuum Cleaner and other Items.

On view morning of Sale, 10 to 12 o'clock. Terms: Cash and 5 per cent. Fees.

25 GREENMOUNT ROAD, TERENURE.
HIGH-CLASS FURNITURE AND EFFECTS.
PIANO AND REX PIANO PLAYER.
FRIDAY, MARCH 28TH, AT 12 O'CLOCK.

HAVING SOLD THE RESIDENCE, we are now instructed to SELL BY AUCTION, on the Premises, on the above date, the Entire Furniture and Effects, including—Ebonised Case Upright Iron Frame Piano, by Collard and Collard; Rex Piano Player, Mahogany-frame 9-Piece Suite in tapestry, by Pim Bros., Dublin; Ebonised and Gilt Overmantel, do. China Cabinet; Rosewood and Marble Occasional Tables, Walnut Overmantels, Silk Damask and Tapestry Curtains; Ornamental China and Glass Shades, Walnut Mirror-back Cabinet Sideboard, Mahogany Glass-door Bookcase, Economy and Screw Dining Tables, Set of 12 Mahogany Dining Chairs, in leather cloth; Brass Fire Furniture, Pictures, etc.; Brass and Brass and Iron Bedsteads and Bedding, Mahogany Break Front Mirror-door Wardrobe, Chests of Drawers, Toilet Tables and Wash Stands, Singer Treadle Sewing Machine, Kitchen Furniture and Utensils, Spring Mangle; Garden Chairs and Seats.

On View from 10 to 4 o'clock. Admission by ticket, 1/-. Terms—Cash and 5 per cent. Fees.

RATTERSBY & CO., AUCTIONEERS.

SALE THIS DAY AT
73 MIDDLE ABBEY STREET.
ATTRACTIVE LICENSED PREMISES, known as
"REILY'S," ASHBOURNE,
CO. MEATH.
Also PRIVATE DWELLING-HOUSE AND GRAZING OR TILLAGE FARM TO BE SOLD in 1 or 3 Lots.
Already fully advertised. Clear possession.

65 DAME STREET,
VALUABLE BUSINESS PREMISES.
Held for ever, subject to an annual rent of £63. 19.6. Already fully advertised. Clear possession will be given on Sale at 1 o'clock.

JAMES ALLEN & SON,
Auctioneers and Valuers,
73 MIDDLE ABBEY STREET.
'Phone—74.
Auctions Conducted in Town and Country.

SALES AND LETTINGS OF LAND, &c.,
BY
PATRICK O'CONNOR & SON,
LIMITED.

TO-MORROW (FRIDAY), 21st MARCH.
CLOGHRAN, SANTRY.—For the Official Assignee. Sale of Furniture, Farm, Produce and Effects, re M. Duff, a Bankrupt. Sale 12 o'clock.

NEXT MONDAY, 24th MARCH.
JOHNVILLE, TALLAGHT.—For T. Glynn, Esq.—Lot 1.—22 of 60 Acres Grazing, in divisions. Sale 12.30 o'clock.

NEXT THURSDAY, 27th MARCH.
SALE OF HOUSE and OUT-OFFICES, MAIN STREET, LUCAN.—For E. Montague, Esq.; 4 apartments, electric light, lawn and flower plots, tennis court, etc. Clear possession.—Messrs. BARRINGTON and SON, Solicitors, 10 Ely place.

SAME DAY.
SALE OF HOLDING, COLLEGELAND, RATHCOOLE.—For Reps. J. Donegan, deceased.; 10a. 2r. 30p., Statute, all in grass. Annuity £12 14/10.—A. LANE JOYNT, Esq., Solicitor, 4 St. Stephen's Green.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.
SALE OF FURNITURE, INDOOR AND OUTDOOR EFFECTS,
BALLYCOORUS, KILTERNAN.

PATRICK O'CONNOR and SON, LTD., having sold the Interest in the Farm, are further favoured with instructions from J. A. Sutton, Esq., to SELL BY AUCTION, on NEXT WEDNESDAY, 26th March, all the above, full particulars of which will duly appear.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.
IMPORTANT EXECUTOR'S SALE OF CATTLE, HORSES, FARMING IMPLEMENTS AND POTATOES, FARMING IMPLEMENTS and EFFECTS,
GREAT FOREST, SWORDS.

PATRICK O'CONNOR and SON, LTD., are favoured with instructions from the Executor of the late R. H. Heyd, Esq., to SELL BY AUCTION, on FRIDAY, 28th March, on the Lands, all the above, full details of which will appear in later announcements.

GRAZING TO LET NEAR THE CITY.

NORTH SIDE—25 Acres, St. Margaret's; 19 Acres, Hollywoodrath; 12, 20 and 30 Acres, Raheny; 38, 9 and 5 Acres (Statute), Clonliffe; 66 Acres, The Ward.
SOUTH SIDE—25 and 40 Acres, Inchicore; 9 Acres, Merrion; 16, 11 and 8 Acres, Rathfarnham; 5 Acres, Templeogue; 3 and 4 Acres, Kimmage; 20, 15, and 15 Acres, Dundrum; 150 Acres, in divisions, Saggart; 24, 17 and 16 Acres, Rathcooley; 23 and 35 Acres, Clondalkin; 12 Acres, Oldtown.
For particulars apply to
PATRICK O'CONNOR & SON,
LTD., M.I.A.A.,
Auctioneers, Valuers, and Salesmen,
49 QUEEN STREET, DUBLIN.

COOLENOWLE, ARLES, QUEEN'S CO.
VALUABLE GRAZING FARM.
WITH COMPACT RESIDENCE AND EXCELLENT OUT-OFFICES, FOR SALE.

ROBERT BELL has been instructed by Mrs. Ellen Furcell
TO SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION
On MONDAY, MARCH 24th, 1924,
At 12 o'clock,
At the Auctioneer's Office, College street, Carlow, unless previously Sold.

The Interest in her Farm, situated as above, containing 171a. 1r. 34p., Statute, held in Fee-simple, subject to a rent reviewable in 1933, payable to the Irish Land Commission.
P.L.V. £178 17/- on land and £7 3/- on other hereditaments.

This fine feeding farm is all under grass of finest quality, carrying about 1 acre (Irish) under tillage, well fenced and sheltered, with abundant water for all seasons

There is a choice compact Residence (approached by good avenue, with entrance lodge at entrance), containing dining, drawing and diningrooms, 5 bedrooms, and usual domestic offices. The out-offices are extensive—cattle house, 40 head; store cattle house, standing 6 or 10 horses, large barn, cattle and implement shed, piggeries and poultry house, good pump in kitchen yard.

The entire premises are in first class order, and require no outlay for repairs.

There are two Cottages on the lands—one with garden, let at 1/- per week to James Fahy, and the other at £1 per annum to Patrick Burke; and the lands will be sold subject to said tenancies.

The purchaser will be entitled to the growing crops and the purchaser will be entitled to portion of the proceeds of said letting, and possession of same and open consent.

All outgoings cleared to last gale day, and taxes to March 31st, 1924.

For further particulars, terms, and Conditions of Sale apply to

H. G. DONNELLY, Solicitor, Athy; or
ROBERT BELL, M.I.A.A.,
AUCTIONEER, CARLOW.

MOORETOWN HOUSE,
KILDARE.
IMPORTANT SALE OF MOST DESIRABLE RESIDENTIAL
GRAZING AND TILLAGE FARM,
Situate within 1¼ miles of the Town of Kildare.

DENIS BRENNAN and SON have been favoured with instructions from Mr. Thos. Hanley to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION,
On THURSDAY, MARCH 27th, 1924,
At 12 o'clock noon sharp,
At the COURTHOUSE, KILDARE,
All the Tenant-Right Interest and Goodwill in part of the Lands of Mooretown, containing 163a. 2r. 16p., or thereabouts, Statute measure, situate in the Barony of Ophaly, County of Kildare, purchased under the Ashbourne Land Act, 1887. Present annuity £82 10/4 (final period). Poor Law Valuation £117 10/-. Clear possession of the entire property will be given.

DESCRIPTIVE PARTICULARS.

Standing on the lands and situate on the edge of the County road there is a Two-storey medium-size Slated Farm Residence (7 apartments), with pleasure grounds and garden; commodious well enclosed yard at rear, with suitable out-offices. The buildings are all in perfect repair.

The Lands, which are of prime feeding quality, sound and healthy, with good water supply, fence and shelter throughout, are nicely cropped as follows:—21 acres ploughed lea, 9 acres manured for corn cropping, 3 acres potatoes, 4 acres turnips, 6 acres new seeds, 5 acres second-year seeds, balance in old pasture.

Mooretown is situate 1¼ miles from the town of Kildare, 2¼ miles from Monasterevan, 6 miles from Newbridge, 7 miles from Athy, and 8 miles from Portarlington.

For further particulars and Conditions of Sale apply to

A. W. GLOVER, Esq., Solicitor having Carriage of Sale, Kildare; and 20 Wicklow street, Dublin; or the AUCTIONEERS.

DENIS BRENNAN & SON,
M.I.A.A.,
Auctioneers, etc.
KILCULLEN, CO. KILDARE.

LUSK LIVE STOCK SALE,
MONDAY NEXT,
MARCH 24th, AT 12.30.

JAMES J. ROONEY & CO.,
Auctioneers and Valuers,
Cattle and Sheep Salesmen,
35 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.
'Phone—2420. Telegrams—"Auctions, Dublin."

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 2.)

HORSES, HARNESS, ETC.

A GOOD strong Mare, 14 off (trapper) for Sale, sound, quiet, drive or ride; bargain, £15. Shed, Fortfield Lodge, Terenure. 13 D

HORSES—10 Light and Heavy, handsome Pony, Fair Cobs—31 Thomas street. 15 D

HARNESS of every Description—Gig, Van, Farm and Cart; all Harness Repairs by expert workmen on the premises.—Box and Co., 58 James street.

STALLION Outfits, all colours.—Box and Co., 58 Dame street.

VEHICLES.

A1 Sir's, Mabbot lane, off Talbot street, Dublin—Tonneau Inside Cars from £28, complete. 16 F

A VERY superior Round Trap, all improvements, 14 hands. Palmer, Hill Court, Glenageary. 19 A

RUBBER Tyres all sizes, fitted at short notice.—The City Wheel Works, Ltd., Great Brunswick street, Dublin. T

CATTLE, LIVE STOCK.

BLACK Polled Angus Cow, just calved. Apply Baily, Saltrim Cottages, Clonsilla, Dunboyne. 19 A

GIANT Blue Bovarens, Bucks, adults; offers, exchange; pedigree. Address "Z 1202, Bovarens," this office.

SOWS, in young, for Sale; pedigree and others; also 3 Saltgreen Boars, 5 months.—Newell, Rockbarton, Rathfarnham. 10 X

DOGS.

A WINNING Smooth male Puppy, fully grown, cheap.—Hilliard, 33 Northumberland road. 18 F

BULLDOG, winner, full brother to Poor Pat, ideal pet, guard, grand specimen; £7.—Devlin, Forge, off Church avenue, Rathmines. 18 F

BEAUTIFUL Yorkshire Terrier Puppies, champion pedigree, reasonable.—Chesterville," Avondale road, Pitchfordstown.

FOR Sale, two Red Setter Pups, highly bred; sire by champion.—Hilliard, 33 Northumberland road.

FOR Sale, two Wire Hair Fox Terrier Puppies, second prize winners. Apply H. McDermott, Templeogue.

FOR Sale, Kerry Blue Dog, 10 months, real cheap.—159, Irish Times Branch Office, Baggot street bridge.

GOLDEN Retriever Pup, fine months old, for Sale. Apply Rushforth, Oakport, Boyle.

HAIRY Terrier Dog, for Sale, eight months, registered; good watch, affectionate companion, ever distemper.—142 Pembroke road.

TERRIER Bull Terrier Dog, six months, partly trained, grand specimen, registered, £7.—Mullany, 24 Cole road, Fairview.

SCALY Face Pom. Puppies, Females, champion pedigree, beauties. Address "Z 1201, Puppies," this office.

WANTED, Pure Bred Kerry Blue, good watch dog, or Puppy to train; state age, price, parentage.—Griffin, 13 Palmerston road, Rathmines.

PREMISES, LANDS, ETC.

CENTRAL Shop and large Basement to Let. Apply 12 Lr. Ormond quay.

GARAGE Wanted in the neighbourhood of Kenilworth square for small car.—R O 107, Irish Times Branch Office, Baggot street. 19 F

OFFICES, central, to Let. Apply 11-13 St. Andrew street.

OFFICE—Wanted, small Room, central position, about 30/- month.—K 1150, this office. 16 A

SPACIOUS Garage and Stabling, two 4ns lofts over, to Let; rent £1 per week.—Apply 31 Herbert street. 19 F

SPACIOUS Premises to Let, suitable Shop and stock-Rooms, very central; £250, free of rates.—K 1213, this office.

TWO Lot, North side, 3-Garage, plot of ground.—K 1155, this office. 19 F

McKEOWN, MacKEOGH & CO

THIS DAY'S SALES AT 4 HAYMARKET, AT 1.30 P.M.

COMPACT HOLDING,
Containing 37¼ Acres, or Thereabouts, With Neat Residence,
AT BASKIN, CLOUGHRAN,
For James Brady, Esq.

These Lands are within the Provisions of the Land Act of 1923, and the amount now payable in lieu of rent is £33 11/9 half-yearly. P.L.V. £53 15/-.

Messrs. J. H. WALSH and CO., Solicitors, 1 Lower Ormond quay, Dublin. 'Phone 334.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE (late John Doran, Esq.),
CLONDALKIN, CO. DUBLIN.
3 COMPACT HOLDINGS.

(a) 8a. 3r. 5p., held in fee-simple. Terminable L.L.C. annuity of £3 16/10. P.L.V. £7 5/-.

(b) 1a. 3r. 30p., held in fee-simple. L.L.C. annuity, £2 12/8 P.L.V., £2 10/-.

(c) 11a. 1r. 21p., held as yearly tenancy, subject to a rental of £24 6/-, reducible to £13 4/6 under the Provisions of the recent Land Act. P.L.V., £15 10/-.

There is a compact Residence and good Out-offices on the Holding, which is very conveniently situated, being only four miles distant from the city. It will be Sold in one Lot, and adjoins the public road leading from Dublin to Naas.

Solicitor—J. J. EARLY, Esq., 16 Henry street, Dublin. 'Phone 4770.

IMPORTANT SALE OF
DAIRY AND STORE CATTLE.
BALLYFERMOT HOUSE, INCHICORE, DUBLIN.

WE have received instructions from James Fottrell, Esq., to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, on the LANDS as above, on WEDNESDAY NEXT, 26th MARCH, 1924, at 12 o'clock noon, the following valuable Stock:—

3 3-year-old Bullocks, 2 2½-year-old Bullocks, 2 2½-year-old Heifers, 10 2-year-old Bullocks and Heifers, 3 1½-year-old Bullocks, 7 Yearlings, 17 splendid Springers, 3 fat Cows, 11 excellent Milch Cows, in full milk; Shorthorn Bull, 2 years old; Milk Float, practically new; Milk Churns; Cob, 3 good Farm Horses.

ADMINISTRATRIX SALE.
KILBARRACK LODGE,
SUTTON, CO. DUBLIN.
Hugh McGoldrick, Deceased.

WE have received instructions TO SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, in OUR SALEROOMS, 4 HAYMARKET, DUBLIN, on THURSDAY NEXT, 27th MARCH, 1924, at 1.30 p.m., the above valuable Holding, containing 6¼ Acres, or thereabouts, subject to a judicial rent of £54 15/6, reducible to £34 11/6 under the Provisions of the recent Land Act. P.L.V., £80. There is a substantial 2-storeyed Residence on the Holding. Fuller particulars in future issues.

THOMAS EARLY, Esq., Solicitor, 16 Henry street, Dublin. 'Phone 3121.

COMPACT SMALL FARM.
BALLYFERMOTT, INCHICORE, CO. DUBLIN.

WE have received Instructions from Charles Byrne, Esq., to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, in OUR SALEROOMS, 4 HAYMARKET, DUBLIN, on THURSDAY NEXT, MARCH 27th, 1924, at 1.30 p.m., his Small Compact Holding, situated as above, and containing 14¾ Acres splendid Grazing or Tillage lands. Annuity, £28. Residence, 5 apartments; also Slated Cottage, 2 apartments; well stocked garden. Conveniently situated, 45 minutes' walk from Dublin, 10 minutes from Chapelized, 15 minutes from Inchicore tramway. Fuller particulars later.

Solicitor—J. McDONALD, Esq., 116 Grafton street, Dublin. 'Phone 34.

SALE OF SPLENDID FARM.
EASTON HOUSE, LEIXLIP, CO. DUBLIN.

WE have been favoured with instructions from Mrs. Martin to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, in OUR SALEROOMS, 4 HAYMARKET, DUBLIN, on THURSDAY NEXT, MARCH 27th, 1924, at 1.30 p.m., All the Interest and Goodwill in her Valuable Farm, situated as above, and containing 122 Acres, or thereabouts, subject to the low terminable annuity of £94 to I.L.C. P.L.V., £109. The residence and out-offices are in keeping with the size of the holding. Fuller particulars later.

Solicitor—MR. L. HEARN, Esq., 24 Upper Ormond quay, Dublin. 'Phone 1085.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.
SALE OF COMPACT FARM,
DRYNAM, SWORDS, CO. DUBLIN.

WE have received instructions from George McMahon, Esq., to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, in OUR SALEROOMS, 4 HAYMARKET, DUBLIN, on THURSDAY, 10th APRIL, 1924, at 1.30 o'clock p.m., All the Interest and Goodwill in his Compact Holding, situated as above, and containing 34a. 2r. 30p., or thereabouts, with neat Residence and Out-offices thereon, subject to an annuity of £24 14/2 to the I.L.C. P.L.V., £35. Fuller particulars in future issues.

Miss HELENA M. EARLY, Solicitor, 16 Henry street, Dublin. 'Phone 3121.

GRAZING LANDS.

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